

2022 ACFR

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

> County of Monroe, New York

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022



Adam J. Bello County Executive

Robert Franklin
Chief Financial Officer

Jennifer Cesario
Controller

monroecounty.gov

County of Monroe, New York Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Prepared by Department of Finance Office of the Controller



Robert Franklin Chief Financial Officer

> Jennifer Cesario Controller

Christopher Kovacic Deputy Controller

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section contains the following:

- LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
- GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT
- ORGANIZATIONAL CHART
- COUNTY EXECUTIVE'S OFFICE
- ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS
- LEGISLATIVE LEADERSHIP AND STAFF
- LEGISLATORS
- COUNTY DEPARTMENTS



Department of Finance

Monroe County, New York

Adam J. Bello
County Executive

Robert Franklin Chief Financial Officer

May 24, 2023

Taxpayers of Monroe County, Honorable County Executive, Members of the Monroe County Legislature, and Employees of Monroe County

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the County of Monroe, State of New York (the County) for the year ended December 31, 2022, in accordance with the requirements of Article VI, Section C6-5C(2)(d)[1] of the County Charter. This report has been compiled and prepared by the Department of Finance, which assumes full responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the financial data contained herein. We believe the information presented in this report fairly portrays the County's financial position and results of operations for 2022.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Pursuant to Article VI, Section C2-6C(11) of the Monroe County Charter, the basic financial statements of the County are independently audited each year by an independent Certified Public Accounting firm. Bonadio & Co., LLP has completed the independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2022 using auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The audited financial statements are included in the <u>Financial Section</u> of this report in its entirety and without edit.

On an annual basis we strive to achieve an unmodified opinion (commonly referred to as a clean opinion) for the audited financial statements, which is the highest level of assurance that can be given by an independent auditor. Our independent auditors have issued an unmodified opinion, stating that the basic financial statements, "present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America."

The County is also required to undergo an annual audit in conformance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act (as amended) and the United States Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this audit (including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards; summary of findings and questioned costs; the Independent Auditor's Report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and a report on compliance for each major

program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance) is not provided in this report. This information is presented as a separate report.

PROFILE OF MONROE COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Location

Monroe County is located in western New York State on the south shore of Lake Ontario, approximately 70 miles east of the Buffalo/Niagara Falls area. The County is the northernmost portion of the Genesee River valley and contains one city, 19 towns and 10 villages. The City of Rochester is the County seat and New York State's third largest industrial and commercial center next to New York City and Buffalo. The area is accessible via the Frederick Douglass Greater Rochester International Airport, CSX and Genesee & Wyoming, Inc. railroads, Amtrak, the New York State Thruway, the St. Lawrence Seaway, and the New York State Erie Canal System. Monroe County is within 400 miles of many major metropolitan areas such as New York City, Toronto, Boston, and Washington, D.C.

Government Structure and Reporting Entity

The County Executive is the Chief Executive Officer and the administrative head of the County with authority to approve or veto any local law, legalizing act, or resolution adopted by the County Legislature. The County Executive is elected in a general county-wide election to serve a four-year term. The County is divided into twenty-nine legislative districts with an elected legislator representing each district in the County Legislature. County Legislators may serve for two four-year terms and one two-year term during a ten-year cycle. The County Legislature is the legislative, appropriating, and governing body of the County.

The County's reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board as discussed in Note 1 to the Basic Financial Statements. The County reports the following: governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented and blended component units, general fund, capital projects, aggregate non-major governmental funds, five major enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds. The County's component units include Monroe Community College, Monroe County Airport Authority, Monroe County Water Authority, County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency, and Monroe Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation.

The County provides its residents with diverse services and programs, including human services, public safety, public and mental health, wastewater management, public works, economic development, and cultural, educational, and recreational programs. Public facilities are also available and include an expansive parks system (with historical Olmstead designed parks), county run golf courses (with a Robert Trent Jones designed course), an AZA-accredited zoo, the Frederick Douglass Greater Rochester International Airport (ROC), Monroe Community Hospital, and Monroe Community College.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Frederick Douglass-Greater Rochester International Airport (ROC)

Total scheduled passenger boardings, or enplanements, continued their climb during 2022 to within 90% of pre-pandemic levels. As reservations and boardings improved, the airlines serving Rochester added flights

back into the Rochester market and expanded their flight schedule with inaugural flights to new destinations, including:

- Spirit Airlines initiated service from Rochester in October 2022 with a daily nonstop flight to Orlando.
- Delta Airlines began daily nonstop service to Boston in November 2022.
- Frontier Airlines offered Florida service throughout the year to Fort Lauderdale, Orlando, and Tampa, and inaugurated nonstop service to Denver, Colorado in May of 2022.
- Southwest Airlines also increased its services to Florida during the winter months of 2022, with nonstop flights to Orlando, Tampa, and weekend nonstop flights to Ft. Myers.
- JetBlue Airways resumed its non-stop service from ROC to Boston Logan International (BOS) in February of 2022.
- American Airlines continued to offer service to Miami with weekly nonstop flights throughout the summer as well as during the winter months.

American Rescue Plan

The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law on March 11, 2021. Monroe County received an allocation of \$144 million for emergency relief and recovery from the COVID pandemic. Early in 2022 Monroe County launched a robust effort to collect public and community stakeholder feedback for input into how best to invest the \$144 million. Bring Monroe Back is Monroe County's Recovery Agenda which focuses on six key areas: Public Safety, Public Health and Wellness, Economic Recovery, Workforce Development, Infrastructure Improvements, and Sustainability. Also in 2022 Monroe County issued Request for Proposals encouraging long-term, transformative change and collaboration to strengthen our community as we move forward from the COVID-19 pandemic. The County received over three hundred proposals and ultimately awarded twenty-eight, amounting to \$71.6M, in the first round of funding.

Internal applications from County departments were also solicited and accepted with another 12 projects approved, for a total of \$28.3M.

Seneca Park Zoo

First announced in County Executive Adam Bello's State of the County address on May 13, 2022, Monroe County has proposed a \$121 million dollar expansion and upgrade to the Seneca Park Zoo. Plans include a new front entry complex and conference center and a tropics complex with new species and habitats introduced. In addition, an indoor rain forest and a 220,000 gallon aquarium with at least two species of shark will be built. Funding for this project includes \$42.5 million from New York State. Also, in July 2022 the Trailside Café had its grand opening. The Café features indoor dining spaces and is home to the zoo's in-house catering kitchen.

Go Outside Monroe - Parks Revitalization Initiative

Initially announced as a \$7.4 million dollar update to Monroe County Parks in 2021, this initiative continued in 2022 with an additional commitment of \$9.4 million in cash capital. Parks revitalization projects include golf course improvements at the County's three golf courses, new playground at Powder Mills Park, restoration of Kanatota Lodge in Webster, synthetic ice rink, a spray park, new ADA playground and

renovation of the Dentzel Carousel at Ontario Beach Park, pickleball courts at Black Creek and Mendon Ponds Park, and an ADA accessible canoe/kayak launch at Churchville Park.

ECONOMIC PROFILE AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

A business-friendly infrastructure, a community centered on partnership and collaboration, nationally ranked colleges and universities, four-season weather, short commutes, and affordable housing are just a few of the many reasons people locate in Monroe County.

Monroe County is one of the least congested areas in the region with the City of Rochester offering a commute of 20.4 minutes, according to a 2019 American Community Survey 5-year estimates. Multi-modal transportation is also available in Monroe County at the ROC, which averages 106 flights per day to 18 different cities. Rail service is available through Amtrak and Rochester-Genesee Regional Transportation Authority (RGRTA) provides bus service.

A strong industrial history, emerging technology sector, and an emphasis on high quality services, including higher education, ensure a technically sophisticated and reliable workforce.

Seven exceptional colleges and universities provide quality educational opportunities for students from throughout the Greater Rochester area, New York State, the nation, and the world. Area universities continue to be a driving force in the area's economic success. With more than 26,000 employees, The University of Rochester Medical Center is the largest component of the University of Rochester, and is the largest private sector employer based in Upstate New York and the sixth largest employer in the state. The direct and spillover impact of the University's employee wages and spending, purchases, capital investments, and visitor and student spending, generate approximately 56,000 jobs across Upstate New York.

Along with the University of Rochester/Strong Medical Center, the County is home to Wegmans Food Markets, L3Harris Technologies, Rochester Institute of Technology, Xerox and Paychex, as well as nearly 17,000 businesses with less than 100 employees.

<u>Population and Employment</u> – The County has a population of approximately 752,035 (US Census Bureau Quick Facts) as of July 2022, and is the central county in the Rochester Metropolitan Area which has a population of approximately 1,081,152 according to the U.S. Census Bureau (2022 estimate). In Monroe County, the labor force averaged 365,200 for calendar year 2022, with its economy drawing from a regional labor force of 523,800 (NYS DOL). Employment rose in both the County and the region, making gains of 3.2% and 2.9%, respectively, for the year (NYS DOL). As of December 2022, NYS DOL reported the unemployment rate in Rochester at 4.5% and Monroe County at 3.1%.

<u>Industry Sectors</u> – Monroe County has a large, high-end manufacturing business base. There are more than 1,500 manufacturers in the Greater Rochester, NY region, and this sector represents over 12% of the local workforce. Greater Rochester's manufacturing base is primarily in high tech precision, with its largest employment sectors being machinery, computer & electronic products, printing equipment, and transportation equipment. An additional significant force in the region's manufacturing base comes from food and beverage manufacturing (NYS DOL Q3 2021). The leading manufacturing employers in the region manufacturing employers in the region are The Gleason Works, Alliance Precision Plastics and Lexington Machining.

Imaging history is unparalleled as the birthplace of Eastman Kodak Company, Xerox Corporation, and Bausch+Lomb. Today, Rochester is home to more than 120 leading businesses focused on optics, photonics, and imaging. Rochester's optics industry is diverse, including expertise in biophotonics, digital imaging, vision science, semiconductors, precision optics, lasers, and aerospace and defense applications. Approximately 17,000 people are employed in Rochester in the optics industry. In fact, roughly 60 percent of all optics degrees conferred in the US are conferred in the area's higher-education institutions.

With numerous life sciences companies and extensive research and development resources available in the Rochester area, including the University of Rochester's Medical Center and its Clinical and Translational Sciences Institute, discoveries can be readily advanced from the lab into new treatments and cures. Leveraging the capabilities and expertise among many precision manufacturers, software development firms, and research institutions, a diverse and highly skilled technical and engineering environment is readily available to collaborate in the development, prototyping, and commercialization of medical devices, biotech products, and healthcare IT applications.

Software, game design, and IT solutions companies represent a large sector of start-ups as well as larger companies in the Greater Rochester, NY region. These software companies support the development of solutions that enable device management, management of health information, and expense optimization software for telecommunication applications. Numerous IT solutions companies provide managed services, consulting, system integration, and software development services.

<u>Housing</u> — Homeownership is affordable in Monroe County, with a variety of urban and suburban neighborhoods which offer an array of housing options. Rochester was named number 6 on Forbes list of *10 most affordable cities to buy a home*. Additionally, last year, writes Forbes, the Rochester housing market saw the biggest rise in return on investment for sellers in the country. Forbes Advisor looked at 100 metro areas with a population of at least 100,000 to identify the top 10 most affordable cities for homebuyers in 2020, considering several factors to gauge affordability, including the median income of that city, average home costs and median real estate taxes. Forbes further wrote that Rochester has also been on the radar of many housing experts as people leave New York City for more space and lower housing costs. According to the National Association of Realtors, Monroe County averaged a median home price of \$199,056 during the fourth quarter of 2022, well below both New York State and national averages.

Significant Community Announcements

Monroe County works in partnership with the County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency, Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, Greater Rochester Enterprise, Greater Rochester Chamber of Commerce, RochesterWorks! and Monroe Community College's Applied Technologies Center. During 2022, many projects involved significant investment, renovations and upgrades to existing commercial stock for manufacturing, housing and services. The following are some examples:

<u>Coca-Cola Company</u> announced plans to build a fairlife® production facility. This \$650 million project will create a 745,000 square-foot facility to manufacture a range of products including fairlife®ultra-filitered milk, Core Power® protein shakes, and fairlife® Nutrition Plan® meal replacement shakes. The project will create up to 250 new jobs and expects to be operational by the 4th quarter of 2025.

<u>Li-Cycle North America Hub, Inc.</u> is constructing a new manufacturing operation in the Town of Greece to process black mass concentrate, an intermediate product generated from the recycling of lithium-ion batteries. The \$533 million project is projected to create 227 new FTEs. This project works in conjunction

with the associated \$80 million warehouse facility being built adjacent to this facility, and is expected to create 11 new FTEs. Monroe County is already home to a Spoke 2 processing plant that processes approximately 5,000 metric tons of end-of-life lithium-ion batteries per year.

<u>CooperVision Inc.</u> is a leading manufacturer of contact lenses with manufacturing and distribution facilities in multiple countries. CooperVision Inc. is renovating and expanding their existing facility in Scottsville to accommodate growth in its Biofinity product line. The \$23.5 million project will renovate approximately 5,500 square feet and add approximately 7,000 square feet to its existing space. CooperVision Inc. plans to create 100 new FTEs in addition to its existing 158 FTEs.

<u>CooperVision Inc</u> is also expanding its location in the Town of Henrietta, which is used for packaging and distribution of contact lenses. The \$20 million project includes adding an additional 153,600 square feet and renovating the existing 241,000 square feet facility. CooperVision plans to create 73 new FTEs in addition to the existing 537 FTEs.

<u>Alliance Precision</u> designs and builds injection mold tooling and parts for a number of different industries including medical products, industrial tools, consumer durables, and business office machines. Alliance Precision is expanding and renovating a facility in the Town of Greece. This renovation will add nearly 25,000 square feet to the existing building. The \$6.2 million project is projected to create 35 new FTEs in addition to the 220 existing jobs.

<u>JD & Sons, Inc</u>. is a wholesale seafood processing company constructing a new 28,000 square feet building in the Town of Chili. The almost \$6 million new building will allow for continued growth while maintaining the original location. JD & Sons plans to create 13 new FTEs in addition to its existing 60 FTEs in Monroe County.

<u>Micropen Technologies Corp.</u> is constructing an approximately 9,200 square feet addition to its existing 40,000 square feet facility in the Village of Honeoye Falls, Town of Mendon. Micropen technologies is engaged in the printed electronics sector. The company utilizes a proprietary printing system to design, develop, manufacture and sell electrical devices and components. Targeted industries include medical, industrial, defense and aerospace markets. This expansion will include clean room space and office space. This \$4 million project is projected to create 10 new FTEs in addition to its existing 97 FTEs.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Policies and Practices

<u>Internal Controls</u> — The County Administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls capable of ensuring that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for basic financial statement preparation in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgment by management. The County's internal controls are monitored and evaluated by the Department of Finance, specifically the Office of the Controller and Internal Audit. As part of this effort, an annual internal auditing program to review and evaluate the

adequacy and effectiveness of the County's internal controls is presented to an audit committee of the Legislature each April, with subsequent outcomes reported in the following October and April.

<u>Budgetary Controls</u> – The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the operating budget as approved annually by the County Legislature. Control is exercised over expenditures at the commitment item class level for all departments. Activities in the governmental funds are funded and controlled through the annual operating budget. The County also maintains expenditure control via an encumbrance accounting system that provides that unencumbered, unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless explicitly reappropriated by the County Legislature. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation for expenditure in the ensuing year. The Office of Management and Budget has the authority to transfer budget amounts of \$10,000 or less between departments within the same fund. The following funds have annually adopted budgets: General, Road, Library and Debt Service.

<u>Capital Improvement Plan</u> – Capital projects are planned for in a six-year Capital Improvement Program. This program is updated annually with its first year becoming the County's Proposed Capital Budget for that year. Appropriations for each capital project are approved by the County Legislature and each project is accounted for in a separate capital fund.

The County administration's debt policy provides that debt shall be issued to finance capital projects where funding sources are not immediately available. The debt will be structured in the most efficient manner to limit the impact on the taxpayer and will take payment of existing debt obligations into consideration as well as the total projected operating cost of the county. The use of cash capital through the operating budget will be utilized on an increasing basis to reduce the need for borrowing and avoid the associated interest costs. Cash Capital will be used for annually recurring capital improvement projects, recurring information technology projects, projects with a short useful life, or for other projects with costs estimated at \$100,000 or less as financial and budgetary conditions permit without placing undue pressures on the taxpayers. Any and all debt issues will be structured and sold in accordance with sound debt management practices.

<u>Cash Management</u> – The County utilizes a pooled-cash concept to optimize its investment earnings. Earnings are allocated to the participating funds based upon their equity in the investment pool. All County investments are actively managed in accordance with New York State Law and the County Legislature's approved investment and deposit policy that emphasizes safety and liquidity above yield as management priorities.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54, governmental fund balances will be classified into the specifically defined categories of non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The GASB 54 Fund Balance Policy for the County of Monroe is to apply applicable expenditures against, in order, any non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance. The County Legislature may commit fund balance for a specific purpose by formal resolution, while the assignment of fund balance for a specific intent is delegated to the Director of Finance-Chief Financial Officer.

To maintain fund balance stability, the Fund Balance Policy, updated with the 2023 budget, also establishes a lower and upper threshold of \$90 million to \$110 million for the combined assigned and unassigned fund balance categories within the General Fund. Fund balances accumulating in excess of the upper threshold

may be used in subsequent budgets to provide property tax stability, capital project funding, and/or debt reduction.

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Monroe for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts of Christopher Kovacic, Erika Batz, Joseph Bragg, Teri Rabinowitz, Richard Ribis, Peter Shimshock and the entire Department of Finance.

We, therefore, transmit this report to you, the reader, in the spirit of accounting for our stewardship of the public's assets and interests.

Respectfully Submitted,

Robert Franklin

Chief Financial Officer

Jennifer Cesario
Controller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Monroe New York

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITIZENS OF MONROE COUNTY LEGISLATURE* COUNTY EXECUTIVE* Elected Offices Operating Departments Staff Departments County Clerk* Aviation Communications **District Attorney* Board of Elections Diversity, Equity and Inclusion** Sheriff* **Environmental Services Finance Human Services Human Resources Monroe Community Hospital Information Services Parks** Law **Public Defender** Office of Public Integrity **Planning & Development Public Health Public Safety** Transportation

Veterans Service Agency

^{*} Elected Officials

COUNTY EXECUTIVE'S OFFICE

COUNTY EXECUTIVE

Adam J. Bello

DEPUTY COUNTY EXECUTIVE

Jeffery McCann

CHIEF OF STAFF

Amy Grower

ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS

COUNTY EXECUTIVE

Adam J. Bello

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Sandra Doorley

SHERIFF

Todd K. Baxter

COUNTY CLERK

Jamie L. Romeo

LEGISLATIVE LEADERSHIP AND STAFF

PRESIDENT Sabrina LaMar, District 27

VICE PRESIDENT Sean M. Delehanty, District 11

REPUBLICAN MAJORITY CAUCUS

Steve Brew, Leader, District 12
Paul Dondorfer, Deputy Majority Leader, District 9
Robert Colby, Assistant Majority Leader, District 20
Richard B. Milne, Assistant Majority Leader, District 5

DEMOCRATIC MINORITY CAUCUS

Yversha M. Román, Leader, District 26 Mercedes Vazquez Simmons, Assistant Minority Leader, District 22 Linda Hasman, Assistant Minority Leader, District 23

CLERK OF THE LEGISLATURE

David Grant, Clerk
Frank Keophetlasy, Deputy Clerk
Ian Watkins, 2nd Assistant Deputy Clerk
Reece Baker, Staff Assistant

REPUBLICAN MAJORITY CHIEF OF STAFF
Reilly O'Brien

<u>DEMOCRATIC MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR</u>
Saúl Maneiro

LEGISLATORS

District 1	. Blake Keller
District 2	. Jackie Smith
District 3	. Tracy DiFlorio
District 4	. Frank X. Allkofer
District 5	. Richard B. Milne
District 6	. Sean McCabe
District 7	. Kirk Morris
District 8	. Mark Johns
District 9	. Paul Dondorfer
District 10	. Howard S. Maffucci
District 11	. Sean M. Delehanty
District 12	. Steve Brew
District 13	. Michael Yudelson
District 14	. Susan Hughes-Smith
District 15	. George J. Hebert
District 16	. Dave Long
District 17	. Maria Vecchio
District 18	. John B. Baynes
District 19	. Kathleen A. Taylor
District 20	. Robert J. Colby
District 21	. Rachel Barnhart
District 22	. Mercedes Vazquez Simmons
District 23	. Linda Hasman
District 24	. Albert Blankley
District 25	. Carolyn Delvecchio Hoffman
District 26	. Yversha M. Román
District 27	. Sabrina LaMar
District 28	. Ricky Frazier
District 29	. William Burgess

COUNTY DEPARTMENTS

AVIATION Andrew G. Moore, Director

BOARD OF ELECTIONS Lisa P Nicolay, Commissioner

Jackie Ortiz, Commissioner

COMMUNICATIONS Gary Walker, Director

COUNTY CLERK Jamie L. Romeo, County Clerk

DISTRICT ATTORNEY Sandra Doorley, District Attorney

DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION David Scott, Chief Diversity Officer

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES Michael J. Garland, Director

FINANCE Robert Franklin, Chief Financial Officer

HUMAN RESOURCES Andrea Guzzetta, Director

HUMAN SERVICES Thalia Wright, Commissioner

INFORMATION SERVICES Jennifer R. Kusse, Chief Information Officer

LAW John Bringewatt, County Attorney

MONROE COMMUNITY HOSPITAL Alyssa Tallo, Executive Health Director

OFFICE OF PUBLIC INTEGRITY Janson McNair, Director

PARKS Patrick Meredith, Director

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT Ana Liss, Director

PUBLIC DEFENDER Julie Cianca, Public Defender

PUBLIC HEALTH Michael D. Mendoza, M.D., Commissioner

PUBLIC SAFETY Richard Tantalo, Director

SHERIFF Todd K. Baxter, Sheriff

TRANSPORTATION Thomas J. Frys, Director

VETERANS SERVICE AGENCY Nicholas Stefanovic, Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section contains the following:

- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
- MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
- BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
- COMBINING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Bonadio & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

May 24, 2023

To the County Executive and Members of the County Legislature County of Monroe, New York:

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Monroe, New York (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency (the Agency) and the Monroe County Water Authority (the Authority), which represent a combined 58%, 77%, and 31%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Agency and the Authority, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis For Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

171 Sully's Trail
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Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1R to the financial statements, in 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management For the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities For the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – general fund – budget and actual, the schedule of changes in total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset), and the schedule of contributions - pension plans be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

1. Introduction

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the County of Monroe, New York (the County) financial statements provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements and footnotes, which follow this section.

The basic financial statements are arranged to take the reader from a general overview of the entire County to very detailed information about particular funds. First, the financial highlights are provided through the MD&A. Second, an overall picture of the entire County is provided through the government-wide financial statements. Third, details about the major funds are provided through the fund financial statements.

Data as of December 31, 2022 and comparative data from the year ended December 31, 2021 follows.

2. Financial Highlights

The County overall finished 2022 with a net position of \$176.0 million, an increase of \$181.8 million during the year. Factoring significantly into this increase was the fund balance increase in the two major governmental funds, of \$105.5 million. In addition the County's net pension liability and total other postemployment benefits obligation decreased by \$54.0 million. The County's net position continues to be affected by two major factors: the blended component unit, Monroe Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (MTASC), and the liability for future retiree health insurance benefits. MTASC finished 2022 with a net deficit position of \$275.1 million, while the estimated present value of future retiree health insurance benefits was \$421.2 million. The County's net position is segregated into three components: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted; and (3) unrestricted.

The County's most significant asset classification is capital assets. The County reports capital assets, net of depreciation/ amortization, totaling approximately \$1.2 billion for the year ended December 31, 2022. This number is unchanged from year ended December 31, 2021. Of these capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization, infrastructure assets total approximately 34.3% and 34.8% for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Infrastructure assets primarily consist of the pure waters system, roads and bridges.

The County's most significant liability classification is bonds payable. The County reports bonds payable totaling approximately \$795.1 million and \$818.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For each of those respective years, the portion of bonds payable subject to the County's constitutional debt limit was \$385.4 million and \$401.1 million, respectively. As such, as of December 31, 2022, the County had exhausted 11.2% of its constitutional debt limit of \$3.4 billion, compared to 12.4% of its constitutional debt limit of \$3.2 billion as of December 31, 2021.

The County's governmental activities finished 2022 with a net position deficit of \$72.3 million, a \$172.4 million increase compared to last year's net position deficit of \$244.6 million, as restated. The net position of the County's governmental activities for 2022 is reported as \$519.1 million of net investment in capital assets, \$48.3 million of restricted and \$639.6 million of unrestricted deficit. The changes in each reported net position category are as follows: a decrease of \$688 thousand in net investment in capital assets; an increase of \$2.7 million in restricted; and a decrease of \$169.4 million in the unrestricted deficit. The largest component of the unrestricted deficit is the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability which at December 31, 2022 was \$376.5 million.

In May 2021, the County was allocated \$144.1 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding from the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund to address pandemic response needs and rebuild a stronger, more equitable economy as the country recovers from the pandemic. Half was received in advance in calendar year 2021, while the balance was received in 2022. During 2022 the Public Health Department continued battling the COVID pandemic by administering vaccinations, in addition the Planning Department undertook public input sessions on how best to utilize Monroe County's ARPA funds. As a result, the County expended \$6.0 million in ARPA funds as of December 31, 2022 and recorded \$138.1 million in deferred revenue.

The County's business-type activities finished 2022 with a net position of \$248.3 million, an increase of \$9.4 million from the past year. The net position of the County's business-type activities for 2022 are reported as \$287.5 million of net investment in capital assets, \$117 thousand of restricted and \$39.3 million of unrestricted deficit. An explanation of each change by business-type activity is provided in the proprietary fund section of the MD&A on page 32.

As of the close of 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$381.9 million, an increase of \$115.7 million from the prior year. An explanation of changes in the governmental funds is provided in the governmental fund section of the MD&A on page 30.

The County's general fund balance was \$309.2 million as of December 31, 2022, compared to the December 31, 2021 fund balance of \$196.9 million, an increase of \$113.3 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

The County's discretely presented component units finished 2022 with a net position of \$475.0 million; an increase of \$40.1 million over 2021. The total net position for each of the major component units are as follows: \$70.8 million for Monroe Community College (MCC); \$28.7 million for Monroe County Airport Authority (Airport Authority); and \$360.4 million for Monroe County Water Authority (Water Authority). The nonmajor component units finished 2022 with a net position of \$15.1 million. For more detail regarding the County's component units, see pages 51 and 52 for the statement of net position and statement of activities and pages 53 through 55 of the footnotes.

The County elected to pay its annual New York State Retirement System bill on the early due date of December 15, 2022 rather than on the customary due date of February 1, 2023 saving taxpayers over \$237 thousand in interest.

3. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide the financial condition and results of operations of the primary government along with its discretely presented component units. The statement of net position provides the financial condition of the County, while the statement of activities provides the results of operations. These statements focus on the two main types of activities carried out by the County: governmental and business-type.

Governmental activities include most of the County's basic services, such as public safety, culture, recreation and education, transportation, sanitation, economic development, health and welfare, and general government. These activities are financed mainly through property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grants. Business-type activities include Solid Waste, Airport, Hospital, Pure Waters, and Energy. These activities rely to a significant extent on user fees.

In addition to focusing on governmental and business-type activities, the government-wide financial statements also include the County's discretely presented component units: MCC, Airport Authority, Water Authority, and the County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency (COMIDA). Though these are separate legal entities, the County is financially accountable for their activities.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which requires that a transaction be recorded when it occurs, not when its related cash receipt or disbursement occurs. Since these financial statements include all economic resources of the County, such as capital assets including infrastructure, as well as all liabilities including debt, they provide a long-term view of the County's financial position.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances or net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses as appropriate.

The County's funds are presented in separate fund financial statements. These funds are presented as governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The County's major funds are presented in separate columns on the fund financial statements. The definition of a major fund is one that meets the following criteria:

Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10.0% of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities and so forth) for all funds of that category or type (that is, total governmental or total enterprise funds), and

Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5.0% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

In addition to funds that meet the major fund criteria, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the government's officials believe is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The funds that do not meet the criteria of a major fund are considered nonmajor funds and are combined into a single column on each of the fund's financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

The County utilizes three fund types to group its respective funds:

Governmental Fund Types

Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on resource flows into and out of those funds. The governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" generally means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end other than Federal or State aid. Reimbursements of expenditures due from other governments for Federal and State aid are recorded primarily when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all requirements have been met. Federal and State aid are generally considered available when collection within one year is anticipated. Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred except for certain expenditures and liabilities such as debt service, compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recorded when due for payment.

The County's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. All other governmental funds have been determined to be nonmajor and include Debt Service Funds and Special Revenue Funds.

General Fund - is the County's principal operating fund.

Capital Project Funds - accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major equipment items and the construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds and the discretely presented component units. Funds include capital project funds for general government, public safety and fire protection, transportation, culture, recreation and education.

Debt Service Funds - accounts for reserve funds established for the retirement of outstanding debt, as well as activities in the County's coupon trust accounts. The funds are used to record and appropriate payment of principal and interest on serial bonds, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds and the discretely presented component units. This includes MTASC, a special purpose local development corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York. MTASC is blended as a nonmajor governmental fund (debt service).

Special Revenue Funds

Road Fund – accounts for all revenues and expenditures related to the maintenance of County roads and bridges, snow removal and construction and reconstruction of County roads not recorded in a capital project fund.

Special Grants Fund - accounts for grants authorized under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

Green Space Initiative Fund – accounts for funds established through Local Law No. 3 to finance a green space initiative program developed by the County.

Library Fund – accounts for the activities of the Monroe County Library System which exists to serve member libraries in the County.

County Park Funds:

Parkland Acquisition Fund – accounts for proceeds from sales of existing parkland to be used for future parkland development or acquisition.

Horticulture Division Fund – accounts for special projects within the County Parks department's horticulture division.

Highland Park Fund – accounts for funds from special events, granting agencies, and private donations. The funds are used for park improvements and recreation/educational opportunities. The funds provide an opportunity for private donors to make targeted donations for projects in Highland Park.

The Ontario Beach Park Fund – accounts for funds from granting agencies, special events, and private donations. The funds are used for park improvements and recreation/educational opportunities. The funds provide an opportunity for private donors to make targeted donations for projects in Ontario Beach Park.

Mendon Ponds Park - accounts for funds from granting agencies, special events, and private donations. The funds are used for park improvements and recreation/educational opportunities. The funds provide an opportunity for private donors to make targeted donations for projects in Mendon Ponds Park.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

Northampton Park Fund - accounts for funds from granting agencies, special events, and private donations. The funds are used for park improvements and recreation/educational opportunities. The funds provide an opportunity for private donors to make targeted donations for projects in Northampton Park.

Movies in the Park Fund – accounts for funds from granting agencies. The funds are used to provide for the presentation of films to the general public at Ontario Beach Park and Highland Park.

Jail Commissary Funds – accounts for jail commissary funds. The jail commissary fund exists pursuant to New York State (NYS) law requiring all profit realized on commissary jail sales be used to purchase items to benefit jail inmates.

Other Public Safety Funds – includes jail enhancement funds, asset forfeiture funds and the Hazmat team fund. The jail enhancement fund is supported through suspended inmate payments from the Social Security Administration benefits. This fund is used for jail projects, activities, programs and other initiatives not otherwise provided by other sources. The asset forfeiture fund is pursuant to the US Department of Justice's Asset Forfeiture program and equitable sharing agreement requiring expenditures for law enforcement purposes. The Hazmat Team fund accounts for all donation/payments and incurs expenditures to the team solely for the operational needs of the Hazmat Team.

Stormwater Coalition Dues Fund – accounts for fees paid by members of the coalition to support efforts to keep municipalities in compliance with storm water regulations.

The Excel Fund – accounts for corporate and private contributions for the Expanded Choices for Elder Lifestyles (Excel) program.

The NYS Urban Development Corporation Fund – accounts for a grant/loan from NYS Urban Development Corporation and the disbursing of funds for the KCPD (Clinical Products Division, Eastman Kodak) project.

The Pediatrics and Visitation Center Fund – accounts for contributions from private corporations for Monroe County's Pediatric and Visitation Center, a facility that co-locates the County's medical services for foster children with a supervised visitation center.

Monroe County DSS Childcare Fund – accounts for contributions from private individuals who wish to contribute to the cost of providing day care subsidies.

Library System Automation Fund – was established to record funds received from the member libraries of the Monroe County Library System for future automation projects.

In addition, the Governmental Funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance are reconciled to the governmental activities statement of net position and statement of activities due to the differing measurement focus and basis of accounting.

Proprietary Funds

When the County charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other funds of the County – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The major funds comprising the proprietary funds include the following enterprise funds: solid waste, airport, hospital, pure waters and energy. The proprietary funds also include internal service funds, which are reported separately because the nature of their activity is primarily governmental.

Fiduciary Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments or funds. They cannot be used to support the County's own programs. Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds that are used to report trust arrangements (pension, investment and private-purpose) and custodial funds, which are utilized in situations where the County's role is purely custodial.

The fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

4. Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A. Condensed Schedule of Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position reports the financial condition for both the governmental and business-type activities.

The County's financial position related to each of these activities is summarized below (000's omitted):

Condensed Schedules of Net Position

		Condense	tu oc	neaules of N	el Pu	Sition				
	Activi	vernmental ties Excluding MTASC		MTASC	_	vernmental ivities Total		iness-type activities		al Primary
Assets Current and other assets	\$	890,503	\$	24,574	\$	915,077	\$	78,702	\$	993,779
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/	Ψ	000,000	Ψ	24,014	Ψ	010,011	Ψ	70,702	Ψ	000,170
amortization		788,390				788,390		444,508	_	1,232,898
Total assets		1,678,893		24,574		1,703,467		523,210		2,226,677
Deferred Outflows of										
Resources		196,472				196,472		60,341		256,813
Liabilities										
Current liabilities		470,844		723		471,567		42,497		514,064
Non-current liabilities		769,198		298,946		1,068,144		182,205		1,250,349
Total liabilities		1,240,042		299,669		1,539,711		224,702		1,764,413
Deferred Inflows of										
Resources		432,510				432,510		110,599		543,109
Net Position										
Net investment in capital										
assets		519,081		-		519,081		287,471		806,552
Restricted		35,235		13,038		48,273		117		48,390
Unrestricted (deficit)		(351,503)		(288,133)		(639,636)		(39,338)		(678,974)
Total Net Position	\$	202,813	\$	(275,095)	\$	(72,282)	\$	248,250	\$	175,968

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

Condensed Schedules of Net Position

			2021						
	Activit	vernmental ies Excluding MTASC	MTASC		vernmental vities Total		iness-type ctivities		tal Primary overnment
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$	645,056	\$ 23,748	\$	668,804	\$	78,478	\$	747,282
Capital assets, net of									
accumulated depreciation	1	718,289	 		718,289		440,843	_	1,159,132
Total assets		1,363,345	23,748		1,387,093		519,321		1,906,414
Deferred Outflows of Resources		240,083			240,083		74,419		314,502
Liabilities									
Current liabilities		395,228	739		395,967		38,906		434,873
Non-current liabilities		817,594	292,503		1,110,097		211,320		1,321,417
Total liabilities		1,212,822	 293,242		1,506,064		250,226		1,756,290
Deferred Inflows of Resources		364,759			364,759		104,662		469,421
Net Position									
Net investment in capital									
assets		519,769	-		519,769		268,089		787,858
Restricted		32,720	12,848		45,568		2,258		47,826
Unrestricted (deficit)		(526,642)	(282,342)		(808,984)		(31,495)		(840,479)
Total Net Position	\$	25,847	\$ (269,494)	\$	(243,647)	\$	238,852	\$	(4,795)

The amounts for 2021 in the above table have not been restated to reflect the changes that occurred resulting from the implementation of Statement No. 87, Leases (see note 1 R).

Restricted net position in the County's governmental activities for 2022 is \$48.3 million. This is comprised primarily of restrictions for debt service in the sum of \$21.8 million and restrictions for grants and trusts of \$26.5 million.

Unrestricted net position in the County's governmental activities shows a deficit of \$639.6 million at December 31, 2022 comprised primarily of the OPEB liability which at December 31, 2022 was \$376.5 million, compared to \$471.0 million at December 31, 2021, a decrease of \$94.5 million. Also contributing to the unrestricted deficit is the \$298.9 million outstanding bond liability of MTASC used to refinance the purchase of the future right, title and interest to the tobacco settlement revenues. This is compared to the December 31, 2021 balance, when unrestricted net position in the County's governmental activities had an \$809.0 million deficit with MTASC recording a \$292.5 million bond liability.

The non-current liabilities include OPEB, accrued employee compensated absences, retirement costs and debt. These non-current liabilities will be funded in future budgets as they become due.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

B. Condensed Schedule of Changes in Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, changes in net position provides the results of operations for both the governmental and business-type activities for the past year. The condensed schedules are summarized below (000's omitted):

Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Activit	vernmental les Excluding MTASC		MTASC		397,087 \$ 164,123 \$ 98,144 13,034 17,519 13,539 1,089,642 - 1 12,800 - 5,245 352 31,873 7,442 1,652,310 198,490 1 509,147 - 249,576 - 508,865 - 1 114,143 - 56,554 - 6,968 - 22,575 - 35,470 - 71,103 - 61,846 - 11,862 - 20,928		al Primary vernment		
Revenues										
Program Revenues	•				_		_			
Charges for services	\$	397,087	\$	-	\$	397,087	\$	164,123	\$	561,210
Operating grants and		00.444				00.444		40.004		444 470
contributions		98,144		-		98,144		13,034		111,178
Capital grants and		47.540				47.540		40.500		04.050
contributions		17,519		-		17,519		13,539		31,058
General Revenues										
Taxes and other tax		4 000 040				4 000 040				4 000 040
items		1,089,642		10.605				-		1,089,642
Tobacco settlement		195 5.050		12,605				252		12,800
Interest earnings		5,050		195 -		*				5,597
Miscellaneous revenue		31,873				31,073		7,442		39,315
Total Revenues		1,639,510		12,800		1,652,310		198,490		1,850,800
Expenses										
General government		499,523		9,624		509,147		-		509,147
Public safety		249,576		-		249,576		-		249,576
Health and welfare		508,865		-		508,865		-		508,865
Culture, recreation, and										
education		114,143		-		114,143		-		114,143
Transportation		56,554		-		56,554		-		56,554
Economic development		6,968		-		6,968		-		6,968
Interest on bonds and										
notes payable		13,798		8,777		22,575		-		22,575
Solid Waste		-		-		-		-		35,470
Airport		-		-		-				71,103
Hospital		-		-		-		•		61,846
Pure Waters		-		-		-				11,862
Energy		-		-		-		20,928		20,928
Total Expenses		1,449,427		18,401		1,467,828		201,209		1,669,037
Changes in net position										
before transfers		190,083		(5,601)		184,482		(2,719)		181,763
Transfers		(12,117)				(12,117)		12,117		
Changes in net position		177,966		(5,601)		172,365		9,398		181,763
Net position-beginning, as restated		24,847		(260 404)		(244 647)		238 852		(5,795)
	•		•	(269,494)	<u> </u>				Ф.	
Net Position-Ending	\$	202,813	\$	(275,095)	\$	(12,282)	Ф	∠40,∠30	Φ	175,968

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

			2021						
	Governmental Activities Excluding MTASC	MTASC	Governmental Activities Total	Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government				
Revenues									
Program Revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 434,878	\$ -	\$ 434,878	\$ 157,942	\$ 592,820				
Operating grants and									
contributions	90,234	-	90,234	9,542	99,776				
Capital grants and	40.000		40.000						
contributions	16,890	-	16,890	11,689	28,579				
General Revenues									
Taxes and other tax	4 040 440		4.040.440		4 040 440				
items	1,040,119	40.000	1,040,119	-	1,040,119				
Tobacco settlement	-	12,823	12,823	-	12,823				
Interest earnings	268	-	268	84	352				
Miscellaneous revenue	17,206		17,206	7,962	25,168				
Total Revenues	1,599,595	12,823	1,612,418	187,219	1,799,637				
Expenses	_								
General government	528,684	8,997	537,681	-	537,681				
Public safety	248,308	-	248,308	-	248,308				
Health and welfare	493,277	-	493,277	-	493,277				
Culture, recreation, and									
education	105,732	-	105,732	-	105,732				
Transportation	67,281	-	67,281	-	67,281				
Economic development	3,722	-	3,722	-	3,722				
Interest on bonds and									
notes payable	13,600	8,951	22,551	-	22,551				
Solid Waste	-	-	-	11,222	11,222				
Airport	-	-	-	33,558	33,558				
Hospital	-	-	-	74,703	74,703				
Pure Waters	-	-	-	64,200	64,200				
Energy				15,056	15,056				
Total Expenses	1,460,604	17,948	1,478,552	198,739	1,677,291				
Changes in net position									
before transfers	138,991	(5,125)	133,866	(11,520)	122,346				
Transfers	(4,581)		(4,581)	4,581					
Changes in net position	134,410	(5,125)	129,285	(6,939)	122,346				
Net position-beginning	(108,563)	(264,369)	(372,932)	245,791	(127,141				
Net Position-Ending	\$ 25,847	\$ (269,494)	\$ (243,647)	\$ 238,852	\$ (4,795				

The amounts for 2021 in the above table have not been restated to reflect the changes that occurred resulting from the implementation of Statement No. 87, Leases (see note 1 R).

For governmental activities, overall net position increased by \$172.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. The largest factors contributing to this increase related to general fund reductions which include the following items: salary and benefit costs of approximately \$16.4 million (net of reduced state and federal reimbursement), the local share of Medicaid was \$13.1 million lower than budget, public assistance benefits were below estimates which saved approximately \$16.5 million (net of reduced state and federal reimbursement). In addition, sales tax revenue was \$15.6 million higher than budgeted, hotel/motel tax was \$3.4 million higher than budgeted, and property tax was \$14.0 million higher than budgeted. Also, in 2022 Monroe County received \$21.7 million in unbudgeted Seneca gaming revenue. Lastly, the County's net pension liability and total other postemployment benefits obligation decreased by \$54.0 million.

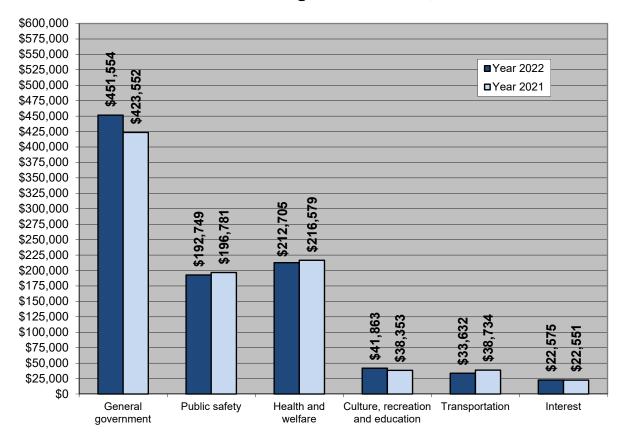
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$9.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. Net position decreases were reported in the Hospital and Energy Funds, while the Airport, Pure Waters and Solid Waste Funds reported a net position increase. See 5B of this MD&A for additional information.

C. Governmental Activities Net Cost

The following chart compares the net cost (defined as expenses less program revenues) of each County function/program within the governmental activities of the primary government (000's omitted):

Primary Government Governmental Activities - Net Cost Years Ending December 31, 2022 and 2021



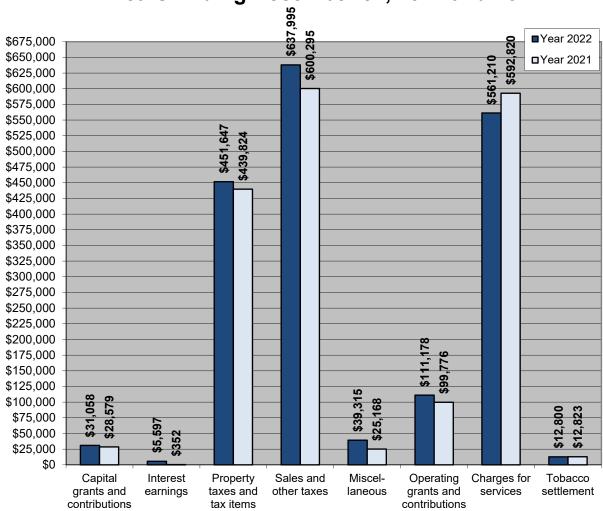
Functions/Programs

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

D. Revenues by Source

The following chart compares the revenue sources by category of the total primary government (governmental and business-type activities, 000's omitted):

Primary Government Revenues by Source Years Ending December 31, 2022 and 2021



Revenue Sources

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

5. Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

A. Governmental Funds

As of December 31, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported total governmental fund balances of \$381.9 million, compared to \$266.2 million as of December 31, 2021, as restated, an increase of \$115.7 million.

The County's general fund balance was \$309.2 million as of December 31, 2022, compared to the December 31, 2021 fund balance of \$195.9 million, an increase of \$113.3 million. The unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$77.3 million as of December 31, 2022 compared to \$31.1 million as of December 31, 2021, an increase of \$46.2 million. Combined assigned and unassigned fund balance was \$212.3 million as of December 31, 2022, compared to \$125.9 million as of December 31, 2021, an increase of \$86.4 million.

The fund balance in the capital projects fund, classified as a major fund, was \$24.1 million as of December 31, 2022, compared to a fund balance of \$31.8 million as of December 31, 2021, a decrease of \$7.7 million. The decrease is primarily due an increase in internal borrowing for capital projects and an increase in capital projects closed for the year.

The nonmajor governmental funds total fund balance was \$48.6 million as of December 31, 2022, compared to a total fund balance of \$38.5 million as of December 31, 2021, an increase of \$10.1 million. The increase was primarily generated from closed capital funds of \$8.9 million and will be used to offset debt repayments in the future.

The different results of the governmental activities and governmental funds are due primarily to the basis of accounting and measurement focus of these accounting units. Items that result in differences are accounting for debt and other long term liabilities, capital assets, depreciation and inclusion of internal service funds at the governmental activities level of reporting. All of the differences are noted in detail in the reconciliations of the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance to the statement of governmental activities.

The table below summarizes the changes in the fund balances of the County's governmental funds as follows (000's omitted):

Condensed Schedules of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances

2022	General Fund		Capital Projects Funds		Nonmajor Funds		Funds	
Fund balances, beginning, as								
restated (see note 1 R)	\$	195,880	\$	31,825	\$	38,544	\$	266,249
Revenues		1,576,027		15,952		49,057		1,641,036
Expenditures		(1,384,172)		(55,532)		(103,712)		(1,543,416)
Other financing sources, net		(78,580)		31,847		64,726		17,993
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	309,155	\$	24,092	\$	48,615	\$	381,862

Condensed Schedules of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances

		Capital Projects	Nonmajor	Total Governmental		
2021	General Fund	Funds	Funds	Funds		
Fund balances, beginning	\$ 122,711	\$ 4,752	\$ 42,422	\$ 169,885		
Revenues	1,511,913	15,886	43,966	\$ 1,571,765		
Expenditures	(1,363,625)	(49,123)	(100,252)	\$ (1,513,000)		
Other financing sources, net	(74,119)	60,310	52,408	38,599		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 196,880	\$ 31,825	\$ 38,544	\$ 267,249		

The amounts for 2021 in the above table have not been restated to reflect the changes that occurred resulting from the implementation of Statement No. 87, Leases (see note 1R).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

B. **Proprietary Funds**

As of December 31, 2022, the County's proprietary funds reported combined net position for the enterprise funds of \$248.3 million and a net position for the internal service funds of \$23.6 million.

The table below summarizes the changes in net position for the County's proprietary funds in 2022 and 2021 as follows (000's omitted):

Condensed Schedules of Proprietary Funds Changes in Net Position 2022

		Governmental Activities					
	Nonmajor Fund		Major Fund		Nonmajor Fund		
	Solid Waste	Airport	Hospital	Pure Waters	Energy	Total	Internal Service Funds
Net Position (deficit) beginning	\$ (2,527)	\$ 212,976	\$ (42,439)	\$ 70,767	\$ 75	\$ 238,852	\$ 21,917
Total operating revenues	13,526	15,735	56,765	64,433	20,840	171,299	140,971
Total operating expenses	(11,823)	(34,830)	(70,573)	(58,209)	(20,928)	(196,363)	(139,370)
Operating income (loss)	1,703	(19,095)	(13,808)	6,224	(88)	(25,064)	1,601
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses), net	260	22,038	1,295	(1,248)		22,345	(624)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,963	2,943	(12,513)	4,976	(88)	(2,719)	977
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Net transfers	2,000		10,117			12,117	654
Net Position (deficit) ending	\$ 1,436	\$ 215,919	\$ (44,835)	\$ 75,743	\$ (13)	\$ 248,250	\$ 23,555

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

Condensed Schedules of Proprietary Funds Changes in Net Position 2021

		Governmental Activities					
	Solid Waste	Airport	Hospital	Pure Waters	Energy	Total	Internal Service Funds
Net Position (deficit) beginning	\$ (6,875)	\$ 215,699	\$ (35,215)	\$ 72,072	\$ 110	\$ 245,791	\$ 21,308
Total operating revenues	13,335	13,209	61,484	62,622	15,021	165,671	144,469
Total operating expenses	(11,166)	(32,845)	(74,289)	(60,134)	(15,056)	(193,490)	(143,285)
Operating income (loss)	2,169	(19,636)	(12,805)	2,488	(35)	(27,819)	1,184
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses), net	179	16,913	3,000	(3,899)		16,193	(1,111)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,348	(2,723)	(9,805)	(1,411)	(35)	(11,626)	73
Capital contributions	-	-	-	106	-	106	-
Net transfers	2,000		2,581			4,581	536
Net Position (deficit) ending	\$ (2,527)	\$ 212,976	\$ (42,439)	\$ 70,767	\$ 75	\$ 238,852	\$ 21,917

Proprietary Funds - Changes in Net Position:

Solid Waste Fund: Net position increased by \$4.0 million. Operating income for 2022 was \$1.7 million compared to \$2.2 million in 2021. Non-operating revenues for 2022 was \$260 thousand compared to \$179 thousand in 2021. The increase is the combined result of a \$2.0 million County contribution, continued higher billings and increased price on sale of electricity.

Airport Fund: Net position increased by \$2.9 million. The operating loss of \$19.1 million is \$500 thousand less than the 2021 operating loss of \$19.6 million. This loss is related to the reduced, but improving, air travel activity from the COVID-19 pandemic along with increases in personnel services, contractual, depreciation and other expenses. This year's operating loss was almost entirely offset by other non-operating revenues (expenses) of \$22.0 million comprised primarily of federal and state aid and passenger facility charges.

Hospital Fund: Net position decreased by \$2.4 million. The 2022 operating loss was \$13.8 million compared to the previous year's operating loss of \$12.8 million. Compared to 2021, operating revenues decreased \$4.7 million due to the failure of the state and federal government to reach an agreement and issue Medicaid Upper Payment Limit funding. Operating expenses decreased \$3.7 million overall with increases in personnel services and other offset primarily by decreases in employee benefits. This was due to the annual valuations in OPEB and pension resulting in combined \$8.9 million credit.

Pure Waters Fund: Net position increased by \$5.0 million. The 2022 operating income of \$6.2 million is \$3.7 million more than the 2022 operating income of \$2.5 million. Compared to 2021, operating revenues increased \$1.8 million and expenditures decreased \$1.9 million in 2022. This is primarily due to increased rates charged to users and \$1.9 million of

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

state aid received related to capital projects. In addition operating expenses were \$1.9 million less in 2022 than in 2021 which is mainly comprised of a reduction of depreciation expense by \$7.3M due to an aging infrastructure.

Energy Fund: Net position decreased by \$88 thousand. The Energy fund records activities (transactions) relative to the County's involvement in the energy aggregation group. As part of the program, the County offers energy to other municipalities at competitive rates.

Internal Service Funds: Net position increased by \$1.6 million. The 2022 operating income of \$1.6 million is \$400 thousand more than the 2021 operating income of \$1.2 million. This increase is primarily related to the information Services fund and lower than expected expenses.

C. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There are two primary components of the increase between the adopted budget and the modified budget. Those two components are: (1) newly awarded state and federal funded programs and grants; and (2) grant re-appropriations representing authorized grants from the prior year that will be expended in later years of multi-year funded federal and state grants. Additional details are provided in the notes to the Required Supplementary Information on the Budget Schedule. The table below summarizes and compares actual general fund revenue on a budgetary basis by category to the adopted and modified budgets (excluding interfund transfers), as follows (000's omitted):

Condensed Schedules of General Fund Revenue
Budgetary Basis Budget vs. Actual

Budgetary Basis Budget vs. Actual											
				2022					2021		
		Adopted		Modified Budget Basis		udget Basis	Adopted		Modified	Bu	dget Basis
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Budget	Budget			Actual
Real property tax	\$	425,275	\$	425,275	\$	439,319	\$ 415,382	\$	415,382	\$	421,957
Sales and other taxes		183,857		183,857		202,862	156,477		156,477		188,669
Federal aid		119,692		324,309		144,997	118,260		396,744		195,493
State aid		211,667		257,734		210,249	190,905		221,761		188,483
Other revenues		112,672		121,608		143,365	112,225		114,623		105,709
Total Revenue- Budgetary Basis	\$	1,053,163	\$	1,312,783	\$	1,140,792	\$ 993,249	\$	1,304,987	\$	1,100,311
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On a budget basis, sales tax revenue amounts reflect only the County share of the sales tax distribution.

The table below summarizes and compares actual general fund expenditures on a budgetary basis by function to the adopted and modified budgets as follows (000's omitted):

Condensed Schedules of General Fund Expenditures

Budgetary Basis Budget vs. Actual														
				2022						2021				
	,	Adopted Budget		Modified Budget	Bu	Budget Basis Actual		0		Adopted Budget	Modified Budget		Bu	dget Basis Actual
General government	\$	46,589	\$	94,330	\$	54,868	\$	44,716	\$	269,091	\$	103,856		
Public safety		263,657		325,484		262,677		253,149		289,671		254,937		
Transportation		3,524		3,524		3,524		3,524		3,524		3,172		
Health and welfare Culture, recreation,		584,342		716,977		527,087		558,140		615,776		505,211		
and education Economic		97,441		117,537		97,661		92,363		93,298		84,823		
Development		-		35,755				-		-		-		
Total Expenditures-														
Budgetary Basis	\$	995,553	\$	1,293,607	\$	945,817	\$	951,892	\$	1,271,360	\$	951,999		

On a budget basis, general government expenditure amounts do not reflect sales tax distribution to sharing partners.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

6. Capital Assets and Debt Administration

A. Capital Assets

At the end of 2022, the County had invested \$1.2 billion in a broad range of capital assets, including \$365.2 million in infrastructure, net of depreciation/amortization, which includes bridges, culverts and sewers. This remains comparable to the \$1.2 billion amount invested at the end of 2021. The table below summarizes capital assets by classification as follows (000's omitted):

Condensed	Schedules o	f Capital	Assets
-----------	-------------	-----------	--------

	2022									
	C	Governmental	Е	Business-type		Total Primary				
		Activities		Activities		Government				
Land	\$	29,381	\$	28,022	\$	57,403				
Assets under construction		105,797		61,636		167,433				
Buildings		208,121		258,559		466,680				
Infrastructure		1,059,049		686,553		1,745,602				
Improvements other than buildings		313,288		636,256		949,544				
Machinery and equipment		187,314		116,426		303,740				
Total capital assets		1,902,950		1,787,452		3,690,402				
Accumulated depreciation		(1,179,366)		(1,342,944)		(2,522,310)				
Total Owned Assets, Net		723,584		444,508		1,168,092				
Lease Assets										
Buildings		11,988		-		11,988				
Machinery and Equipment		1,267		-		1,267				
Other		57,090		-		57,090				
Total Lease Assets		70,345		-		70,345				
Accumulated amortization		(5,539)		-		(5,539)				
Total Lease Assets, Net		64,806		-		64,806				
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	788,390	\$	444,508	\$	1,232,898				
				2021						
	(Governmental	E	Business-type		Total Primary				
		Activities		Activities		Government				
Land	\$	29,323	\$	28,022	\$	57,345				
Assets under construction		87,037		46,163		133,200				
Buildings		208,121		258,818		466,939				
Infrastructure		1,058,269		686,653		1,744,922				
Improvements other than buildings		294,017		616,349		910,366				
Machinery and equipment		190,731		115,878		306,609				
Total capital assets		1,867,498		1,751,883		3,619,381				
Accumulated depreciation		(1,149,209)		(1,311,040)		(2,460,249)				
Total Owned Assets, Net		718,289		440,843		1,159,132				
Lease Assets										
Buildings		11,988		-		11,988				
Machinery and Equipment		734		-		734				
Other		54,377		-		54,377				
Total Lease Assets		67,099		-		67,099				
Accumulated amortization		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>				
Total Lease Assets, Net		67,099		-		67,099				
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	785,388	\$	440,843	\$	1,226,231				
	_	·			_					

The amounts for 2021 in the above table have been restated to reflect the changes that occurred resulting from the implementation of Statement No. 87, Leases (see note 1R).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

On July 12, 2022, the County Legislature adopted the 2023 - 2028 Capital Improvement Program (CIP).

More detailed information about the County's capital assets are presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

B. **Debt Administration**

At year-end, total debt payable for the primary government was \$795.1 million. General obligation debt totaled \$496.2 million. The amount of outstanding general obligation debt excludes the debt of MTASC.

The table below summarizes the County's outstanding debt for the primary government, as reported in the statement of net position as follows (000's omitted):

	Co	ndensed Sc	hedule	s of O	utsta	nding Debt				
						2022				
	E	vernmental Activities Excluding MTASC	MTA	ASC	_	Total vernmental Activities	Business- type Activities		Total Primary overnment	Percent of Total
General Obligation Debt										
Total bond anticipation notes										
payable	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$ -	\$	6,000	0.7%
Total bonds payable		343,953		-		343,953	152,205		496,158	61.9%
Total general obligation debt		349,953		-		349,953	152,205		502,158	62.7%
Non General Obligation debt			298	3,945		298,945			298,945	37.3%
Total Debt Payable	\$	349,953	\$ 298	3,945	\$	648,898	\$ 152,205	\$	801,103	100.0%
Total current debt payable	\$	46,000	\$	_	\$	46,000	\$ 16,105	\$	62,105	7.8%
Total long-term debt payable		303,953	298	3,945		602,898	136,100		738,998	92.2%
Total Debt Payable	\$	349,953	\$ 298	3,945	\$	648,898	\$ 152,205	\$	801,103	100.0%
						2021				
	E	vernmental Activities Excluding MTASC	MTA	78C		Total vernmental Activities	Business- type Activities		Total Primary overnment	Percent of Total
General Obligation Debt		WII7100	10117			totivitioo	7101171100	- —	Svorimione	Of Folds
Total bonds payable	\$	355,908	\$	_	\$	355,908	\$ 169,770	\$	525,678	64.2%
Total general obligation debt		355,908		-	-	355,908	169,770		525,678	64.2%
Non General Obligation Debt			292	2,503		292,503			292,503	35.8%
Total Debt Payable	\$	355,908	\$ 292	2,503	\$	648,411	\$ 169,770	\$	818,181	100.0%
Total current debt payable	\$	37,658	\$	-	\$	37,658	\$ 17,178	\$	54,836	6.7%
Total long-term debt payable		318,250		2,503		610,753	152,592		763,345	93.3%
Total Debt Payable	\$	355,908	\$ 292	2,503	\$	648,411	\$ 169,770	\$	818,181	100.0%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

The County issued a total of \$40.6 million of debt obligations in 2022. In April 2022, the County used available funds to advance refund \$5.3 million of the public improvement refunding – 2019 debt. At December 31, 2022, \$444.3 million of debt remained authorized and unissued for various capital projects.

More detailed information about the County's debt obligations is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

8. Contacting the County's Financial Management

These financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, please contact the County of Monroe Department of Finance, 39 West Main St. Room 402, Rochester, New York 14614 or visit the website at https://www.monroecounty.gov/finance-index.php.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Prim			
	Governmental	Business-type	-	Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
A005T0				
ASSETS Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 114,670	\$ 7,732	\$ 122,402	\$ 104,441
Custodial accounts	-	948	948	-
Investments	281,940	24,147	306,087	165,063
Accounts receivable, net	86,928	9,518	96,446	30,617
Internal balances	29,200	(29,200)	-	4.047
Lease receivable Due from other governments	256 218,100	28,374	256 246,474	1,947
Inventories	3,382	2,506	5.888	2,931
Other	13,252	2,853	16,105	14,605
Total current assets	747,728	46,878	794,606	319,604
	·			
Noncurrent assets:	07		07	
Accounts receivables, net Restricted assets:	27	-	27	-
Cash and cash equivalents	94,258	11,090	105,348	2,098
Funds held by trustee	54,250	-	-	19,509
Securities in lieu of retained percentages	57	-	57	-
Lease receivable	2,849	-	2,849	16,703
Capital assets not being depreciated	135,178	89,658	224,836	37,359
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	653,212	354,850	1,008,062	600,491
Net pension asset	70,158	20,663	90,821	12,633
Other Total noncurrent assets	955,739	71 476,332	71 1,432,071	3,013 691,806
Total noncurrent assets	955,759	470,332	1,432,071	091,000
Total assets	1,703,467	523,210	2,226,677	1,011,410
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred loss on refunding	107	-	107	364
Pension related	149,415	45,692	195,107	53,410
Other postemployment benefits related	46,950	14,649	61,599	30,998
Total deferred outflows of resources	196,472	60,341	256,813	84,772
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	135,459	23,870	159,329	23,172
Accrued interest payable	2,701	621	3,322	2,810
Due to other governments	121,800	-	121,800	-
Patient funds held in trust	-	948	948	-
Unearned revenue	161,392	47	161,439	8,853
Notes payable	6,000	-	6,000	-
Current portion of:		906	006	
Installment purchase agreement Leases payable	4,215	900	906 4,215	600
Bonds payable	40,000	16,105	56,105	6,235
Total current liabilities	471,567	42,497	514,064	41,670
	,			
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Leases payable	61,910	-	61,910	743
Bonds payable	602,898	136,100 194	738,998 194	160,956
Net pension liability Total other postemployment benefits	376,513	44,636	421,149	240,497
Other long-term liabilities	26,823	1,275	28,098	5,910
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,068,144	182,205	1,250,349	408,106
Total liabilities	1,539,711	224,702	1,764,413	449,776
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related	2,471		2,471	17,002
Deferred gain on refunding	558	429	987	17,002
Pension related	254,488	76,668	331,156	45,450
Other postemployment benefits related	163,840	33,502	197,342	106,047
Deferred revenue	-	-	-	2,883
Community Development loan repayments	11,153	<u>-</u>	11,153	
Total deferred inflows of resources	432,510	110,599	543,109	171,382
NET POSITION				
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	E10 001	287,471	906 552	470 024
Restricted for:	519,081	201,411	806,552	478,824
Debt service	21,784	8	21,792	1,675
Capital projects		109	109	,
Nonexpendable	-	-	-	30,262
Expendable	-	-	-	7,660
Grants and other purposes	26,489	-	26,489	-
Passenger facility charges	(000.000)	(00.000)	(070.07.1)	104
Unrestricted (deficit)	(639,636)	(39,338)	(678,974)	(43,501)
Total net position	\$ (72,282)	\$ 248,250	\$ 175,968	\$ 475,024
	τ (12,202)	- 2-10,200	+ 170,000	+ +10,024

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in N						osition		
				0	perating		Capital	Pr	imar	y Governm	ent			
		Ch	arges for	Gr	ants and	Gr	ants and	Governmental	Bus	iness-type			Co	mponent
	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Cor	ntributions	Activities		ctivities		Total		Units
Function/Programs					<u></u>									
Primary government:														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$ 509,147	\$	27,098	\$	29,285	\$	1,210	\$ (451,554)	\$	-		(451,554)		
Public safety	249,576		45,020		10,222		1,585	(192,749)		-		(192,749)		
Health and welfare	508,865		291,830		4,295		35	(212,705)		-		(212,705)		
Culture, recreation and education	114,143		27,211		35,672		9,397	(41,863)		-		(41,863)		
Transportation	56,554		5,928		11,702		5,292	(33,632)		-		(33,632)		
Economic development	6,968		-		6,968		-	-		-		-		
Interest on bonds and notes payable	22,575							(22,575)				(22,575)		
Total governmental activities	1,467,828		397,087		98,144		17,519	(955,078)				(955,078)		
Business-type activities:														
Airport	35,470		15,735		11,038		11,639	_		2,942		2,942		
Hospital	71,103		55,375		1,793		-	_		(13,935)		(13,935)		
Pure Waters	61,846		64,164		173		1,900	_		4,391		4,391		
Solid Waste	11,862		8,009		30		-	_		(3,823)		(3,823)		
Energy	20,928		20,840		-		-	-		(88)		(88)		
Total business-type activities	201,209		164,123		13,034		13,539			(10,513)		(10,513)		
Total primary government	\$ 1,669,037	\$	561,210	\$	111,178	\$	31,058	(955,078)		(10,513)		(965,591)		
Component units:														
Major Component Units:														
Community College	\$ 170,091	\$	30,165	\$	141,167	\$	6,181						\$	7,422
Airport Authority	20,565		25,373		-		66							4,874
Water Authority	71,765		84,942		-		3,647							16,824
Nonmajor Component Units	2,920		9,162											6,242
Total component units	\$ 265,341	\$	149,642	\$	141,167	\$	9,894							35,362
	General reven Taxes:	ues:												
	Property ta	v on	d tay itama					451,647				451,647		
	' '							,		-		,		-
	Sales and							637,995		-		637,995		-
	Tobacco sett		ent revenue	S				12,800		-		12,800		-
	Interest earn	ings						5,245		352		5,597		3,301
	Miscellaneou	ıs re	venue					31,873		7,442		39,315		1,389
	Transfers							(12,117)		12,117		-		-
	Total gen	eral	revenues					1,127,443		19,911	1	1,147,354		4,690
	Change	e in r	net position					172,365		9,398		181,763		40,052
	Net position-be	eginr	ning, as res	tated	, see note 1	R		(244,647)		238,852		(5,795)		434,972
	Net position-e	_	•					\$ (72,282)	\$	248,250	\$	175,968	\$	475,024

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		l Governn	Major nental F	unds		onmajor ernmental	Total Governmental		
		General	Capi	tal Projects		Funds		Funds	
ACCETO									
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,695	\$	_	\$	25,814	\$	83,509	
Investments	Ψ	281,940	Ψ	_	Ψ	20,014	Ψ	281,940	
Accounts receivables, net:		201,010						201,010	
Taxes and assessments		24,222		_		_		24,222	
Returned school taxes		24,763		-		_		24,763	
Other receivables		14,379		144		23,361		37,884	
Lease receivable		619		-		-		619	
Due from other funds		62,969		-		18,548		81,517	
Due from other governments:									
State and Federal - social services		98,574		-		-		98,574	
State and Federal - other		77,393		9,449		6,358		93,200	
Local governments		24,767		-		600		25,367	
Inventories		1,429		-		1,205		2,634	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents		-		63,897		21,503		85,400	
Other assets		11,541				145		11,686	
Total assets	\$	680,291	\$	73,490	\$	97,534	\$	851,315	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	54,943	\$	13,031	\$	4,132	\$	72,106	
Due to other funds		404.050		30,367		21,950		52,317	
Due to other governments		121,353		-		300 87		121,653	
Unearned revenue		161,305		6,000		01		161,392 6,000	
Notes payable	-	207.004				00.400			
Total liabilities		337,601		49,398		26,469		413,468	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Lease related		1,517		-		-		1,517	
Community Development loan repayments		-		-		11,153		11,153	
Deferred property tax revenue		21,737		-		-		21,737	
Opioid settlement revenue		10,281		-		-		10,281	
Tobacco settlement revenue						11,297		11,297	
Total deferred inflows of resources		33,535		<u>-</u>		22,450		55,985	
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		37,097		-		1,350		38,447	
Restricted		8,720		27,593		33,683		69,996	
Committed		51,005		-		2,826		53,831	
Assigned		135,059		-		10,756		145,815	
Unassigned		77,274		(3,501)				73,773	
Total fund balances		309,155		24,092		48,615		381,862	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund									
balances	\$	680,291	\$	73,490	\$	97,534	\$	851,315	

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 381,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets of \$1,701,622, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,024,387, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		677,235
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		23,555
Some of the County's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are not reported or deferred in the funds.		44,859
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources amortized over multiple years are not reported in the funds Those items included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position consist of:		
Deferred gain on refunding Deferred loss on refunding Total deferred inflows/outflows of resources	(467) 107	(360)
Some liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not due and payable or available in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position consist of:		
Compensated absences Bonds payable Leases payable Accrued interest on bonds Accrued interest on leases Long-term retirement costs Other postemployment benefits Federal, State and other liabilities Total liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources	(35,162) (577,241) (59,025) (2,164) (226) (32,409) (484,369) (8,837)	(1,199,433 <u>)</u>
Net position of governmental activities	<u>-</u>	\$ (72,282)

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		Major Governmental Funds				onmajor ernmental	Total Governmental		
		General	Cap	pital Projects		Funds		Funds	
REVENUES:									
Real property tax	\$	439,319	\$	_	\$	_	\$	439,319	
Sales and other taxes	Ψ	637,995	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	637,995	
Federal aid		144,997		4,595		6,794		156,386	
State aid		210,249		7,647		13,861		231,757	
Charges for services		27,014		- ,		6,791		33,805	
Intergovernmental		44,253		_		3,879		48,132	
Interdepartmental		2,164		_		-		2,164	
Use of money and property		13,758		_		549		14,307	
Repayments and refunds		14,801		_		59		14,860	
Payments in lieu of taxes		7,685		_		-		7,685	
Tobacco settlement		-		_		12,042		12,042	
Miscellaneous		33,792		3,710		5,082		42,584	
Total revenues		1,576,027		15,952		49,057		1,641,036	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		492,715				333		493,048	
Public safety		262,677				6,569		269,246	
Transportation		3,524				25,986		29,510	
Health and welfare		527,595				25,500		527,595	
Culture, recreation and education		97,661		_		11,295		108,956	
Economic development		97,001		_		6,968		6,968	
Debt service:		_		-		0,900		0,900	
Principal retirement						32,966		32,966	
Bond issuance costs		_		_		71		71	
Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u>		_		19,524		19,524	
Capital outlays		_		55,532		13,324		55,532	
Total expenditures		1,384,172		55,532		103,712		1,543,416	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		191,855		(39,580)		(54,655)		97,620	
Excess (deliciency) of revenues over (drider) experiditures		191,033		(39,380)	-	(34,033)		97,020	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Bonds issued		-		25,168		-		25,168	
Premium on bonds issued		-		-		2,350		2,350	
Leases (as lessee)		3,246		-		-		3,246	
Transfers in		-		15,601		79,358		94,959	
Transfers out		(81,826)		(8,922)		(16,982)		(107,730)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(78,580)		31,847		64,726		17,993	
Changes in fund balances		113,275		(7,733)		10,071		115,613	
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated, see note 1 R		195,880		31,825		38,544		266,249	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	309,155	\$	24,092	\$	48,615	\$	381,862	

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	115,613
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of refunding gain/loss, accreted interest and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Proceeds of bonds Deferred refunding gain/loss, net Interest accreted on capital appreciation debt, net Total proceeds/additions	(25,168) 98 (9,472)	(34,542)
Repayment of bond principal and related activity is reported as an expenditure and an other financing use in governmental funds and, thus, has the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. The principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Principal retirement Premium/Discount on bond issuance Total repayments/deductions	32,966 1,873	34,839
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported in governmental activities.		1,638
Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end. They are not considered "available" revenues and are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources increased by this amount this year.		(4,833)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives.		
Capital outlays Capital grants and contributions Loss on retirement of capital assets Depreciation expense Amortization expense Excess(deficiency) of capital outlays over depreciation expense	55,408 1,114 (630) (44,114) (3,812)	7,966
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Change in accrued interest Cahnge in accrued interest leases Change in leases payable Change in compensated absences Change in long-term retirement costs Change in postemployment benefits other than pensions Change in Federal, State and other liabilities	121 (226) (521) (2,801) 23,105 30,665 1,341	
Total additional expenditures	.,,	51,684
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	172,365

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		Go	overnmental								
			Major Funds			Nonmaj	or Funds	_			Activities -
	Airport		Hospital	Pure Waters		Solid Waste	Energy		Total		ernal Service Funds
ASSETS											
Current assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44	.9	\$ 15	\$ 6,6	57	\$ 103	\$ 508	\$	7,732	\$	31,161
Custodial accounts		-	948		-	-	-		948		-
Investments		-	-	24,14	47				24,147		-
Accounts receivables, net	15	0	6,411	4	51	2,506	-		9,518		59
Lease receivable		-	-		-	-	-		-		256
Due from other governments:											
State and Federal - other	2,91	8	539	30	02	85	-		3,844		613
Local governments	18,56	5	-	:	24	1,074	4,867		24,530		346
Inventories		-	536	1,66	64	-	306		2,506		748
Other assets	30	9	1,050	4	58	10	1,026		2,853		1,566
Total current assets	22,39	1	9,499	33,70	03_	3,778	6,707		76,078		34,749
Noncurrent assets:											
Estimated third party settlements		-	71		-	-	-		71		-
Restricted assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	18	4	1,793	8,7	50	363	-		11,090		8,858
Securities in lieu of retained percentages		-	-		-	-	-		-		57
Lease receivable		-	-		-	-	-		-		2,230
Capital assets not being depreciated	33,56	1	3,469	45,3	74	7,254	-		89,658		19,975
Capital assets, net of accumulated											
depreciation/amortization	192,42	26	15,261	144,02	27	3,136	-		354,850		91,180
Net pension asset	98	4	17,711	1,96	86				20,663		4,919
Total noncurrent assets	227,15	5	38,305	200,1	19	10,753			476,332		127,219
Total assets	249,54	-6	47,804	233,82	22	14,531	6,707		552,410		161,968
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred loss on refunding		-	-		_	_	-		-		_
Pension related	4,01	4	37,510	4,16	38	-	-		45,692		10,420
Other postemployment benefits related	2,53		7,999	4,06		54			14,649		6,074
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 6,54	8	\$ 45,509	\$ 8,23	30	\$ 54	\$ -	\$	60,341	\$	16,494

(continued)

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											Governmental			
			Ma	jor Funds				Nonmajo					Activities -		
		Airport	<u> </u>	lospital		Pure Waters		Solid Waste	<u>E</u>	Energy		Total		Internal Service Funds	
LIABILITIES															
Current liabilities:															
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,976	\$	6,854	\$	9,806	\$	1,214	\$	3,020	\$	23,870	\$	45,722	
Accrued interest payable		67		117		431		6		-		621		311	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		3,700		3,700		-	
Due to other governments		-		_		-		-		-				147	
Patient funds held in trust		-		948		-		-		-		948		-	
Unearned revenue		-		-		47		-		-		47		-	
Current portion of:															
Installment purchase agreement		-		906		-		-		-		906		-	
Leases payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,605	
Bonds payable		2,993		2,001		10,827		284				16,105		7,555	
Total current liabilities		6,036		10,826		21,111		1,504		6,720		46,197		55,340	
Noncurrent liabilities:															
Due to other funds		-		15,800		-		9,700		-		25,500		-	
Leases payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,495	
Bonds payable		14,847		10,398		109,289		1,566		-		136,100		58,102	
Net pension liability		194		-		-		-		-		194		-	
Total other postemployment benefits		8,358		18,588		17,557		133		-		44,636		5,238	
Other long-term liabilities		265		752		238		20		-		1,275		455	
Total noncurrent liabilities		23,664		45,538		127,084		11,419				207,705		69,290	
Total liabilities		29,700		56,364		148,195		12,923		6,720		253,902		124,630	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
Lease related		_		_		_		-		_		-		2,471	
Deferred gain on refunding		249		43		135		2		_		429		91	
Pension realted		5,287		64,243		7,138		-		_		76,668		17,845	
Other postemployment benefits related		4,939		17,498		10,841		224		_		33,502		9,870	
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,475		81,784		18,114		226				110,599		30,277	
NET POSITION															
Net investment in capital assets		205,890		6,437		66,401		8,743		_		287,471		42,492	
Restricted for:		,===		-, -=-		,		-,· · -				- ,		-,	
Debt service		_		6		2		_		_		8		281	
Capital projects		_		-		-		109		_		109		-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		10,029		(51,278)		9,340		(7,416)		(13)		(39,338)		(19,218)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	215,919	\$	(44,835)	\$	75,743	\$	1,436	\$	(13)	\$	248,250	\$	23,555	

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental				
			Maj	or Funds				Nonmaj	or Fu	nds				Activities-
		Airport	H	ospital	\	Pure Waters			Energy		Total		Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	15,709	\$	54,034	\$	63,948	\$	8,009	\$	20,840	\$	162,540	\$	280
Interdepartmental		-		-		165		-		-		165		140,629
Repayments and refunds		26		1,341		51				-		1,418		40
Miscellaneous				1,390		269		5,517				7,176		22
Total operating revenues		15,735		56,765		64,433		13,526		20,840		171,299		140,971
Operating expenses:														
Personnel services		6,317		33,941		11,712		275		-		52,245		7,213
Employee benefits		1,965		2,867		3,504		67		-		8,403		718
Contractual		4,020		17,093		17,103		10,891		20,928		70,035		111,668
Depreciation and amortization		15,864		3,054		15,087		378		-		34,383		12,145
Other		6,664		13,618		10,803		212		-		31,297		7,626
Total operating expenses		34,830		70,573		58,209		11,823		20,928	_	196,363		139,370
Operating income (loss)		(19,095)		(13,808)		6,224		1,703	-	(88)	_	(25,064)		1,601
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):														
Federal aid		10,947		79		23		2		-		11,051		278
State aid		52		1,695		150		-		-		1,897		820
Use of money and property		1		32		316		3		-		352		471
Interest and fiscal charges		(395)		(330)		(3,360)		(39)		-		(4,124)		(2,162)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(245)		(200)		(45)				-		(490)		(72)
Other income (expense)		39		19		(232)		294		-		120		41
Capital projects:		7 777										7 777		
Federal aid State aid		7,777 257		-		1,900		-		-		7,777 2,157		-
		3,605		-		1,900		-		-		3,605		-
Local share and passenger facility charges Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		22,038		1,295		(1,248)		260		<u>-</u>	_	22,345		(624)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		2,943		(12,513)		4,976		1,963	-	(88)		(2,719)		977
,	-			(12,010)		.,,	-	.,,,,,	-	(/		(=,: ::)		
Contributions and transfers:														7
Capital contributions		-		40.050		-		2.000		-		40.050		7
Transfers in Transfers out		-		10,850		-		2,000		-		12,850		898
Transiers out				(733)		-						(733)		(244)
Total contributions and transfers				10,117				2,000				12,117		661
Change in net position (deficit)		2,943		(2,396)		4,976		3,963		(88)		9,398		1,638
Net position (deficit)-beginning of year		212,976		(42,439)		70,767		(2,527)		75		238,852		21,917
Total net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	215,919	\$	(44,835)	\$	75,743	\$	1,436	\$	(13)	\$	248,250	\$	23,555

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		Busines	ss-type Activit	ies - Enterpris	e Funds		Governmental	
	-	Major Funds		Nonmajo	or Funds		Activities-	
	Airport	Hospital	Pure Waters	Solid Waste	Energy	Total	Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from providing services	\$ 16,845	\$ 55,341	\$ 63,986	\$ 7,671	\$ 18,499	\$ 162,342	\$ 195	
Cash received from other funds for services	-	-	165	-	-	165	131,471	
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(9,318)	(45,544)	(17,607)	(389)	-	(72,858)	(10,532)	
Payments to suppliers	(3,957)	(27,253)	(20,109)	(10,861)	(19,101)	(81,281)	(21,531)	
Payments for interfund services	(6,225)	(6,618)	(2,651)	(210)	-	(15,704)	(4,310)	
Payments lease related	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15)	
Claims paid		-	-	-	-	-	(84,240)	
Other receipts (payments)	26	2,677	310	5,517	(407)	8,123	708	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,629)	(21,397)	24,094	1,728	(1,009)	787	11,746	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Federal aid	10,947	79	23	2	-	11,051	278	
State aid	52	1,695	150	-	-	1,897	820	
Receipts from other funds	-	15,800	-	9,700	3,700	29,200	-	
Payments to other funds	(1,250)	(4,250)	-	(12,500)	(2,900)	(20,900)	-	
Transfers in	-	10,850	-	2,000	-	12,850	898	
Transfers out		(733)				(733)	(244)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	9,749	23,441	173	(798)	800	33,365	1,752	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3							
Interest paid	(870)	(508)	(4,629)	(86)	-	(6,093)	(3,290)	
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds	-	3,620	2,738	27	-	6,385	3,050	
Refunding of bonds	(5,244)	-	-	-	-	(5,244)	(10)	
Principal paid on bonds	(3,299)	(3,025)	(10,230)	(413)	-	(16,967)	(7,768)	
Premium from the issuance of bonds	-	273	229	2	-	504	297	
Federal aid	8,743	-	-	-	-	8,743	-	
State aid	257	-	1,900	-	-	2,157	-	
Local share and passenger facility charges	6,093	-	-	-	-	6,093	-	
Principal paid on installment purchase agreement	-	(952)	-	-	-	(952)	-	
Principal paid in principal on leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,533)	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(12,453)	(1,660)	(23,734)	(693)	-	(38,540)	(7,813)	
Other receipts (payments)			(259)	265		6		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$ (6,773)	\$ (2,252)	\$ (33,985)	\$ (898)	\$ -	\$ (43,908)	\$ (17,067)	

(continued)

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

			Governmental					
		Major Funds		Nonmajo	or Funds		Activities-	
	Airport	Hospital	Pure Waters	Solid Waste	Energy	Total	Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of investments Receipts from use of money and property	\$ - 1	\$ - 32	\$ (24,147) 316	\$ - 3	\$ -	\$ (24,147) 352	\$ - 444	
Net cash provided by investing activities	1	32	(23,831)	3		(23,795)	444	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	348	(176)	(33,549)	35	(209)	(33,551)	(3,125)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	285	1,984	48,956	431	717	52,373	43,144	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	633	1,808	15,407	466	508	18,822	40,019	
Classified as:								
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	449	15	6,657	103	508	7,732	31,161	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	184	1,793	8,750	363		11,090	8,858	
Total cash and cash equivalents	633	1,808	15,407	466	508	18,822	40,019	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	(19,095)	(13,808)	6,224	1,703	(88)	(25,064)	1,601	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by operations:								
Depreciation and amortization	15,864	3,054	15,087	378	-	34,383	12,145	
Change in:	(20)	4 205	00	(274)		4 000	45	
Accounts receivable Lease receivable	(20)	1,305	88	(371)	-	1,002	15 (2,486)	
Due from other governments	1,156	-	(50)	33	(2,340)	(1,201)	(79)	
Inventories	1,130	(54)	(30)	-	(113)	(1,201)	103	
Other assets	(62)	(94)	(56)	(2)	(294)	(508)	488	
Net pension asset	(984)	(17,711)	(1,968)	(=)	(201)	(20,663)	(4,919)	
Deferred outflows - pensions	561	8,296	922	_	_	9,779	2,306	
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefits	777	2,306	1,209	7	_	4,299	1,450	
Accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities	587	(3,122)	5,240	29	1,826	4,560	20	
Net pension liability	(344)	(201)	(22)	-	-	(567)	(56)	
Total other postemployment benefits	(2,231)	(4,275)	(4,564)	(35)	-	(11,105)	(1,138)	
Compensated absences	30	182	52	11	-	275	154	
Deferred inflows - lease related	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,471	
Deferred inflows - pension related	219	2,934	326	-	-	3,479	814	
Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefits related	913	(211)	1,616	(25)	-	2,293	(1,140)	
Due to other governments	-	2	-	-	-	2	(3)	
Unearned revenue			(12)			(12)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (2.629)	\$ (21,397)	\$ 24,094	\$ 1,728	\$ (1,009)	\$ 787	\$ 11,746	

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Cu	stodial
ASSETS		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,292
Total assets		21,292
LIABILITIES Distribution to other individuals Due to other governments		1,473 12,763
Total liabilities		14,236
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals and other governments		7,056
· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total net position	\$	7,056

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	C	ustodial
ADDITIONS:		
Sheriff Funds inmate commissary deposits	\$	3,497
Bail collections from town courts	Ψ	478
Civil Bureau income execution fees		9,353
County Clerk collection for Passport Fees		239
County Clerk processing fee collection for NYS		22,377
County Clerk DEC collection of hunting & fishing fees		287
Child support collection of non-custodial payments		65,010
Restitution collections from probationers		1,027
Deferred Comp Admin allowance Funds		82
Cash Bail collection of monetary/property pledges		1,260
Collection of Mortgage Tax fees		86,232
Court/Trust collection of ordered claims on foreclosures/leins		1,269
Total additions		191,111
DEDUCTIONS:		
Sheriff Funds inmate commissary payments	\$	3,893
Bail collection payments to town courts	Ψ	480
Civil Bureau income execution payments		9,370
County Clerk passport fee payments		234
County Clerk processing fee payments to NYS		22,377
County Clerk processing fee payments to DEC		286
Child Support payments to custodial/beneficiary		64,993
Foster Care distribution of SSI Benefits		1
Restitution payments to victims & courts		1,050
Deferred Comp Distribution of Fees & Service payments		59
Cash Bail distribution of monetary/property pledged refunds		1,278
Distribution of Mortgage Tax fees to tax districts		86,232
Court/Trust distribution of ordered payments and forfeitures		1,307
Total deductions		191,560
Net decrease in fiduciary net position		(449)
Net position at beginning of year	_	7,505
Net position at end of year	\$	7,056

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

(000's Omitted)

	Maio	or Component U	nits		
	Community College (Year End 8/31/22)	Airport Authority	Water Authority	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:		. 7.440		45047	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 67,476 57,467	\$ 7,119 16,860	\$ 14,529 90,736	\$ 15,317	\$ 104,441 165,063
Accounts receivables, net	21,842	617	8,076	82	30,617
Current portion of lease receivable	64	1,883	-	-	1,947
Inventories	4.052	- 0.027	2,931	-	2,931
Other assets Total current assets	1,953 148,802	2,637 29,116	9,949 126,221	66 15,465	14,605 319,604
Noncurrent assets:	140,002	29,110	120,221	15,405	319,004
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,612	486	-	-	2,098
Funds held by trustee	-	-	19,509	-	19,509
Capital assets not being depreciated	18,469	498	18,392	-	37,359
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization Net pension asset	184,551 7,573	3,421	412,519 4,966	94	600,491 12.633
Lease receivable, net of current portion	1,411	15,292	4,900	94	16,703
Other assets	2,388	-	-	625	3,013
Total noncurrent assets	216,004	19,697	455,386	719	691,806
Total assets	364,806	48,813	581,607	16,184	1,011,410
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on refunding	<u>-</u>	-	364	-	364
Other postemployment benefits	33,910	-	19,500	-	53,410
Pension	20,289		10,467	242	30,998
Total deferred outflows of resources	54,199		30,331	242	84,772
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11,931	1,158	8,195	970	22,254
Accrued interest payable	11,951	1,136	2,808	970	2,810
Unearned revenue	8,715	122	_,000	16	8,853
Other	540	378	-	-	918
Current portion of:					
Leases payable	192	408	4 675	-	600
Bonds payable	1,145	415	4,675		6,235
Total current liabilities	22,523	2,483	15,678	986	41,670
Noncurrent liabilities: Leases payable	151	592	_	_	743
Bonds payable	26,238	-	134,718	_	160,956
Total other postemployment benefits	183,196	-	57,301	-	240,497
Other long-term liabilities	5,910				5,910
Total noncurrent liabilities	215,495	592	192,019		408,106
Total liabilities	238,018	3,075	207,697	986	449,776
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	07.070		17.100	244	45.450
Pension Other postemployment benefits	27,979 79,374	-	17,130 26,673	341	45,450 106,047
Leases	79,374	17,002	20,073	-	17,002
Deferred revenue	2,883				2,883
Total deferred inflows of resources	110,236	17,002	43,803	341	171,382
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	183,437	3,505	291,882	-	478,824
Restricted for:			4.075		4.075
Debt service Nonexpendable	- 30,262	-	1,675	-	1,675 30,262
Nonexpendable Expendable	7,660	-	-	-	30,262 7,660
Passenger facility charges	-	104	-	-	104
Unrestricted (deficit)	(150,608)	25,127	66,881	15,099	(43,501)
Total net position	\$ 70,751	\$ 28,736	\$ 360,438	\$ 15,099	\$ 475,024
	_				

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Major Component Units									
	Community College (Year End 8/31/22)			irport ithority	Water Authority		Nonmajor Component Units		Total	
Expenses	\$	170,091	\$	20,565	\$	71,765	\$	2,920	\$	265,341
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		30,165 141,167 6,181		25,373 - 66		84,942 - 3,647		9,162 - -		149,642 141,167 9,894
Total program revenues		177,513		25,439		88,589		9,162		300,703
Net program revenue		7,422		4,874		16,824		6,242		35,362
General revenues: Interest earnings Miscellaneous revenue		171 779		- 601		3,128 -		2		3,301 1,389
Change in net position		8,372		5,475		19,952		6,253		40,052
Net Position, beginning of year Total net position at end of year	\$	62,379 70,751	\$	23,261 28,736	\$	340,486 360,438	\$	8,846 15,099	\$	434,972 475,024

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

1. Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Background

The County of Monroe (County) was established in 1821 and is governed by the County Charter, general laws of the State of New York, and various local laws. The County is New York State's third largest industrial and commercial center. The County Executive is the Chief Executive Officer and the administrative head of the County with authority to approve or veto any local law, legalizing act or resolution adopted by the County Legislature. The County Executive is elected in a general county-wide election to serve a four-year term, subject to a limit of three four-year terms. The County is divided into 29 legislative districts with an elected legislator representing each district in the County Legislature. County Legislators may serve for two four-year terms and one two-year term during a ten year cycle. The County Legislature is the legislative, appropriating and governing body of the County. The County provides its residents with diverse services. Programs provided are human services, public safety, public and mental health, wastewater management, public works, economic development, culture, education and recreation programs. Public facilities available are the Frederick Douglas Greater Rochester International Airport (ROC), Monroe Community Hospital (the Hospital), Monroe Community College (MCC), and County parks.

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the primary standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its Statements and Interpretations. The more significant accounting policies used by the County are discussed below.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the County (primary government) and organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and organizations where the nature and significance of their relationship with the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations and are therefore reported within the County's financial statements. Discretely presented component units, both major and nonmajor, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Based upon the foregoing criteria and the significant factors presented below, the following organizations, functions, or activities are included as blended component units of the primary government, discretely presented component units or related organizations and joint ventures:

<u>Monroe Community College</u> – Major Discretely Presented Component Unit

MCC was founded in 1961 with the County as the local sponsor under provisions of Article 126 of the New York State Education Law. MCC is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of ten voting members; five are appointed by the County Legislature, four by the Governor, and one student is elected by the student body. MCC's budget is subject to the approval of the County Executive and the County Legislature, with the County providing funding for one-half of the capital costs and a portion of the operating costs for MCC. As a result, MCC, a legally separate entity, is included as a discretely presented component unit within the County's basic financial statements.

MCC has its own financial system, which is independent of the County's centralized financial system, which accounts for resources received and used. A fiscal year ending August 31 is mandated by state law for MCC. Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to the County's presentation. Requests for financial statements may be made in writing to Monroe Community College, Controller's Office, 1000 East Henrietta Road, Rochester, New York 14623.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Monroe County Airport Authority - Major Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Monroe County Airport Authority (Airport Authority) is a public benefit corporation organized under the Public Authorities Law of the State of New York on October 1, 1989. The Airport Authority was created to finance, construct and develop aviation facilities. The oversight body is the Airport Authority board which is appointed by the County Legislature on the recommendation of the County Executive. The chairperson is appointed by the County Executive. Pursuant to a lease and operating agreement, the Airport Authority leases the properties comprising the Airport from the County. The lease was set to expire thirty (30) days after repayment of the Airport revenue bonds, which were repaid on January 1, 2019. In October 2018, the Airport Authority issued \$2.0 million in new Airport revenue bonds with a five-year life with a final maturity date of October 1, 2023 that extends the term of the lease. A separate legal entity, the Airport Authority is included as a discretely presented component unit within the County's basic financial statements due to the County's ability to impose will. The County and the Airport Authority are currently working on a plan to issue debt in order to extend the lease agreement beyond October 1, 2023.

The Airport Authority reimburses the County for expenses incurred in the administration and operation of the Airport. The charges to the Airport Authority for the year ended December 31, 2022 were approximately \$15.7 million. Upon expiration or earlier termination of the lease term, the Airport reverts to the County and the County will continue to administer and operate the Airport. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Monroe County Airport Authority, 1200 Brooks Avenue, Rochester, New York 14624.

Monroe County Water Authority - Major Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Monroe County Water Authority (Water Authority) was established in 1951 as a public benefit corporation created by and existing under Title 5 of Article 5 of the Public Authorities Law of the State of New York. The Water Authority is authorized under the act to acquire, construct, develop, operate and manage water supply and water distribution systems within the County and the State of New York. The Water Authority maintains primary responsibility for the construction of water facilities. The Water Authority's seven-member board, which is appointed by the County Legislature, has complete responsibility for its management and financial operations. The County does not provide operating assistance to the Water Authority. However, the County Legislature's approval is needed for the Water Authority to issue bonded debt.

In 1969, the Water Authority entered into an agreement with the County whereby the Water Authority agreed to plan, construct, operate, manage, repair and maintain certain improvements to the water system which were financed and owned by the County and leased to the Water Authority for operation as part of the water system. The Water Authority's lease payments for such improvements were equal to the debt service costs associated with financing such improvements through the issuance of bonds or bond anticipation notes by the County. This obligation was satisfied in 2019 when the final payment was made. Based upon the financial interdependence of this agreement and because the County must authorize all debt issuances of the Water Authority, the Water Authority is included as a discretely presented component unit within the County's basic financial statements.

The Water Authority has its own financial system, which is independent of the County's centralized financial system, which accounts for resources received and used. Requests for financial statements should be addressed in writing to the Director of Finance and Business Services, Monroe County Water Authority, 475 Norris Drive, Rochester, New York 14610.

<u>County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency</u> – Nonmajor Discretely Presented Component Unit

On June 6, 1972, the County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency (COMIDA) was established by a special act of the County Legislature under the New York State Industrial Development Act of 1969. COMIDA's purpose is to provide, develop, encourage and assist existing and new businesses to acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip and furnish industrial facilities in the County. COMIDA is a New York State not-for-profit public benefit corporation. Based on the authority that the County Legislature has to appoint or remove COMIDA board members and significant influence the County can impose, COMIDA is included as a discretely presented component unit within the County's basic financial statements. COMIDA has its own financial system, which is independent of the County's centralized financial system, which accounts for resources received and used. Requests for financial statements from COMIDA should be addressed in writing to COMIDA, Business Office, 50 West Main Street, Suite 1150, Rochester, New York 14614.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Monroe Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation - Blended Component Unit

Monroe Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (MTASC) is a special purpose, local development corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York. MTASC was established on May 11, 2000. MTASC is an instrumentality of the County, but is a separate legal entity from the County. MTASC will have not less than three nor more than five directors, consisting of two ex-officio positions including the County Executive and the Director of Finance, up to two additional directors selected by the member of MTASC (i.e. the County Executive, ex-officio, the "member") and one independent director appointed by the member of MTASC, and thus the County is able to impose its will on MTASC. Although legally separate from the County, MTASC is a component unit of the County and accordingly, is presented in the County's financial statements as a blended component unit due to the fact that it exclusively serves the County. MTASC is blended in the governmental activities and as a nonmajor governmental (debt service) fund. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Monroe County Finance Department, 39 West Main Street, Rochester, New York 14614.

Related Organizations and Joint Ventures

Organizations for which a primary government is accountable because that government appoints a voting majority of the board, but is not financially accountable, are related organizations.

The Soil and Water Conservation District, which serves municipalities and landowners of the County, is considered a related organization of the County. Requests for financial statements from Monroe County Soil and Water Conservation District should be addressed in writing to: 1200A Scottsville Road Suite 160, Rochester, New York 14624.

C. Nonmajor Fund Deficits

The Energy fund was the only nonmajor fund with a deficit at December 31, 2022.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) concentrate on the County as a whole and do not emphasize fund types but rather a governmental or a business-type activities classification, which are presented in separate columns. The governmental activities and business-type activities comprise the primary government and are reported separately from the discretely presented component units for which the County is accountable. General governmental and intergovernmental revenues support the governmental activities, whereas the business-type activities are primarily supported by charges for services.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The statement of activities reflects the expenses of a given function or segment and demonstrates the extent to which they are offset by program revenues. Administrative overhead charges are included in function expenses. Program revenues are defined as charges for services, operating grants and contributions (which would include reimbursement for debt payments) and capital grants and contributions directly associated within a given function. Taxes and other revenues not associated with a specific function are reported under general revenues.

The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. However, the interfund services between functions are not eliminated. The internal service activity has been eliminated except for the outside activity and is combined with the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, fund equity/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers certain revenues (i.e. property taxes) to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Amounts due for State and Federal aid are generally considered available if they are expected to be collected within one year after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and certain other long-term liabilities are recorded only when payment is due.

The County has the following two major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the County's principal operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Fund - accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major equipment items and the construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds and the discretely presented component units. Funds include capital project funds for general government, public safety and fire protection, transportation, cultural, recreation and education.

Proprietary Fund Types

Airport, Hospital and Pure Waters funds are major funds with Solid Waste and Energy funds as nonmajor funds. Internal Service funds are used to account for a government's business-type activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. Proprietary fund types use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds are comprised of:

Enterprise Funds - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that provide services primarily to customers other than governments outside the financial reporting entity and are financed primarily by user charges. The enterprise funds include:

Airport Fund - accounts for the operation and maintenance of the airport. The primary revenue source for the Airport fund is reimbursement from the Airport Authority.

Hospital Fund - accounts for the County's medical facility which provides for the care and treatment of the chronically ill and is comprised of a residential health care facility. It also provides out-patient services.

Pure Waters Fund - accounts for financing of wastewater related public improvements as well as operation and maintenance services deemed to benefit the properties against which user fees are charged.

Solid Waste Fund - accounts for the planning, development, operation and maintenance of County solid waste handling facilities. Substantially all revenues are from user fees and it is the County's intention that the solid waste operation be self-supporting.

Energy Fund - accounts for the buying and selling of gas and electric commodities in large quantities for consumption by the County and other local governments. With the onset of deregulation, it was determined that it would be beneficial to the County to buy and sell the gas and electric commodities at wholesale prices.

Internal Service Funds - The internal service funds are used to account for special activities or services provided by one department of the County to other departments, to agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets, liabilities and changes in net position of those funds are reported in governmental activities. Internal service funds include: Central Services, Building Accounts, Information Services, Fleet Management, and Risk Management.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. They cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The fiduciary fund is comprised of:

Custodial Fund - Fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds or private-purpose trust funds.

E. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The accounting basis for each fund is determined by its measurement focus. The measurement focus for governmental funds is based upon determination of current financial resources. Proprietary funds and fiduciary trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared on a *full accrual basis* using the *economic resources measurement focus*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all of the eligibility requirements have been met. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are also prepared on an accrual basis.

Modified Accrual Basis - All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. The three primary revenue sources which are treated as susceptible to accrual are: (1) property tax recorded when collected during the current period or within 60 days after year end; (2) reimbursements of expenditures due from other governments are recorded primarily when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and are expected to be collected within one year after the end of the current fiscal period; and (3) sales tax, which is recorded based on the date of sales. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recorded as expenditures when paid, and compensated absences and claims/judgments, which are recognized as a liability in the applicable fund if payable with current financial resources. Allowances have been provided for any receivables where collection is doubtful. In addition, revenues relating to property taxes in the governmental funds which are not available to finance current operations have been reported as deferred inflows of resources. At the government-wide level, these are recognized as revenues

Accrual Basis – Proprietary and fiduciary fund types and discretely presented component units are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues, including unbilled amounts, are recognized when earned; expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows. Capital assets, the related outstanding debt and other long-term liabilities related to activities of the proprietary and fiduciary fund types, and the discretely presented component units are recorded within these fund types. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from the proprietary funds' principal operations, providing services, producing, and delivering goods. Non-operating revenues and expenses, such as interest and fiscal charges, are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include certificates of deposit, U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements with maturity dates of three months or less from the purchase date. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

G. Investments

Investments include certificates of deposit, U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements with maturities of more than three months from the purchase date. Investments are stated at fair value.

The County participates in the New York Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (NYCLASS) local government investment pool. NYCLASS measures its investments at fair value in accordance with Paragraph 41 of GASB Statement 79 and Paragraph 11 of GASB Statement 31, and therefore a participant's investment in NYCLASS is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy for purposes of Paragraph 81a(2) of GASB Statement 72.

H. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents include all unrestricted and restricted cash and cash equivalents of those funds. The statement of cash flows is presented using the direct method of reporting.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

I. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by governmental funds only. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

In governmental funds, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are included in the restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance amounts. Governmental funds' encumbrances, as of December 31, 2022, included \$1.8 million restricted, \$50 million committed, and \$15.3 million assigned in the general fund, \$27.6 million restricted in the capital projects fund and \$364 thousand committed and \$550 thousand assigned in other nonmajor governmental funds.

J. Inventories

The County maintains inventories of various operational supplies.

Inventories for both governmental and proprietary funds except as noted below are computed using the purchase method. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method.

Road and Pure Waters fund inventory are recorded as expenditures when consumed and valued using the moving average price method.

K. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital assets purchased or acquired at an original cost of \$10,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost for all governmental and business-type activities. Donated capital assets, works of art and similar items are reported at acquisition value rather than fair market value. Any capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair market value. Capital assets recognized under capital lease arrangements are amortized over their expected useful life or the lease term, whichever is shorter. Capital assets which are used for general governmental purposes and are not available for expenditure are accounted for and reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for routine repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from three to fifty-five years. The estimated useful lives for the major classes of depreciable capital assets include the following:

Class	Life in Years
Buildings	30-55
Improvements other than buildings	10-20
Infrastructure	35-50
Machinery and Equipment	3-15

Hospital Fund (Monroe Community Hospital)

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Depreciation expense is computed on all depreciable assets based on the straight-line method utilizing estimated lives as established by the American Hospital Association, ranging from three to forty years.

L. Compensated Absences

At the governmental and business-type activities level, liabilities for compensated absences, such as vacation and unpaid overtime, are recorded when vested and earned by the employees and payment is not dependent upon a future event. The total compensated absence liabilities attributable to the proprietary fund types and governmental funds at the government-wide level are recorded as an accrued liability in the respective funds. At the governmental fund level, liabilities for compensated absences are recorded when due and payable. The liabilities are recorded based on employees' rates of pay as of December 31, 2022 and include all payroll related liabilities. Primarily, the general fund and the road fund are used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences in the governmental funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

M. Unamortized Bond Discounts, Premiums and Refunding Gain or Loss

Bond discounts, premiums and refunding gains or losses are amortized over the term of the respective bond issues for the governmental and business-type activities, and those funds reporting on the full accrual basis. Bond premiums and discounts are included in the outstanding bond liability, whereas the refunding gain or loss is reported as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources. In the governmental funds, bond discounts, premiums and refunding gain or loss are reported as other financing sources or uses in the year that the bonds are issued.

N. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the financial statements report a separate section for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources, represents a portion of net assets that also applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

O. Medicaid Claims

Physicians, hospitals, pharmacists, and others who provide services to public assistance recipients and other individuals enrolled in the Medical Assistance Program, are entitled to reimbursement of the defined cost of such services through the Federal, State and locally-funded Medicaid programs. The County participates in a state-wide system to process and pay such claims.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Net Position/Fund Balance

Net Position

Net Position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

As of December 31, 2022 these restrictions include:

Debt Service - represents resources that have been legally restricted for debt service payments that will be made in future periods.

Capital Projects – represents funds restricted for major capital acquisitions and construction activities through borrowings or contributions.

Nonexpendable - represents the net position whose use is subject to externally imposed conditions and the County must maintain them in perpetuity.

Expendable – represents the net position whose use is subject to externally imposed conditions that can be fulfilled by certain actions or by the passage of time.

Grants and Other Purposes - represents available grants and other funds which are restricted to meet legal State or Federal requirements and other purposes.

Passenger Facility Charges - represents the cumulative unexpended passenger facility charge amounts reflected as restricted net position to be used for Federal Aviation Administration approved projects.

When net position resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's practice to use restricted funds first.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable – amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by bondholders of County debt, and State and Federal grantors through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County Legislature through resolution; amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Legislature takes the same action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned – amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose; intent is expressed by the Director of Finance-Chief Financial Officer to whom the County Legislature has delegated the authority. This category of fund balance also represents the residual amounts not otherwise reported as non-spendable, restricted, or committed in governmental funds outside of the General Fund.

Unassigned – amounts that have not been assigned to another fund or are not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's practice to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The County has a formally adopted minimum fund balance policy. To maintain fund balance stability, the policy establishes a lower and upper threshold of \$55 million to \$75 million for the combined assigned and unassigned fund balance categories within the general fund. Fund balances accumulating in excess of the upper threshold may be used in subsequent budgets to provide property tax stability, capital project funds and/or debt reduction.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORKNotes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

As of December 31, 2022 Governmental Fund Balances were classified as follows:

			N	ds		
				Debt S	Service	
	General	Capital Projects	Special Revenue	General	MTASC	Total
Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$ 1,429	\$ -	\$ 1,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,634
Due from Other Fund	25,500	-	-	-	-	25,500
Airport Bond	415	-	-	-	-	415
Prepaid Expenditures	9,753		133		12	9,898
Total Nonspendable	37,097	-	1,338		12	38,447
Restricted						
Jail Funds	-	-	6,913	-	-	6,913
Debt Service	-	-	-	8,465	13,038	21,503
STOP DWI	559	-	-	-	-	559
Handicapped Parking	66	-	-	-	-	66
Other Programs	8,095	-	-	-	-	8,095
Road Fund	-	-	3,956	-	-	3,956
Library Fund	-	-	1,311	-	-	1,311
Capital Projects		27,593				27,593
Total Restricted	8,720	27,593	12,180	8,465	13,038	69,996
Committed						
Executed Contracts	51,005	-	364	-	-	51,369
Green Space Initiative	-	-	337	-	-	337
Other Special Revenue Funds			2,125			2,125
Total Committed	51,005	-	2,826	-	-	53,831
Assigned						
CBA Settlements	12,000	-	-	-	-	12,000
Retention Bonuses	28,000	-	-	-	-	28,000
Off Contract Salary Adjustments	14,574	-	-	-	-	14,574
MCH Compensating Balance	35,478	-	-	-	-	35,478
Preschool Special Education Services	900	-	-	-	-	900
Cash Capital Transfers	14,993	-	-	-	-	14,993
Anti-Violence Campaign	8,500	-	-	-	-	8,500
Other Programs	15,326	-	-	-	-	15,326
Appropriated General Fund Debt Service	5,288	-	-	- 10,529	- 227	5,288 10,756
Total Assigned	135,059			10,529	227	145,815
•		(0.504)	-	10,020	221	
Unassigned	77,274	(3,501)				73,773
Total Fund Balance	\$ 309,155	\$ 24,092	\$ 16,344	\$ 18,994	\$ 13,277	\$ 381,862

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

R. Accounting and Reporting Change

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, during the year ended December 31, 2022. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of the lease activities reported by governments. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based upon the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize the lease liability and a corresponding intangible right-to-use lease asset for the present value of all future lease payments at the commencement of the lease. These changes were incorporated into the County's financial statements.

GASB	Statement	No. 87	Ado	ption
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Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 718,289 (561) 717,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 67,099 67,0 Capital lease payable (599) 599 Lease payable - (67,137) (67,1 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (4,380) (4,3 Net position 243,647 1,000 244,6 Total Governmental Activities 961,337 - 961,3 General Fund - 619 (6 Lease receivable - 619 (1,619) (1,6 Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund Lease receivable - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - (2,761) (2,7 Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: Hospital Capital lease payable (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7 Total	GASB Statement No.	8/ Adoption		
Lease receivable \$ - \$ 3,380 \$ 3,3 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 718,289 (561) 717,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 67,099 67,0 Capital lease payable (599) 599 Lease payable - (67,137) (67,137) (67,137) Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (4,380) (4,3,32) Net position 243,647 (1,000) 244,64 Total Governmental Activities 961,337 (- 961,337) (- 961,337) General Fund - 619 (1,619) (1,619) (1,619) Lease receivable - (1,619) (1,619) (1,619) Net position (196,880) (1,000) (195,810) (1,619) Total General Fund (196,880) (1,000) (195,810) (1,619) Internal Service Fund - 2,761 (2,761) (2,761) Lease receivable - 2,761 (2,761) (2,761) Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 (8,633) (8,6633) (8		originally		As restated
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 718,289 (561) 717,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 67,099 67,099 Capital lease payable (599) 599 Lease payable - (67,137) (67,1 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (4,380) (4,3 Net position 243,647 1,000 244,6 Total Governmental Activities 961,337 - 961,3 General Fund - 619 6 Lease receivable - (1,619) (1,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (1,619) (1,6 Total General Fund (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - 764,45 Business-type Activities: - (1,768)<	Governmental Activities:			
Net book value of right to use lease asset - 67,099 67,099 Capital lease payable (599) 599 Lease payable - (67,137) (67,1 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (4,380) (4,3 Net position 243,647 1,000 244,6 Total Governmental Activities 961,337 - 961,3 General Fund - 619 6 Lease receivable - 619 (1,6 Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - (1,768) 1,768 Installment pur	Lease receivable	\$ -	\$ 3,380	\$ 3,380
Capital lease payable (599) 599 Lease payable - (67,137) (67,1 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (4,380) (4,3 Net position 243,647 1,000 244,6 Total Governmental Activities 961,337 - 961,3 General Fund - 619 6 Lease receivable - 619 (1,619) Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (1,619) (1,6 Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (100,6 (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 2,7 1,00 (195,8 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 8,6 1,6 3,6 3,6 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 1,6 1,7 <td>Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation</td> <td>718,289</td> <td>(561)</td> <td>717,728</td>	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	718,289	(561)	717,728
Lease payable - (67,137) (67,17) Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (4,380) (4,30) Net position 243,647 (1,000) (244,60) Total Governmental Activities 961,337 (- 961,3) General Fund - 619 (1,619) (1,619) Lease receivable - (1,619) (1,619) Net position (196,880) (1,000) (195,810) Total General Fund (196,880) (1,000) (196,880) Internal Service Fund - 2,761 (2,761) Lease receivable - 2,761 (2,761) Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 (8,6) Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6) Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7) Total Internal Service Fund - (2,761) (2,7) Total Governmental Activities 764,457 (- 764,4) Business-type Activities: (1,768) (1,768) Hospital (1,768) (1,768) (1,768) Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) (1,768) Total Business-type Activities (1,768) (1,768) (1,768)	Net book value of right to use lease asset	-	67,099	67,099
Deferred inflows of resources - Leases	Capital lease payable	(599)	599	-
Net position 243,647 1,000 244,6 Total Governmental Activities 961,337 - 961,3 General Fund - 619 6 Lease receivable - (1,619) (1,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (1,619) (1,6 Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - 764,4 Business-type Activities: 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) -	Lease payable	-	(67,137)	(67,137)
Total Governmental Activities 961,337 - 961,3 General Fund - 619 6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (1,619) (1,6 Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - 764,4 Business-type Activities: 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7 - (1,7	Deferred inflows of resources - Leases	-	(4,380)	(4,380)
Capital Fund Lease receivable -	Net position	243,647	1,000	244,647
Lease receivable - 619 6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (1,619) (1,6 Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - 764,4 Business-type Activities: 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: (1,768) 1,768 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	Total Governmental Activities	961,337		961,337
Lease receivable - 619 6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (1,619) (1,6 Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	General Fund			
Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Lease receivable - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - 764,457 - 764,4 Hospital (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7		_	619	619
Net position (196,880) 1,000 (195,8 Total General Fund (196,880) - (196,8 Internal Service Fund - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - 764,457 - 764,4 Hospital (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	Deferred inflows of resources - Leases	_	(1.619)	(1,619)
Total General Fund	Net position	(196.880)	(, ,	(195,880)
Lease receivable - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) 1,768 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	•			(196,880)
Lease receivable - 2,761 2,7 Net book value of right to use lease asset - 8,633 8,6 Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) 1,768 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	Internal Service Fund			
Lease payable - (8,633) (8,6 Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7 Total Internal Service Fund - - - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - - 1,768 Hospital (1,768) 1,768 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7		-	2,761	2,761
Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7761) Total Internal Service Fund - - - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - - - 1,768 Hospital Capital lease payable (1,768) 1,768 (1,768) - (1,768) Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	Net book value of right to use lease asset	-	8,633	8,633
Deferred inflows of resources - Leases - (2,761) (2,7761) Total Internal Service Fund - - - Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: - - - 1,768 Hospital Capital lease payable (1,768) 1,768 (1,768) - (1,768) Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	Lease payable	-	(8,633)	(8,633)
Total Governmental Activities 764,457 - 764,4 Business-type Activities: Hospital (1,768) 1,768 Capital lease payable (1,768) (1,768) Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7		-		(2,761)
Business-type Activities: Hospital (1,768) 1,768 Capital lease payable (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) - (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	Total Internal Service Fund	_		
Hospital (1,768) 1,768 Capital lease payable (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	Total Governmental Activities	764,457		764,457
Capital lease payable (1,768) 1,768 Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7				
Installment purchase agreement - (1,768) (1,7 Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7	•	(1,768)	1,768	-
Total Hospital (1,768) - (1,7 Total Business-type Activities (1,768) - (1,7		-	(1,768)	(1,768)
	, ,	(1,768)	-	(1,768)
	Total Business-type Activities	(1,768)		(1,768)
Total GASB Statement No. 87 Adoption \$\frac{\$ 762,689}{} \$ - \$ 762,6	Total GASB Statement No. 87 Adoption	\$ 762,689	\$ -	\$ 762,689

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

2. Real Property Tax

Section 10 of Article VIII of the State Constitution dictates the amount which may be raised in the County by tax on real property, in any fiscal year, for County purposes. This amount may not exceed 1.5 percent of the five-year average full valuation of taxable real property of the County, less certain deductions as specified within.

The computation in accordance with the constitutional provision for the calendar year 2022 budget is (000's omitted):

Five-year average full valuation of taxable real property	\$46,372,538
Tax limit (1.5% of 5-year average full valuation of property)	695,588
Total Tax levy and charges subject to limit Less: Exclusions from tax limit Total tax levy subject to taxing power limit	434,069 (62,245) 371,824
Tax margin (Unused Taxing Power)	\$ 323,764

Real property taxes include the property tax levy, delinquent taxes, and sales tax attributable to the towns in consideration for credits given to the towns' residents on their property tax bills. County real property taxes are levied annually and become a lien on January 1. Taxes for County purposes are levied together with taxes for town and town special district purposes, and with user charges of the various Pure Waters districts. Pursuant to State Law, the County guarantees the collection of town and town special district property taxes.

Towns are empowered to collect both County and town property tax warrants, which initially expire on January 31, through June 1, after which collection and enforcement procedures revert to the County Treasurer. The Monroe County Tax Act also empowers the City Treasurer to collect County taxes and user fees, levied on property situated within the City of Rochester, through February 15. Unlike procedures in effect for the towns, the County Treasurer also collects County taxes and fees on property situated in the City concurrently with the City Treasurer. Full payments are due before February 10. After February 10, interest accrues at a rate of 1.5% per month. The County also allows for installment payments with accrued interest on February 28, March 31, and April 30.

On August 20 of each year, the County purchases the tax liens on all properties for which there are unpaid property taxes. The tax lien, if still unpaid upon the expiration of one year from the August 20 tax sale date, qualifies the subject property for tax foreclosure proceedings. Unpaid taxes resulting from tax levies, which are identified as tax sale certificates, are required to be reported as deferred inflows of resources on the basis that they are not available to finance current operations. Those collected within the first sixty days of the following year are recorded as revenue at the governmental fund level. For the governmental activities, all uncollected tax sale certificates are recorded as revenue in the year levied.

3. Sales Tax

Monroe County and the State of New York each currently impose sales and use tax. The State of New York imposes a sales and use tax of four percent and the County imposes four percent making a total of eight percent imposed within the County. The County's sales and use tax is composed of an original three percent and an additional one percent authorized by State law. The current law provides for continuation of the additional one percent through November 30, 2023.

The County's original three percent tax is allocated through a complex formula among the City of Rochester (approximately 35.6 percent), the towns and villages (approximately 30.2 percent) and suburban school districts (approximately 18.1 percent) with the County retaining the balance (approximately 16.1 percent). The additional one percent tax is allocated through another sharing formula whereby the towns (3 percent), villages (1.25 percent) and school districts (5 percent) each receive a percentage share. The remaining balance of the additional one percent is divided between the City of Rochester and the County so that when added to the original three percent tax, the total share (4 percent) for the City of Rochester and the County is equal.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

4. Deposits and Investments

A. Deposit and Investment Policies

The County maintains an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, state and other legal requirements; provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due; and attainment of a market rate of return. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Director of Finance – Chief Financial Officer.

B. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The County has no long-term investments that expose it to significant interest rate risk.

NYCLASS: The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of NYCLASS at September 30, 2022, was 36 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of NYCLASS at September 30, 2022, is 42 days.

C. Credit Risk

For investments, credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a counterparty, the County may not be able to recover the value of its investments. New York State General Municipal Law and the County's Investment and Deposit Policy authorize the County to purchase the following types of investments:

- Obligations of the United States of America
- Obligations guaranteed by the United States of America where payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America
- Obligations of the State of New York
- Special time deposit accounts
- Certificates of Deposits
- Repurchase agreements limited to obligations of the United States of America, or obligations whose principal and interest are fully guaranteed, or insured by the United States of America. The term of each agreement shall generally not exceed 180 days. The agreement shall be confirmed in writing by the seller, and each security purchased under the agreement shall be specifically identified, segregated from the assets of the seller and delivered for safekeeping into an account designated and controlled by the County. Also, each seller shall enter into a master Repurchase Agreement with the County which shall specify the rights and obligations of the County and the Seller in all transactions
- Obligations of public authorities, public housing authorities, urban renewal agencies, and industrial development agencies where the general State statutes governing such entities or whose specific enabling legislation authorizes such investments
- Obligations issued pursuant to New York State Local Finance Law Section 24.00 and 25.00 (with approval of the New York State Comptroller) by any municipality, school district or district corporation other than the County of Monroe, New York

NYCLASS is rated by S&P Global Ratings. The current rating is 'AAAm.'

The County has no investments that expose it to significant credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

D. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the County may not recover its deposits. In accordance with New York State General Municipal Law and the County's Investment and Deposit Policy, all deposits of the County including certificates of deposits and special time deposits, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to the aggregate amount of deposits. The County restricts the securities to the following eligible items; (a) obligations issued, or fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States of America, an agency thereof or a United States government sponsored corporation; (b) obligations issued or fully guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and the African Development Bank; (c) obligations partially insured or guaranteed by any agency of the United States of America; (d) obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the State of New York, obligations issued by municipal corporation, school district or district corporation of New York State or obligations of any public benefit corporation which under a specific State statute may be accepted as security for deposit of public monies; (e) obligations issued by states (other than the State of New York) of the United States rated in one of the two highest rating categories by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization; (f) obligations of Puerto Rico rated in the highest rating category by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization; (g) obligations of counties, cities and other governmental entities of a state other than the State of New York having the power to levy taxes that are backed by the full faith and credit of such governmental entity and rated in one of the two highest categories by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization; (h) obligations of domestic corporations rated in one of the two highest rating categories by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization; and (i) Zero coupon obligations of the United States of America marketed as "treasury strips".

As of December 31, 2022, \$238.8 million of the County's deposits of \$241.1 million, which are included in cash and cash equivalents, was exposed to custodial credit risk. This credit risk was uninsured and either collateralized by securities or money market funds held by the pledging bank's trust department not in the County's name or covered by a letter of credit agreement. The County has, as part of the working bank contract with Upstate National Bank, a letter of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York. Under which, the Bank has agreed to provide to the County the letter of credit in the amount of \$25.9 million. The agreement provides for collateralization of the County's uninsured cash balances at Upstate National Bank. As of December 31, 2022, \$25.9 million was unused and available. The difference of the above amounts is insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

2. Investments

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that a government will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the transaction fails. The County's Investment and Deposit Policy requires that all investments be registered or insured in the County's name and held in the custody of the bank or the bank's trust department. The County requires that all repurchase agreements be limited to obligations of the United States of America or obligations whose principal and interest are fully guaranteed, or insured by the United States of America. At year end, the County had no custodial credit risk related to repurchase agreements since no repurchase agreements were purchased or outstanding during 2022.

E. Concentration of Credit Risk

The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At year end the County had investments in U.S. Treasury obligation and participated in NYCLASS.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

F. Fair Value of Investments

The County's investment are recorded at fair value. Investments held at the end of 2022 are as follows:

		Invest	ment Maturity	
Investment Type	Fair value	Wi	thin 1 Year	Total
U.S. Treasury obligations Cash (NYCLASS)	\$ 261,954 44,133	\$	261,954 44.133	\$ 261,954 44,133
Casii (NTCLASS)	44,133		44,133	44,133
Total Investments	\$ 306,087	\$	306,087	\$ 306,087

United States Treasury obligations are considered level 1 investments. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

5. Custodial Accounts

Custodial assets refer to cash and cash equivalents held by the County for a third party. The Hospital holds \$0.9 million of funds owned by its patients and residents at the end of 2022.

6. Due to Other Governments

In the 2022 government-wide and fund financial statements, the category "due to other governments" balance of \$121.8 million includes primarily sales tax collections of \$84 million and school tax collections of \$26.5 million that are due to other municipalities within the County. The remaining amount is mostly comprised of \$10.8 million Social Services and Public Health dollars due to New York State and the Federal Government.

7. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certain County cash and cash equivalents, excluding funds held by trustee, custodial accounts, and securities and retained percentages as of December 31, 2022 are restricted to the following uses:

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents									
	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Other	Total					
Governmental Activities:									
Major Governmental Funds									
Capital Projects	\$ 63,897	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,897					
Debt Service	-	21,503	-	21,503					
Internal Service	8,578	280		8,858					
Total Governmental Activities	72,475	21,783		94,258					
Business-type Activities: Major Business-type Funds									
Airport	184	-	-	184					
Hospital	1,787	6	-	1,793					
Pure Waters	8,748	2		8,750					
Total Major Business-type Funds	10,719	8	-	10,727					
Nonmajor Business-type Funds									
Solid Waste	363			363					
Total Business-type Activities	11,082	8		11,090					
Fiduciary Funds:									
Custodial			21,292	21,292					
Total Fiduciary Funds			21,292	21,292					
Total Restricted Cash and Cash									
Equivalents	\$ 83,557	\$ 21,791	\$ 21,292	\$ 126,640					

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Restrictions for capital projects mainly represent funds raised through debt issuances for this purpose. Restrictions for debt service represent interest earned, unexpended proceeds and/or other assets specifically required under New York State's Local Finance Law to reduce future debt service payments. Restrictions for custodial funds are primarily composed of mortgage tax monies.

8. Receivables and Payables

A. Accounts Receivable

As of December 31, 2022 receivables are summarized as follows (000's omitted):

Accounts Receivable

		Taxes and essments	Returned School Taxes	Other Accounts Receivable		Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		Total	
Governmental Activities: Major Governmental Funds									
General Fund	\$	24,222	\$ 24,763	\$	14,379	\$	-	\$	63,364
Capital Projects Total Major Governmental Funds		24,222	24,763		144 14,523				144 63,508
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Special Revenue Debt Service		- -	-		12,651 11,297		(587)		12,064 11,297
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			<u>-</u>		23,948		(587)		23,361
Internal Service					59				59
Total Governmental Activities		24,222	24,763		38,530		(587)		86,928
Business-type Activities: Major Business-type Funds									
Airport		-	-		150		-		150
Hospital		-	-		7,697		(1,286)		6,411
Pure Waters Total Major Business-type Funds		-			451 8,298	-	(1,286)		451 7,012
Nonmajor Business-type Funds Solid Waste					2,506		-		2,506
Total Business-type Activities		-			10,804		(1,286)		9,518
Total Accounts Receivable, net	\$	24,222	\$ 24,763	\$	49,334	\$	(1,873)	\$	96,446

The nonmajor governmental funds receivable of \$23.4 million is comprised primarily of Tobacco Settlement Revenues due to MTASC of \$11.3 million, and community development loans issued of \$11.7 million, net of \$587 thousand which is estimated to be not collectable as some loans may be converted to grant awards. Business-type activity accounts receivable are comprised primarily of \$2.5 million for solid waste user fees, and \$6.4 million, net relating to patient accounts and third-party settlements in the Hospital.

B. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

The accounts payable and accrued liabilities balances in governmental activities include approximately 55 percent payable to vendors and 45 percent accrued salaries and benefits. The accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the business-type activities include approximately 79 percent payable to vendors and 21 percent accrued salaries and benefits. The accounts payable and accrued liabilities balances in governmental funds include approximately 90 percent payable to vendors and 10 percent accrued salaries and benefits. The accounts payable and accrued liabilities balances in proprietary funds approximate 35 percent payable to vendors and 65 percent accrued salaries and benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

C. Deferred Inflows/Unearned Revenues

At the governmental fund level, revenues that are measurable but not available to finance current operations have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

D. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues in the general fund as of December 31, 2022 includes; American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, state aid advances for social services and mental health programs. Deferred inflows of resources in the general fund represent lease receivables, property tax receivables and opioid settlement receivables. Deferred inflows of resources for nonmajor governmental funds include community development program loans to be repaid to the County and MTASC tobacco settlement revenues.

9. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the County's **governmental activities** consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Capital Asset Activity – Governmental Activities

		Beginning Balance			Capitalization of AUC		Ending Balance			
	(as restated) Increases		Dec	creases						
Governmental Activities:					-					
Nondepreciable Assets										
Land	\$	29,323	\$	58	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,381
Assets under Construction		87,037		56,962		-		(38,202)		105,797
Total Nondepreciable Assets		116,360		57,020				(38,202)		135,178
Depreciable Assets										
Buildings		208,121		-		-		-		208,121
Infrastructure	1	,058,269		-		(8,726)		9,506	•	1,059,049
Improvements other than Buildings		294,017		25		(104)		19,350		313,288
Machinery and Equipment		189,775		4,705		(16,512)		9,346		187,314
Total Depreciable Assets	1	,750,182		4,730		(25,342)		38,202		1,767,772
Less Accumulated Depreciation										
Buildings		(139,110)		(4,659)		-		-		(143,769)
Infrastructure		(671,677)		(30,852)		8,696		-		(693,833)
Improvements other than Buildings		(181,710)		(9,881)		99		-		(191,492)
Machinery and Equipment		(156,317)		(9,706)		15,751				(150,272)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1	,148,814)		(55,098)		24,546		-	(1	1,179,366)
Total Depreciable Assets, Net		601,368		(50,368)		(796)		38,202		588,406
Lease Assets										
Buildings		11,988		-		-		-		11,988
Machinery and Equipment		734		533		-		-		1,267
Other		54,377		2,713				-		57,090
Total Lease Assets		67,099		3,246						70,345
Less Accumulated Amortization										
Buildings		-		(2,538)		-		-		(2,538)
Machinery and Equipment		-		(371)		-		-		(371)
Other				(2,630)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(2,630)
Total Accumulated Amortization		-		(5,539)		-		-		(5,539)
Total Lease Assets, Net		67,099		(2,293)		_				64,806
Capital Assets, Net	\$	784,827	\$	4,359	\$	(796)	\$		\$	788,390

Assets under Construction (AUC) include work in progress on buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the County for the year ended December 31, 2022 as follows (000's omitted):

Depreciation/Amortization Expense Charged to Functions/Programs

Governmental Activities:	Amount
General government	\$ 13,603
Public safety	11,678
Health and welfare	1,035
Culture, recreation and education	4,004
Transportation	30,033
Total	\$ 60,353

Capital asset activity of the County's **business-type activities** consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Capital Asset Activity - Business-type Activities

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Capitalization of AUC	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:					
Nondepreciable Assets					
Land	\$ 28,022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,022
Assets under Construction	46,163	37,880		(22,407)	61,636
Total Nondepreciable Assets	74,185	37,880		(22,407)	89,658
Depreciable Assets					
Buildings	258,818	-	(259)	-	258,559
Infrastructure	686,653	-	(100)	-	686,553
Improvements other than Buildings	616,349	100	(290)	20,097	636,256
Machinery and Equipment	115,878	827	(2,589)	2,310	116,426
Total Depreciable Assets	1,677,698	927	(3,238)	22,407	1,697,794
Total Investments in Capital Assets	1,751,883	38,807	(3,238)		1,787,452
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings .	(204,901)	(4,161)	103	-	(208,959)
Infrastructure	(670,330)	(3,675)	5	-	(674,000)
Improvements other than Buildings	(339,908)	(22,656)	49	-	(362,515)
Machinery and Equipment	(95,901)	(4,010)	2,441		(97,470)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,311,040)	(34,502)	2,598		(1,342,944)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 440,843	\$ 4,305	\$ (640)	\$ -	\$ 444,508

Assets under Construction (AUC) include work in progress on buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORKNotes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Capital asset activity of the County's airport enterprise fund consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Airport Enterprise Fund – Capital Asset Activity

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Capitalization of AUC	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:		·			
Nondepreciable Assets					
Land	\$ 19,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,080
Assets under Construction	17,861	12,453		(15,833)	14,481
Total Nondepreciable Assets	36,941	12,453		(15,833)	33,561
Depreciable Assets					
Buildings	53,963	-	-	-	53,963
Infrastructure	100	-	(100)	-	-
Improvements other than Buildings	370,667	100	(290)	15,726	386,203
Machinery and Equipment	21,666		(126)	107	21,647
Total Depreciable Assets	446,396	100	(516)	15,833	461,813
Total Investments in Capital Assets	483,337	12,553	(516)		495,374
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	(21,966)	(1,368)	-	-	(23,334)
Infrastructure	(3)	(2)	5	-	-
Improvements other than Buildings	(218,181)	(13,064)	49	-	(231,196)
Machinery and Equipment	(13,543)	(1,435)	121		(14,857)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(253,693)	(15,869)	175		(269,387)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 229,644	\$ (3,316)	\$ (341)	\$ -	\$ 225,987

Assets under Construction (AUC) include work in progress on improvements.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORKNotes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Capital asset activity of the County's hospital enterprise fund consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Hospital Enterprise Fund - Capital Asset Activity

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Capitalization of AUC	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:					
Nondepreciable Assets					
Land	\$ 109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109
Assets under Construction	3,335	1,660		(1,635)	3,360
Total Nondepreciable Assets	3,444	1,660		(1,635)	3,469
Depreciable Assets					
Buildings	126,679	-	(259)	-	126,420
Improvements other than Buildings	6,999	-	-	602	7,601
Machinery and Equipment	31,491		(752)	1,033	31,772
Total Depreciable Assets	165,169		(1,011)	1,635	165,793
Total Investments in Capital Assets	168,613	1,660	(1,011)		169,262
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	(118,674)	(1,731)	103	-	(120,302)
Improvements other than Buildings	(3,906)	(214)	-	-	(4,120)
Machinery and Equipment	(25,709)	(1,109)	708		(26,110)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(148,289)	(3,054)	811		(150,532)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 20,324	\$ (1,394)	\$ (200)	\$ -	\$ 18,730

Assets under Construction (AUC) include work in progress on buildings, infrastructure and equipment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Capital asset activity of the County's **pure waters enterprise fund** consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Pure Waters Enterprise Fund - Capital Asset Activity

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Capitalization of AUC	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:					,
Nondepreciable Assets					
Land	\$ 2,371	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,371
Assets under Construction	24,868	23,074		(4,939)	43,003
Total Nondepreciable Assets	27,239	23,074		(4,939)	45,374
Depreciable Assets					
Buildings	67,999	-	-	-	67,999
Infrastructure	686,553	-	-	-	686,553
Improvements other than Buildings	226,905	-	-	3,769	230,674
Machinery and Equipment	58,341	674	(1,170)	1,170	59,015
Total Depreciable Assets	1,039,798	674	(1,170)	4,939	1,044,241
Total Investments in Capital Assets	1,067,037	23,748	(1,170)		1,089,615
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	(54,270)	(1,028)	-	-	(55,298)
Infrastructure	(670,327)	(3,673)	-	-	(674,000)
Improvements other than Buildings	(107,786)	(9,201)	-	-	(116,987)
Machinery and Equipment	(53,854)	(1,184)	1,109		(53,929)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(886,237)	(15,086)	1,109		(900,214)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 180,800	\$ 8,662	\$ (61)	\$ -	\$ 189,401

Assets under Construction (AUC) include work in progress on buildings, improvements and infrastructure.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Capital asset activity of the County's **solid waste enterprise fund** consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Solid Waste Enterprise Fund - Capital Asset Activity

	eginning Balance	Inci	reases	Dec	reases	lization \UC	Ending salance
Business-type Activities:							
Nondepreciable Assets							
Land	\$ 6,462	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,462
Assets under Construction	 99		693			 	 792
Total Nondepreciable Assets	 6,561		693			 	 7,254
Depreciable Assets							
Buildings	10,177		-		-	-	10,177
Improvements other than Buildings	11,778		-		-	-	11,778
Machinery and Equipment	 4,380		153		(541)	 	3,992
Total Depreciable Assets	 26,335		153		(541)		25,947
Total Investments in Capital Assets	32,896		846		(541)		 33,201
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Buildings	(9,991)		(34)		-	-	(10,025)
Improvements other than Buildings	(10,035)		(177)		-	-	(10,212)
Machinery and Equipment	 (2,795)		(282)		503	 	(2,574)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 (22,821)		(493)		503		 (22,811)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 10,075	\$	353	\$	(38)	\$ 	\$ 10,390

Assets under Construction (AUC) include work in progress on improvements and equipment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

10. Indebtedness and Certain Long-term Obligations

A. Short Term Indebtedness

The County had a total of \$6.0 million in outstanding notes payable as of December 31, 2022. This was solely comprised of bond anticipation notes (BANS).

During 2022, the County issued a total of \$6.0 million in bond anticipation notes for highway lighting rehabilitation.

The following is a summary of changes in notes payable for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Changes in Notes Payable - Primary Government

	-	inning ance	Ad	dditions	Dedu	ıctions	Ending alance
Governmental Activities: Capital Project Funds-Bond Anticipation Notes	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$ 6,000
Total Governmental Activities		-		6,000			6,000
Total Notes Payable	\$	_	\$	6,000	\$	_	\$ 6,000

Notes payable for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted) are as follows:

Notes Payable - Primary Government

	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Α	mount
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Projects Fund Public Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes	11/22/2022	3.98%	4/22/2023	\$	6,000
Total Governmental Activities					6,000
Total Notes Payable				\$	6,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

B. Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities for the primary government as of December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Long-term Lia	bilities – Primar	y Government
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Long-term Liabilities – Primary Government						
	Beginning Balance (as restated)	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion	
Governmental Activities:						
Leases payable	\$ 67,137	\$ 3,246	\$ (4,258)	\$ 66,125	\$ 4,215	
Bonds payable	648,411	30,864	(36,377)	642,898	40,000	
Net pension liability	785		(785)			
Total postemployment benefits						
other than pension	470,997		(94,484)	376,513		
Other Long-term Liabilities Federal, state and other long-term						
liabilities	12,400	5,720	(5,900)	12,220	3,383	
Compensated absences	33,075	21,087	(18,131)	36,031	18,045	
Total Other Long-term Liabilities	45,475	26,807	(24,031)	48,251	21,428	
Total Governmental Long-term Liabilities	\$ 1,232,805	\$ 60,917	\$ (159,935)	\$ 1,133,787	\$ 65,643	
Business-type Activities: Installment Purchase Agreement Bonds payable Net pension liability Total postemployment benefits other than pension	\$ 1,768 169,770 761 55,742	\$ - 6,889 -	\$ (862) (24,454) (567) (11,106)	\$ 906 152,205 194 44,636	\$ 906 16,105 -	
Other Long-term Liabilities Compensated absences	3,927	3,889	(3,614)	4,202	2,927	
Total Other Long-term Liabilities	3,927	3,889	(3,614)	4,202	2,927	
Total Business-type Long-term Liabilities	\$ 231,968	\$ 10,778	\$ (40,603)	\$ 202,143	\$ 19,938	

The current portion of compensated absences is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the statement of net position. The County borrows funds on a long-term basis for the purpose of financing acquisitions of land, equipment, construction of buildings and improvements. This policy enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. The liability for long-term debt for governmental funds appears on the government-wide statements, and is shown on the reconciliation between the fund level and the government-wide statements. The liability for long-term debt for proprietary funds is presented in the statement of net position. Interest expense for business-type activities that is directly related to the enterprise fund is included as a direct function expense.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORKNotes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Bonds Payable – Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:					
Governmental Funds	\$ 577,440	\$ 27,518	\$ (27,717)	\$ 577,241	\$ 32,445
Internal Service Funds	70,971	3,346	(8,660)	65,657	 7,555
Total Governmental Activities	648,411	30,864	(36,377)	642,898	40,000
Business-type Activities:					
Airport	27,104	-	(9,264)	17,840	2,993
Hospital	11,817	3,893	(3,311)	12,399	2,001
Pure Waters	128,577	2,967	(11,428)	120,116	10,827
Solid Waste	2,272	29	(451)	1,850	 284
Total Business-type Activities	169,770	6,889	(24,454)	152,205	16,105
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 818,181	\$ 37,753	\$ (60,831)	\$ 795,103	\$ 56,105

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORKNotes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

The following is a summary of serial bonded indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Bonds Payable – Primary Government

			•••••		
	Original Amount	Date of Bonds	Interest Rate Percent	Final Maturity	Outstanding Amount
Governmental Activities:					
Governmental Funds					
Bonds issued by the County					
GO Refunding Bonds - 2012	\$ 35,299	4/3/2012	4.00	2023	\$ 149
Public Stadium Refunding 2014	8,630	1015/2014	3.49/3.59	2024	1,915
PI Refunding Bonds - 2015-A	22,426	3/26/2015	5.00	2027	4,422
PI Refunding Bonds - 2015-B	827	3/26/2015	4.00	2024	236
PI- 2015	35,606	6/30/2015	3.00/5.00	2033	13,381
PI-2016	15,021	6/29/2016	2.00/5.00	2031	7,701
PI-2016-B	72,099	10/27/2016	3.00/5.00	2034	33,272
PI-2017	21,016	6/27/2017	3.00/5.00	2032	12,640
PI-2018	34,696	6/26/2018	3.00/5.00	2038	25,084
PI-2019-A	34,584	6/25/2019	3.00/5.00	2039	26,415
PI Refunding-2019	6,304	4/18/2019	5.00	2029	3,092
GO Refunding Bonds - 2020	8,699	6/4/2020	4.00/5.00	2030	6,119
PI-2021	35,784	6/30/2021	2.00/5.00	2041	35,716
GO Refunding Bonds - 2021	8,990	8/10/2021	5.00	2031	7,169
PI-2022	25,168	6/29/2022	4.00/5.00	2042	25,168
	•				202,479
Add: Unamortized bond premium					28,886
Total Bonds Issued by the County					231,365
Bonds Issued by MTASC					
MTASC Series 2005	157,720	8/25/2005	5.00/6.65	2060	124,140
MTASC Series 2006	14,579	2/7/2006	7.70	2061	14,579
MTASC Series 2010	63,100	6/1/2010	6.25	2060	63,100
minited control 2010	33,133	0/1/2010	0.20	2000	201,819
Add: Accretion of capital appreciat	ion bonds				98,868
Less: Unamortized bond discount					(1,742)
Total Banda Issued by MTASC					
Total Bonds Issued by MTASC					\$ 298,945

^{*}PI: Public Improvement, GO: General Obligation

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

> Bonds Payable - Primary Government (continued) Original Date of Interest Rate Final Outstanding Amount **Bonds** Percent Maturity Amount Governmental Activities (continued): Bonds Issued by the County for Monroe Community College (MCC) PI Refunding - 2015-A 624 5.00 2025 \$ 182 \$ 3/26/2015 PI Refunding - 2015-B 37 3/26/2015 4.00 2024 11 PI-2015 16,790 6/30/2015 3.00/5.00 2035 9,251 PI-2016 15,564 6/29/2016 2.00/5.00 2036 10,945 PI-2016-B 13,000 10/27/2016 3.00/5.00 2036 10,064 PI-2017 8,000 3.00/5.00 2037 5,829 6/27/2017 PI-2018 2,190 3.00/5.00 2038 871 6/26/2018 PI Refunding-2019 3.225 4/18/2019 5.00 2029 2,176 GO Refunding Bonds - 2020 2,365 6/4/2020 4.00/5.00 2030 1,910 GO Refunding Bonds - 2021 1,136 8/10/2021 5.00 2031 1,007 42,246 Add: Unamortized bond premium 4,685 Total Bonds Issued by the County for MCC 46,931 **Total Governmental Funds** 577,241 Internal Service Funds PI Refunding - 2015-A 8,116 3/26/2015 5.00 2027 2,580 PI Refunding - 2015-B 251 3/26/2015 4.00 2024 72 PI-2015 10,199 6/30/2015 3.00/5.00 2031 2,597 PI-2016 5,997 2035 1,835 6/29/2016 2.00/5.00 PI-2017 4,500 6/27/2017 3.00/5.00 2037 818 PI-2018 19,037 6/27/2017 3.00/5.00 2038 13,443 PI-2019A 2,553 6/25/2019 3.00/5.00 2039 2,022 PI Refunding-2019 3,516 4/18/2019 5.00 2029 2,434 GO Refunding Bonds - 2020 11,128 6/4/2020 4.00/5.00 2030 8,921 18,545 6/30/2021 2.00/5.00 2041 17,689 PI-2021 GO Refunding Bonds - 2021 4,850 5.00 2031 8/10/2021 4,181 PI-2022 3,050 6/29/2022 4.00/5.00 2042 3,050 59,642 Add: Unamortized bond premium 6,015 65,657 Total Internal Service Funds

> > \$ 642,898

Total Governmental Activities

^{*}PI: Public Improvement, GO: General Obligation

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORKNotes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Bonds F	Payable – Prim	nary Governme	nt (continued)		
	Original	Date of	Interest Rate	Final	Outstanding
	Amount	Bonds	Percent	Maturity	Amount
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds issued by the County					
Airport Fund					
GO Refunding Bonds - 2012	2,942	4/3/2012	4.00	2023	\$ 3
PI Refunding - 2015-A	1,748	3/26/2015	5.00	2025	495
PI Refunding - 2015-B	101	3/26/2015	4.00	2024	29
PI-2019-B	22,570	6/25/2019	5.00	2027	15,095
					15,622
Add: Unamortized bond premium					2,218
Total Airport Fund					17,840
Pure Waters Fund					
GO Refunding Bonds - 2012	\$ 4,490	4/3/2012	3.75/4.00	2023	13
PI-2014	22,920	7/2/2014	2.00/5.00	2034	14,885
PI Refunding - 2015-A	25,643	3/26/2015	4.00/5.00	2027	9,414
PI Refunding - 2015-B	714	3/26/2015	4.00	2024	204
PI-2015	16,900	6/30/2015	3.00/5.00	2035	11,849
PI-2016	16,147	6/29/2016	2.00/5.00	2036	9,580
PI-2016-B	3,615	10/27/2016	3.00/5.00	2036	2,724
PI-2017	8,359	6/27/2017	3.00/5.00	2037	6,613
PI-2018	19,889	6/26/2018	3.00/5.00	2038	17,207
PI-2019-A	6,874	6/25/2019	3:00/5:00	2039	6,273
PI Refunding-2019	8,952	4/18/2019	3.00/5.00	2038	6,175
GO Refunding Bonds - 2020	7,373	6/4/2020	4.00/5.00	2030	5,973
PI-2021	6,244	6/30/2021	2.00/5.00	2041	6,133
GO Refunding Bonds - 2021	10,922	8/10/2021	5.00	2031	9,890
PI-2022	2,738	6/29/2022	4.00/5.00	2042	2,738
					109,671
Add: Unamortized bond premium					10,445
Total Pure Waters Fund					\$ 120,116

^{*}PI: Public Improvement, GO: General Obligation

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Total Primary Government

Bonds Payable – Primary Government (continued) Original Date of Interest Rate Final Outstanding Amount **Bonds** Percent Amount Maturity **Business-type Activities (continued):** Bonds issued by the County **Hospital Fund** 866 3/26/2015 5.00 208 PI Refunding - 2015-A 2025 \$ PI Refunding - 2015-B 43 3/26/2015 4.00 2024 12 PI-2015 4,065 6/30/2015 3.00/5.00 2035 1,049 PI-2016 1,920 2031 6/29/2016 2.00/5.00 584 PI-2017 2031 280 1,245 6/27/2017 3.00/5.00 PI-2018 2038 244 1,813 6/26/2018 3.00/5.00 PI-2019-A 5,885 6/25/2019 3.00/5.00 2039 2,180 PI Refunding-2019 652 4/18/2019 5.00 2038 75 GO Refunding Bonds - 2020 35 6/4/2020 4.00/5.00 2030 22 PI-2021 2,658 6/30/2021 2.00/5.00 2041 2,658 GO Refunding Bonds - 2021 599 8/10/2021 5.00 2031 436 PI-2021 3,620 6/29/2022 4.00/5.00 2042 3,620 11,368 Add: Unamortized bond premium 1,031 Total Hospital Fund 12,399 Solid Waste Fund PI Refunding - 2015-A 2,107 3/26/2015 5.00 2025 623 PI Refunding - 2015-B 127 3/26/2015 4.00 2024 36 6/30/2015 3.00/5.00 253 PI-2015 1,470 2035 PI-2018 190 6/29/2018 3.00/5.00 2038 46 PI-2021 6/30/2021 2.00/5.00 574 298 2041 GO Refunding Bonds - 2021 8/10/2021 574 5.00 2031 123 PI-2022 27 6/29/2022 4.00/5.00 2042 27 1,682 Add: Unamortized bond premium 168 Total Solid Waste Fund 1,850 **Total Business-type Activities** 152,205

795,103

^{*}PI: Public Improvement, GO: General Obligation, EI: Environmental Improvement

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

C. Future Debt Service

The following is a schedule of annual principal and interest payments on bonds outstanding for the primary government as of December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Principal and Interest Payments - Primary Government

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities								
		ernmental Funds	Internal Service	Airport	Hospital	Pure Waters	Solid Waste	Total Primary Government
Principal								
2023	\$	32,445	\$ 7,555	\$ 2,993	\$ 2,001	\$ 10,827	\$ 284	\$ 56,105
2024		32,068	6,801	3,134	1,762	11,056	286	55,107
2025		29,596	6,920	3,280	1,726	11,140	288	52,950
2026		24,797	5,704	3,245	1,529	9,143	70	44,488
2027		23,346	5,599	2,970	578	8,932	69	41,494
2028 - 2032		77,755	18,344	-	2,068	35,151	316	133,634
2033 - 2037		22,909	6,805	-	929	20,103	239	50,985
2038 - 2042		123,647	1,914	-	775	3,319	130	129,785
2043 - 2047		35,465	-	-	-	-	-	35,465
2048 - 2052		5,387	-	-	-	-	-	5,387
2053 - 2057		8,924	-	-	-	-	-	8,924
2058 - 2062		30,205	-	-	-	-	-	30,205
Total Principal		446,544	59,642	15,622	11,368	109,671	1,682	644,529
Interest								
2023		19,000	2,497	706	556	4,218	63	27,040
2024		16,903	2,081	553	391	3,646	48	23,622
2025		15,370	1,738	393	304	3,115	34	20,954
2026		14,035	1,423	230	223	2,641	25	18,577
2027		12,901	1,146	74	173	2,240	22	16,556
2028 - 2032		53,143	2,567	-	555	6,532	70	62,867
2033 - 2037		44,697	706	_	242	1,785	26	47,456
2038 - 2042		35,578	78	_	76	128	5	35,865
2043 - 2047		4,433	-	_	_	-	_	4,433
2048 - 2052		66,578	_	_	_	_	_	66,578
2053 - 2057		193,791	_	_	_	_	_	193,791
2058 - 2062		1,531,395	-	_	-	_	_	1,531,395
Total Interest		2,007,824	12,236	1,956	2,520	24,305	293	2,049,134
Total Principal								
and Interest	\$:	2,454,368	\$ 71,878	\$ 17,578	\$ 13,888	\$ 133,976	\$ 1,975	\$ 2,693,663

Approximately \$340 million of the total principal is anticipated to be financed by user charges or tobacco settlement revenues. The remainder will be financed through the real property tax levy, general County revenues or existing reserves available for the retirement of debt. All proprietary fund debt is secured by the County's full faith and credit. Starting in 2060, interest payments include the tobacco settlement capital appreciation bonds, which mature from 2060 through 2061.

D. Advance refunding

The County used available funds to advance refund \$5.3 million of the public improvement refunding – 2019 which had an interest rate of 5.0% and were to mature in 2024. The County deposited \$5.7 million in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result the public improvement refunding – 2019 are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

11. Leases

Lessor Agreements

The County's leasing operations consist of office space to the City of Rochester and a baseball stadium to Rochester Community Baseball. The leases receivable were discounted to a net present value at December 31, 2022 using a 4.31% interest rate.

Activity of lease inflows for the year ending December 31, 2022 (000's omitted) is summarized as follows:

Lessor	Agreements

	Gove	ernmental	ities			
			Inte	rnal		
	Ge	eneral	Ser	vice		
	Fund			nds	Total	
Lease-related revenue						
Building	\$	102	\$	-	\$	102
Office Space			2	291		291
Total lease revenue		102	2	291		393
Interest revenue		27	1	12		139
Total lease-related revenue	\$	129	\$ 4	103	\$	532

Future minimum lease payments due to the County as of December 31, 2022 (000's omitted) were as follows:

Lessor	Aar	eeme	ents
Leggoi	Aui		711L3

	al					
	_	General Fund		Internal Service		Total
Principal						
2023	\$	-	\$	256	\$	256
2024		-		268		268
2025		-		279		279
2026		-		292		292
2027		-		305		305
2028 - 2032		179		1,086		1,265
2033 - 2037		440				440
Total Principal		619		2,486		3,105
Interest						
2023		-		104		104
2024		-		92		92
2025		-		80		80
2026		-		68		68
2027		-		55		55
2028 - 2032		321		84		405
2033 - 2037		60				60
Total Interest		381		483		864
Total Future Receipts	\$	1,000	\$ 2	2,969	\$	3,969

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Lessee Agreements

The County leases a variety of buildings, equipment and office space from various entities.

Activity of lease liability for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted) is summarized as follows:

Lessee Agreements										
	Beginning Balance (Restated)	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	_	Current Portion				
Governmental Activities:										
General Fund	\$ 58,504	\$ 3,246	\$ (2,725)	\$ 59,025	\$	2,610				
Internal Service Funds	8,633		(1,533)	7,100		1,605				
Total Governmental Activities	67,137	3,246	(4,258)	66,125		4,215				
Total Leases Payable	\$ 67,137	\$ 3,246	\$ (4,258)	\$ 66,125	\$	4,215				

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest as of December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Lessee Agreements									
Governmental Activities									
	C	Seneral Fund	Internal Service	•	Total				
Principal									
2023	\$	2,610	\$ 1,605	\$	4,215				
2024		2,643	1,715		4,358				
2025		2,067	1,830		3,897				
2026		1,940	1,950		3,890				
2027		1,799	-		1,799				
2028 - 2032		9,003	-		9,003				
2033 - 2037		11,409	-		11,409				
2038 - 2042		12,156	-		12,156				
2042 - 2047		15,398			15,398				
Total Principal		59,025	7,100		66,125				
Interest									
2023		2,496	275		2,771				
2024		2,383	203		2,586				
2025		2,277	127		2,404				
2026		2,191	46		2,237				
2027		2,109	-		2,109				
2028 - 2032		9,428	-		9,428				
2033 - 2037		7,198	-		7,198				
2038 - 2042		4,711	-		4,711				
2042 - 2047		1,701			1,701				
Total Interest		34,494	651		35,145				
Total Future Payments	\$	93,519	\$ 7,751	\$	101,270				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

12. Employee Pension

A. Employee Pension Plans

The County participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and New York State Police and Firefighters Retirement System (PFRS). Both ERS and PFRS are cost-sharing multiple-employee retirement plans that provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as sole trustee and administrative head of ERS and PFRS. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of ERS and PFRS and for the custody and control of their funds. ERS and PFRS issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244-0001.

ERS and PFRS are noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System between July 28, 1976 and December 31, 2009 and have less than ten years of credited service. These members contribute 3% of their salary. Prior to October 2000, all County and MCC employees who joined between July 28, 1976 and December 31, 2009 were required to contribute 3%, but the laws were modified to forgive the 3% contribution for those with ten or more years of service time. All members who joined between January 1, 2010 and March 31, 2012 are required to contribute 3% of their salary for the duration of service. Effective April 1, 2012 all members joining the system are required to contribute 3% of their salary for the duration of service. This contribution rate remained in effect through March 31, 2013. Beginning April 1, 2013 those members having joined as of April 1, 2012 and subsequently have their contribution rates vary from 3% to 6% based on their level of annualized wages for the duration of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund.

The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years for ERS and PFRS were as follows (000's omitted):

Required Contributions for ERS and PFRS

_	Year	 ERS	 PFRS
_	2022	\$ 32,514	\$ 434
	2021	\$ 45,429	\$ 449
	2020	\$ 39,376	\$ 484

The County's contributions made to ERS and PFRS were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year.

ERS and PFRS, effective with Chapter 260, Laws of 2004, changed the payment due date for participating employers from December 15th of the current year to February 1st of the subsequent year. In addition, the change in the Law provided participating employers alternative financing options. These options included: (1) amortizing a portion of the pension cost, based on a graduated scale, with the ERS or PFRS over 5 or 10 years, interest for the amortization is based on a rate established by the Comptroller using current market rates; (2) allowing participating employers to bond the costs.

ERS and PFRS, effective with Chapter 57, Laws of 2010, initiated the employer contribution stabilization program. This provided the option of amortizing a portion of the pension cost over 10 years. The Chapter 57 Laws, in 2013, allowed for an alternate program allowing the option of amortizing over 12 years. Interest for the amortization is based on a rate established by the Comptroller using current market rates.

The County elected to prepay the retirement system invoice of \$37.2 million on December 15, 2022. Due to this, \$11.8 million of the payment represents a prepaid expense as of December 31, 2022. This amount covers the period through March 31, 2023, which is the end of the State's fiscal year. By activity, the prepaid expense is allocated as follows: \$10.1 million in the governmental activities and \$1.7 million in the business-type activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

B. Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the County reported a net pension liability (asset) of (\$90.8) million and \$0.2 million for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liability (asset), respectively. Of the (\$90.8) million total, (\$70.2) million is attributable to governmental activities and (\$20.6) million to business-type activities.

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021. The County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2022, the County's proportionate share was 1.11% and 0.03% for ERS and PFRS, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized a credit of pension expense totaling \$1.5 million and \$0.03 million for ERS and PFRS, respectively.

The County reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (000's omitted):

ERS

ERS						
		Deferre	d Outf	lows of Res	ource	s
	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type		
		Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,320	\$	1,558	\$	6,878
Changes of assumptions	•	117,235	•	34,337	•	151,572
Changes in proportion and differences between the County's		·		•		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		8,811		2,581		11,392
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,049		5,286		23,335
Total	\$	149,415	\$	43,762	\$	193,177
		Deferr	ed Infl	ows of Reso	urces	3
	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type		
		Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,891	\$	2,030	\$	8,921
Changes of assumptions	•	1,976	•	582	•	2,558
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		,				,
on pension plan investments		229,742		67,662		297,404
Changes in proportion and differences between the County's						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		15,879		4,677		20,556
Total	\$	254,488	\$	74,951	\$	329,439

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net difference between projected and actual earnings

Changes in proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions

on pension plan investments

Total

	Deferred Outflows of Resources						
		rnmental tivities		ness-type ctivities		Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between the County's	\$	-	\$	105 1,164	\$	105 1,164	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		- -		336 325		336 325	
Total	\$		\$	1,930	\$	1,930	
		Deferr	ed Inflo	ws of Reso	urces		
		rnmental tivities		ness-type ctivities		Total	

PFRS

The County recognized \$23.3 million and \$325 thousand reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of March 31, 2022 for ERS and PFRS respectively. These amounts will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense for ERS and PFRS, respectively as follows (000's omitted):

\$

1.634

1,717

\$

83

1,634

1,717

83

	ERS		
	 vernmental Activities	iness-type activities	Total
Plan's Year Ended March 31:			
2023	\$ (21,278)	\$ (6,304)	\$ (27,582)
2024	(28,116)	(8,329)	(36,445)
2025	(61,050)	(18,086)	(79,136)
2026	 (12,678)	(3,756)	 (16,434)
Total	\$ (123,122)	\$ (36,475)	\$ (159,597)

PFRS Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total Plan's Year Ended March 31: 2023 \$ \$ (9)\$ (9)2024 (69)(69)2025 (325)(325)2026 261 261 2027 30 30 Total \$ \$ (112)\$ (112)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2022 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions for both the ERS and PFRS:

Inflation rate 2.7%/2.7%
Salary increases 4.4%/6.2%
Investment rate of return (net of investment expense, including inflation) 5.9%/5.9%
Cost-of-living adjustments 1.4%/1.4%

Annuitant mortality rates April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System experience, with adjustments

for mortality improvements based on MP-2020.

Long-term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expect future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for equities and fixes income as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2022 are summarized below:

Asset Type	Target Allocations in %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return in %*
Domestic Equity	32	3.30
International Equity	15	5.85
Private Equity	10	6.50
Real Estate	9	5.00
Opportunistic/ARS Portfolio	3	4.10
Credit	4	3.78
Real Assets	3	5.80
Fixed Income	23	0.00
Cash	1	-1.00
	100	

^{*}Real rates of return are net of long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (4.9%) or 1% higher (6.9%) than the current rate (000's omitted):

	ERS					
	1% decrease 4.90%		 ent Discount 5.90%	1% Increase 6.90%		
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	233,775	\$ (90,821)	\$	(362,332)	
	PFRS	3				
		decrease 4.90%	 ent Discount 5.90%	19	6 Increase	
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,164	\$ 194	\$	(1,435)	
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position						

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of March 31, 2022 for ERS and PFRS respectively as follows (000's omitted):

		ERS	_
	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	County's proportionate share of Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	County's allocation percentage as determined by the Plan
Total pension liability Net position Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 223,874,888 (232,049,473) \$ (8,174,585)	\$ 2,487,287 (2,578,108) \$ (90,821)	1.11%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	103.65%	103.65%	
	F	PFRS	
	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	County's proportionate share of Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	County's allocation percentage as determined by the Plan
Total pension liability Net position Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 42,237,292 (41,669,250) \$ 568,042	\$ 14,425 (14,231) \$ 194	0.03%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	98.66%	98.66%	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

13. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan. The plan provides certain healthcare, medical and dental insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. Eligibility requirements and benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the County and the various collective bargaining units and their employment agreements. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated in a trust for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

Benefits Provided

The obligations of the plan are negotiated between the County and the applicable union representatives. Healthcare benefits for non-union employees are similar to those of union employees. The retiree's share of the calculated premium cost ranges from 0% to 100%, depending on the retirement date and length of service. Based on collective bargaining agreements, the retiree and his or her beneficiaries receive this coverage in accordance with those agreements. The County currently contributes the amounts required to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2022, those costs were \$32.2 million and the costs of administering the plan are paid by the County.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees and spouses

currently receiving benefits: 3,569
Active Employees: 3,841

Total Participants: 7,410

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$421.1 million, was recognized as \$376.5 million for the governmental activities and \$44.6 million for the business-type funds, and was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined by an interim actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022.

Actuarial Methods and Other Inputs

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan as understood by the employer and plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following methods and assumptions were used:

Actuarial Valuation Date January 1, 2022

Measurement Date December 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Discount Rate 4.31%
Inflation Rate 2.50%

Health Care Trend Rates 7.0%, decreasing by 0.5% each year until 2028; 4.5% thereafter

The discount rate was based on the yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds as of the valuation date, which represents the average of certain general obligation municipal bonds maturing in 20 years and having an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety, General and Continuing Survivor Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

(000's omitted)

	Governmental Activities				Total	
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	470,997	\$	55,742	\$	526,739
Changes for the year- Service cost		9.975		1.919		11.894
Interest		10,519		1,240		11,759
Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments		(87,891) (27,087)		(9,179) (5,086)		(97,070) (32,173)
Net Changes		(94,484)		(11,106)		(105,590)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	376,513	\$	44,636	\$	421,149

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.31%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.31%) than the current discount rate of 4.31% (000's omitted):

	1% decrease 3.31%		 ent Discount 4.31%	 5.31%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	457,639	\$ 421,149	\$ 389,196

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (3.50-6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.50-8.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate of 4.50% to 7.00% (000's omitted):

	. , ,	decrease 0% - 6.00%	Current Discount 4.50% - 7.00%		1% Increase 5.50% - 8.00%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	381,919	\$	421,149	\$	467,213

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense (credit) of (\$4.4) million and \$0.6 million for the governmental activities and business-type funds, respectively. At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (000's omitted):

		Deferre	ource	S		
	_	ernmental ctivities		ness-type ctivities		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	6,172 40,778		7,957 6,692	\$	14,129 47,470
Total	\$	46,950	\$	14,649	\$	61,599
		Deferi	ed Infl	ows of Resc	ources	
	_	ernmental ctivities		iness-type ctivities		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	75,037 88,803	\$	22,464 11,038	\$	97,501 99,841
Total	\$	163,840	\$	33,502	\$	197,342

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense for the years ending December 31 as follows (000's omitted):

	<u> </u>	(100). 10)
Total	\$	(135,743)
Thereafter		(13,867)
2027		(25,356)
2026		(22,220)
2025		(19,320)
2024		(27,490)
2023	\$	(27,490)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

14. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, and reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near-market rates, are treated as revenues and expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and recognizes revenue. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

A. Receivables and Payables

63 percent of the total amount of receivables and payables is a result of the overdraft of other funds' share of pooled cash, and 37 percent is a result of initial financing of capital projects. The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

Interfund Payables and Receivables								
-	Interfund Receivables							
	Governmen	tal Activities						
	General	Special						
	Fund	Revenue	Total					
Interfund Payables	_							
Governmental Activites:								
Major Governmental Funds								
Capital Projects	\$ 11,819	\$ 18,548	\$ 30,367					
Nonmajor Governmental Funds								
Special Revenue - Road	21,500	-	21,500					
Community Development	450		450					
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	21,950	-	21,950					
Total Governmental Activities	33,769	18,548	52,317					
Business-type Activities:								
Major Business-type Funds								
Hospital	15,800		15,800					
Nonmajor Business-type Funds								
Solid Waste	9,700	-	9,700					
Energy	3,700		3,700					
Total Nonmajor Business-type Funds	13,400	-	13,400					
Total Business-type Activities	29,200		29,200					
Total Interfund Payables and Receivables	\$ 62,969	\$ 18,548	\$ 81,517					

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

B. Transfers

One hundred percent of transfers to road and library funds were from revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs within the road and library funds. One hundred percent of transfers to the debt service fund are the result of moving receipts restricted to debt service to fund debt service payments as they come due.

The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 (000's omitted):

	Interfund Transfers to:									
		Gover	nmental Act	Busine: Activ						
	Non-major	Governme	ental Funds			Major Fund	Nonmajor Fund			
	Special F	Revenue								
Interfund Transfers	Fun	ds	Debt	Capital	Internal		Solid			
From:	Road	Library	Service	Projects	Service	Hospital	Waste	Total		
Governmental Activities: Major Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 25,595	\$ 7,318	\$ 21,037	\$ 14,128	\$ 898	\$ 10,850	\$ 2,000	\$ 81,826		
Capital Projects	φ 25,595 -	ψ 1,510 -	8,922	φ 14,120 -	φ 090 -	φ 10,030 -	φ 2,000 -	8,922		
Total Major Governmental Funds	25,595	7,318	29,959	14,128	898	10,850	2,000	90,748		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue										
Road	-	-	15,270	1,248	-	-	-	16,518		
Library Total Nonmajor			239	225				464		
Governmental Funds	-	-	15,509	1,473	-	-	-	16,982		
Internal Service			244		_	_		244		
Total Governmental Activities	25,595	7,318	45,712	15,601	898	10,850	2,000	107,974		
Business-type Activities: Hospital Total Business-type			733					733		
Activities			733					733		
Total Transfers	\$ 25,595	\$ 7,318	\$ 46,445	\$ 15,601	\$ 898	\$ 10,850	\$ 2,000	\$ 108,707		

15. Miscellaneous Revenue

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the miscellaneous revenue for the primary government is \$39.3 million, consisting of \$31.9 million for governmental activities and \$7.4 million for business-type activities. This includes \$21.7 million related to gaming payments, \$3.5 million from the Zoo Society for zoo improvements, \$1.8 million in opioid settlements, \$5.0 million in the solid waste fund for the sale of recycled materials and waste refuse complex fees and \$1.4 million in the hospital fund consisting primarily of rental fees.

16. Federal and State Funded Programs

The County participates in a number of Federal and New York State grant and assistance programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. Expenditures disallowed by completed audits have generally been immaterial in nature and, accordingly, have been reflected as adjustments to revenues in the year the expenditure was determined to be unallowable.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

17. Risk Management/Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The internal service fund (risk management fund) is used to account for and finance the County's uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the risk management fund provides self-insurance coverage for up to a maximum of \$2 million for each Workers' Compensation claim. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of self-insurance coverage provided by the fund and all other risks of loss. The County is self-insured for medical claims.

In addition to the self-insured risks noted above, the County is also self-insured for any malpractice claims against the Hospital. The County is a defendant in various claims and litigation. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards, it is not possible to determine an exact measure of claim liabilities. The County Attorney is responsible for analyzing the County's claims and providing an opinion regarding the County's ability to cover its liabilities in the self-insurance program. Based on the analysis for the year ending December 31, 2022, the County Attorney has determined that the County is adequately covered through its insurance and self-insurance programs described above.

All funds of the County participate in the self-insurance program and make payments to the internal service fund. Payments from other funds and the component unit are determined by two methods. The first method reimburses the risk management fund for "small claims" (those under \$10 thousand) and insurance premiums by assessment against County organizations based upon actual payroll. The second method results in charges to County organizations based upon their proportionate share of full-time positions.

The internal service fund records all claim liabilities when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. All liabilities are recorded at their value as of December 31, 2022.

The table below illustrates changes in the fund's liabilities for the last two years (000's omitted):

		Ris	sk Management F	und				
			Current-Year					
			Claims and					
	Beginning		Changes In		Claim			
Year	of year		Estimates		Payments	_	End of year	
2022	\$ 41,780	\$	89,673	\$	(89,625)	\$	41,828	
2021	38,684		90,959		(87,863)		41,780	

Of the \$41.8 million estimated accrued liabilities in the internal service fund, all of the \$41.8 million is reported in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The \$41.8 million is comprised of \$3.6 million, which is the County Attorney's estimate of general liability claims which may likely settle, \$31.9 million representing Workers' Compensation claims already reported, and additional claims incurred but not yet reported, \$3.9 million for medical claims incurred but not yet reported and other liabilities amounting to \$2.4 million. The County utilizes a third party administrator who is responsible for processing claims and estimating liabilities under this coverage.

The County has evaluated its potential pollution remediation obligations as of December 31, 2022. The County is aware of other contamination sites and is working with the NYS DEC on remediation methods. The County expects, at this time, that costs associated with these remediation efforts, if any, would be immaterial.

Pollution remediation obligations are estimates and are subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws and regulations.

18. Tax Abatement

The County has over 300 real property tax abatement agreements entered into by COMIDA under Article 18-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. These agreements provide for abatement of real property taxes in exchange for a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) and are under one of four possible programs:

JobsPlus Program

Under the JobsPlus program the recipient can be manufacturers, technology-based producer service companies, commercial projects which will increase the tax assessment with new construction and the rehabilitation of existing commercial buildings that have been vacant for a long period of time. They must meet a minimum of 10% job creation goal over impacted employment within three years. The project must use all local labor for the construction of new, expanded or renovated facilities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

Enhanced JobsPlus Program

Under the Enhanced JobsPlus program the recipient can be manufacturers or technology based producer service companies. The requirements are an investment minimum of \$15 million in new plant, machinery and equipment or renovation of existing buildings, a minimum of 100 new jobs from new companies locating in Monroe County, or existing companies expanding operations within Monroe County within 3 years, and in the absence of a waiver permitting otherwise, the project must use all local labor for the construction of new, expanded or renovated facilities.

Green JobsPlus

Under the Green JobsPlus program the recipient can be manufacturers, technology-based producer service companies, or commercial projects which will increase the tax assessment with new construction. Requirements for this program are that the project must be rated as certified, gold, silver, or platinum by the United States Green Building Council's Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design Green Building Rating System must meet the minimum of 10% job creation in 3 years and must use all local labor.

LeasePlus Program

For the new building construction or renovation projects for Universities and medical related facilities in which a 501(c)3 entity leases from a for-profit entity. The requirements under this program are job creation of 10% within 3 years and the use of local labor.

In addition to the above programs, Shelter Rent Agreements are also available. Property tax abated under the Shelter rent program is for new building or renovation projects for student or affordable housing. This program requires job creation of a minimum of 10% within 3 years as well as the use of local labor for the construction of new or renovation of facilities. Payments are made to the City of Rochester or the Town municipality based on rents collected by the property owner. The County then receives its share of the rent collected.

If the property owner does not meet the requirements set forth in the PILOT Agreement, the exempted tax amount may be recaptured and repayment of the tax amount abated would be required.

The following information for year ended December 31, 2022 relates to the PILOT agreements entered into under the aforementioned programs:

Total Assessment Value: \$ 1.5 billion
Total Taxable Value: \$ 616.1 million
PILOTS Billed: \$ 7.3 million
County Taxes Abated: \$ 6.1 million

The following information relates to the Shelter Agreements entered into under the aforementioned programs:

Total Assessment Value: \$ 370.3 million
Total Taxable Value \$ 370.3 million
Shelter Rents Received \$ 1.0 million
County Taxes Abated: \$ 2.0 million

Of the \$8.1 million taxes abated, no one property represented more than 10% of the total tax abated.

The County is also subject to sales tax abatements granted by COMIDA in order to increase business activity and employment in the region. The amount of sales tax abated which reduced the County's share of sales tax revenue for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$2.5 million.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(000's Omitted)

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Modified Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES:					
Real property tax	\$ 425,275	\$ 425,275	\$ 425,275	\$ 439,319	\$ 14,044
Sales and other taxes	183,857	183,857	183,857	202,862	19,005
Federal aid State aid	119,692	139,284	324,309	144,997	(179,312)
Charges for services	211,667 27,108	240,530 27,108	257,734 27,108	210,249 27,014	(47,485) (94)
Intergovernmental	45,732	45,744	45,866	44,253	(1,613)
Interdepartmental	4,307	4,307	4,307	2,188	(2,119)
Use of money and property	6,766	6,766	6,766	13,758	6,992
Repayments and refunds	13,462	13,462	13,462	14,801	1,339
Payments in lieu of taxes Miscellaneous	8,524 6,773	8,524 15,406	8,524 15,575	7,685 33,792	(839)
Total revenues	1.053.163	1,110,263	1,312,783	1,140,918	18,217 (171,865)
	1,000,100	1,110,200	1,012,100	1,110,010	(111,000)
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
General Government					
Board of Elections	10,768	10,771	10,932	8,775	(2,157)
Communications	501	572	573	505	(68)
County Clerk	9,893	9,933	9,998	11,323	1,325
County Executive	809 2,488	825	825 26,805	739 2,199	(86)
County Legislature Diversity, Equity and Inclusion	2,400 744	(117,279) 1,804	1,804	2,199 768	(24,606) (1,036)
Environmental Services	1,388	1,592	1,903	1,150	(753)
Finance	7,119	7,557	7,574	6,941	(633)
Finance-Unallocated	4,169	6,535	22,481	16,645	(5,836)
Human Resources	2,429	2,496	2,500	2,275	(225)
Law	3,038	3,112	3,095	2,729	(366)
Office of Public Integrity Planning and Development	559 2,684	581 5,001	585 5,255	530 3,002	(55) (2,253)
Total General Government	46,589	(66,500)	94,330	57,581	(36,749)
	,	(55,555)			(55): 15/
Public Safety District Attorney	17,624	18,391	18,908	17,375	(1,533)
Planning and Development	17,024	4,297	4,297	-	(4,297)
Public Defender	8,658	15,669	24,654	14,442	(10,212)
Public Safety	75,472	86,752	101,720	67,648	(34,072)
Sheriff	161,903	173,592	175,905	163,212	(12,693)
Total Public Safety	263,657	298,701	325,484	262,677	(62,807)
Transportation	3,524	3,524	3,524	3,524	<u> </u>
Health and Welfare Human Services	561,817	574,002	592,004	490,316	(101,688)
Planning and Development	-	40,592	40,592		(40,592)
Public Health	21,241	63,509	82,765	36,119	(46,646)
Veterans Service Agency	1,284	1,324	1,616	1,185	(431)
Total Health and Welfare	584,342	679,427	716,977	527,620	(189,357)
Culture, recreation and education Parks	17,029	28,491	28,714	17,327	(11,387)
Public Health	46,885	47,199	55,131	47,735	(7,396)
Culture, recreation and education	33,527	33,527	33,692	32,599	(1,093)
Total Culture, recreation and education	97,441	109,217	117,537	97,661	(19,876)
Economic Development		35,755	35,755		(35,755)
Total expenditures	995,553	1,060,124	1,293,607	949,063	(344,544)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	57,610	50,139	19,176	191,855	(172,679)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Leases (as lessee) Transfers out	(60,059)	(63,239)	(63,239)	3,246 (81,826)	3,246 (18,587)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(60,059)	(63,239)	(63,239)	(78,580)	(15,341)
Changes in budgeted fund balances*	\$ (2,449)			113,275	\$ 157,338
Fund balance at beginning of year, as restate	ed, see note 1 R			195,880	
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 309,155	

^{*}The changes in budgeted fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spendown) of fund balance.

See notes to requried supplementary information.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31: (000's Omitted)

Total OPEB Liability	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Service cost	\$ 13,346	\$ 11,744	\$ 13,479	\$ 16,520	\$ 11,894
Interest	20,663	22,543	18,895	12,921	11,759
Changes in assumptions and differences		•			
between actual and expected experience	(59,044)	20,305	21,950	(80,418)	(97,070)
Benefit payments	(25,354)	(25,802)	(24,581)	(30,327)	(32,173)
Total change in total OPEB liability	(50,389)	28,790	29,743	(81,304)	(105,590)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	599,899	549,510	578,300	608,043	526,739
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 549,510	\$ 578,300	\$ 608,043	\$ 526,739	\$ 421,149
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 218,122	\$ 224,012	\$ 263,204	\$ 249,939	\$ 275,714
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-					
employee payroll	251.9%	258.2%	231.0%	210.7%	152.7%
Notes to schedule:					
Changes of assumptions. Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following reflects the discount rate used each period:					
Discount rate	4.11%	3.26%	2.12%	2.25%	2.25%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as information becomes available.

Plan Assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits:

Contributions from the employer and any nonemployer contributing entities, and earnings thereon, must be irrevocable.

Plan assets must be dedicated to providing OPEB to Plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.

Plan assets must be legally protected from the creditors of the employer, nonemployer contributing entities, the Plan administrator, and Plan members.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31: (000's Omitted)

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)	_	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	2021		2022
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		1.07%		1.05%		1.03%		1.06%		1.01%		1.02%	1.02%		1.11%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	36,211	\$	167,992	\$	96,046	\$	34,164	\$	71,406	\$	270,042	\$ 1,020	\$	(90,821)
Covered payroll	\$	216,575	\$	217,933	\$	223,284	\$	216,268	\$	222,039	\$	228,627	\$ 242,861	\$	242,196
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		16.72%		77.08%		43.02%		15.80%		32.16%		118.11%	0.42%		-37.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		97.95%		90.70%		94.70%		98.20%		96.27%		86.39%	99.95%		103.65%
New York State Police and Firefighters Retirement System (PFRS)	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020	 2021	_	2022
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.05%		0.04%		0.04%		0.04%		0.04%		0.03%	0.03%		0.03%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	129	\$	1,293	\$	800	\$	402	\$	598	\$	1,859	\$ 526	\$	194
Covered payroll	\$	1,698	\$	1,686	\$	1,835	\$	1,854	\$	1,973	\$	2,233	\$ 1,915	\$	2,018
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		7.66%		76.69%		43.60%		21.68%		30.31%		83.25%	27.47%		9.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		99.03%		90.20%		93.50%		96.90%		95.09%		84.86%	95.79%		98.66%

Notes to schedule:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Additional years will be displayed as information becomes available.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION PLANS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

(000's Omitted)

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 38,078	\$ 39,810	\$ 46,975	\$ 41,648	\$ 39,919	\$ 39,376	\$ 45,429	\$ 32,514	
	38,078	39,810	46,975	41,648	39,919	39,376	45,429	32,514	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 217,352	\$ 216,909	\$ 213,995	\$ 220,335	\$ 227,844	\$ 249,369	\$ 239,750	\$ 262,181	
	17.52%	18.35%	21.95%	18.90%	17.52%	15.79%	18.95%	12.40%	
New York State Police and Firefighters Retirement System (PFRS)	2015 2016		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 353	\$ 351	\$ 384	\$ 372	\$ 405	\$ 484	\$ 449	\$ 434	
	353	351	384	372	405	484	449	434	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,683	\$ 1,793	\$ 1,820	\$ 1,997	\$ 2,135	\$ 2,143	\$ 1,947	\$ 2,243	
	20.97%	19.58%	21.10%	18.63%	18.97%	22.59%	23.06%	19.35%	

Notes to schedule:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Additional years will be displayed as information becomes available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (000's omitted) (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

1. Budgetary Basis Reporting

The procedures governing the preparation, submission and adoption of the County's annual budget are stipulated in Article IV of the County Charter and in Article VI of the County Administrative Code.

The County Executive, with the assistance of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), prepares the annual budget for submission to the County Legislature in a manner and form consistent with these articles. County departments and authorized agencies are required to submit their budget requests and revenue estimates to OMB. These requests are reviewed and analyzed, and the proposed budget is prepared for submission to the County Legislature.

The County Executive is required to submit the proposed budget to the Legislature on or before November 15th. The County Legislature must meet to deliberate on the budget and also must hold at least one public hearing prior to budget adoption. If the Legislature passes the budget as proposed, no further action is required on the part of the County Executive. If the Legislature changes the budget, the changes must be submitted to the County Executive for consideration. The County Executive then has 48 hours to approve or disapprove each of the Legislative changes. The Legislature can override a County Executive veto within the next 48 hours with a three-fifths majority vote.

If a budget has not been passed on or before the second Tuesday in December, the Legislature must meet daily until the budget is passed. If the budget is not passed by December 16th, then the budget as submitted by the County Executive, with any Legislative changes agreed to by the County Executive, becomes the adopted budget for the next year. The Office of Management and Budget has the authority to transfer budget amounts between accounts within any department up to and including \$10 thousand on an annual aggregate basis for all funds of the County. The County Legislature must approve amounts exceeding this limitation.

The general fund is the only major fund with a legally-adopted budget. Appropriations for all budgets lapse at fiscal year-end. The general fund's budget is adopted on a departmental and object level of expenditure basis in which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

Individual governmental fund comparisons of budgetary and actual data at the legal level of control established by the adopted budget (i.e., minimally at the department and object level) are not presented in this report for those funds with annual adopted budgets due to the excessive detail involved.

On a budget basis, sales tax revenue amounts reflect only the County share of the sales tax distribution.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (000's omitted) (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

A summary of legally-adopted budgetary activity for the County's general fund for the year ended 2022 follows (000's omitted):

Revenues and other Financing Sources

Original Adopted Budget	\$ 1,053,163
Budget Amendments and Transfers	57,100
Amended Budget	1,110,263
Grants Residual Budget Carryover	202,520
Modified Budget	\$ 1,312,783
Expenditures and other Financing Uses	
Original Adopted Budget	\$ 1,055,612
Budget Amendments and Transfers	66,751
Amended Budget	1,122,363
Prior Year Encumbrances and Grants Residual Budget Carryover	202,666
Modified Budget	\$ 1,325,029

The general fund budget includes grants awarded to the County from state and federal sources. The adopted budget reflects the budget originally approved by the County Legislature. The amended budget includes transfers and amendments approved during the current year including new grant awards not part of the original adopted budget. The amended budget includes a small carryforward of prior year grant expenses which will be offset by revenue received in the current year. The modified budget includes a carryover of prior year encumbrances affecting the expenditure budget only, as well as reappropriations of grants from the prior year that will be expended and received in later years of multi-year funded federal and state grants.

COMBINING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

				Debt Serv	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
	Special Revenue Funds		General					
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,221	\$	10,366	\$	227	\$	25,814
Accounts receivables, net	φ	12,064	Ф	10,300	Φ	11,297	φ	23,361
Due from other funds		18,548		_		11,237		18,548
Due from other governments:		10,040						10,040
State and Federal - other		6,358		_		_		6,358
Local governments		437		163		_		600
Inventories		1,205		-		_		1,205
Restricted assets:		ŕ						,
Cash and cash equivalents		_		8,465		13,038		21,503
Other assets		133		-		12		145
							-	
Total assets	\$	53,966	\$	18,994	\$	24,574	\$	97,534
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,132	\$		\$		\$	4,132
Due to other funds	φ	21,950	φ	-	Φ	-	φ	21,950
Due to other governments		300		_		_		300
Unearned revenue		87		-		-		87
Official feverine		01						07
Total liabilities		26,469		_				26,469
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Community Development loan repayments		11,153		-		-		11,153
Tobacco settlement revenue						11,297		11,297
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,153				11,297		22,450
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		1,338		-		12		1,350
Restricted		12,180		8,465		13,038		33,683
Committed		2,826		-		-		2,826
Assigned		-		10,529		227		10,756
Total fund balances		16,344		18,994		13,277		48,615
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	53,966	\$	18,994	\$	24,574	\$	97,534

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000'S Omitted)

			Debt Serv	ice Fu	nds	Total
	Re	pecial evenue unds	 General	!	MTASC	 Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Federal aid	\$	6,794	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,794
State aid		13,861	-		-	13,861
Charges for services		6,791	=		-	6,791
Intergovernmental		2,397	1,482		-	3,879
Use of money and property		103	446		-	549
Repayments and refunds		59	-		-	59
Tobacco settlement		-	-		12,042	12,042
Miscellaneous		4,887	 		195	 5,082
Total revenues		34,892	1,928		12,237	49,057
EXPENDITURES:						
Public safety		6,569	-		-	6,569
Culture, recreation and education		11,295	-		-	11,295
General government		211	-		122	333
Transportation		25,986	-		-	25,986
Economic development		6,968	-		-	6,968
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-	29,891		3,075	32,966
Bond issuance costs		-	71		-	71
Interest and fiscal charges			 10,747		8,777	 19,524
Total expenditures		51,029	 40,709		11,974	 103,712
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16,137)	 (38,781)		263	 (54,655)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Premium on bonds/notes issued		_	2,350		-	2,350
Transfers in		32,913	46,445		-	79,358
Transfers out		(16,982)	 			 (16,982)
Total other financing sources		15,931	 48,795			 64,726
Changes in fund balances		(206)	10,014		263	10,071
Fund balances at beginning of year		16,550	 8,980		13,014	 38,544
Fund balances at end of year	\$	16,344	\$ 18,994	\$	13,277	\$ 48,615

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Road Fund	pecial Grants	en Space itiative	ibrary Fund	inty Park Funds	Cor	unty Jail nmissary Funds	Pub	Other lic Safety Funds	Co	rmwater palition Fund	Re	Special venue unds	Spec	Total ial Revenue
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,303	\$ 13	\$ 337	\$ 2,708	\$ 648	\$	5,671	\$	1,459	\$	687	\$	395	\$	15,221
Accounts receivables, net	88	11,167	-	-	-		809		-		-		-		12,064
Due from other funds	18,548	-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		18,548
Due from other governments:															
State and Federal - other	5,059	1,139	-	160	-		-		-		-		-		6,358
Local governments	400	-	-	4	-		12		-		21		-		437
Inventories	1,205	-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		1,205
Other assets	133	-	-	-	-								-		133
Total assets	\$ 28,736	\$ 12,319	\$ 337	\$ 2,872	\$ 648	\$	6,492	\$	1,459	\$	708	\$	395	\$	53,966
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$ 1,855	\$ 416	\$ -	\$ 1,561	\$ 7	\$	209	\$	48	\$	36	\$	-	\$	4,132
Due to other funds	21,500	450	-	-	-		-		-		_		-		21,950
Due to other governments	-	300	-	-	-		-		-		_		-		300
Unearned revenue	87	-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		87
Total liabilities	23,442	 1,166	 -	 1,561	7		209		48		36				26,469
Deferred inflows of resources:															
Community Development loan repayments	 	 11,153	 -	 -	 		=_		-						11,153
Total deferred inflows of resources		 11,153	-	 											11,153
Fund balances:															
Nonspendable	1,338	-	_	-	-		-		_		-		-		1,338
Restricted	3,956	-	_	1,311	-		6,283		630		-		-		12,180
Committed	 		337	<u> </u>	641		<u> </u>		781		672		395		2,826
Total fund balances	 5,294		337	1,311	641		6,283		1,411		672		395		16,344
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of															
resources and fund balances	\$ 28,736	\$ 12,319	\$ 337	\$ 2,872	\$ 648	\$	6,492	\$	1,459	\$	708	\$	395	\$	53,966

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Road Fund	Special Grants	Green Space Initiative	Library Fund	County Park Funds	County Jail Commissary Funds	Other Public Safety Funds	Stormwater Coalition Fund	Misc. Special Revenue Funds	Total Special Revenue
REVENUES:										
Federal aid	\$ 793	\$ 5,969	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,794
State aid	10,909	558	-	2,394	-	-	-	-	-	13,861
Charges for services	4,591	4	-	-	5	2,015	4	172	-	6,791
Intergovernmental	1,279	-	-	1,118	-	-	-	-	-	2,397
Use of money and property	-	-	2	-	-	-	101	-	-	103
Repayments and refunds	58	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	59
Miscellaneous	340	437		849	155	3,106				4,887
Total revenues	17,970	6,968	2	4,363	160	5,121	136	172		34,892
EXPENDITURES:										
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	6,223	346	-	-	6,569
Culture, recreation and education	-	-	-	11,143	152	-	-	-	-	11,295
General government	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	211	-	211
Transportation	25,986	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,986
Economic development		6,968								6,968
Total expenditures	25,986	6,968		11,143	152	6,223	346	211		51,029
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	(8,016)		2	(6,780)	8	(1,102)	(210)	(39)		(16,137)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	25,595	-	-	7,318	-	-	-	-	-	32,913
Transfers out	(16,518)			(464)						(16,982)
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,077			6,854						15,931
Changes in fund balances	1,061	-	2	74	8	(1,102)	(210)	(39)	-	(206)
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,233		335	1,237	633	7,385	1,621	711	395	16,550
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,294	\$ -	\$ 337	\$ 1,311	\$ 641	\$ 6,283	\$ 1,411	\$ 672	\$ 395	\$ 16,344

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Central Services	Building Accounts	Information Services	Fleet Management	Risk Management	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 583	\$ 10,566	\$ 788	\$ 2,692	\$ 16,532	\$ 31,161
Accounts receivables, net	-	27	26	5	1	59
Lease receivable	-	256	-	-	-	256
Due from other governments Inventories	- 157	684	9	266 591	-	959 748
Other assets	11	82	139	26	1,308	1,566
Total current assets	751	11,615	962	3,580	17,841	34,749
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,899	6,939	20	_	8,858
Securities in lieu of retained percentages	-	57	-	-	-	57
Lease receivable	-	2,230	-	-	-	2,230
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	17,961	2,014	-	-	19,975
Capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation/amortization	-	74,276	9,295	7,609	-	91,180
Net pension asset	209	1,339	2,807	564		4,919
Total noncurrent assets	209	97,762	21,055	8,193		127,219
Total assets	960	109,377	22,017	11,773	17,841	161,968
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related	443	2,837	5,945	1,195	-	10,420
Other postemployment benefits related	249	1,873	3,336	616		6,074
Total deferred outflows of resources	692	4,710	9,281	1,811		16,494
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	51	2,332	1,404	254	41,681	45,722
Accrued interest payable	-	286	11	14	- 11,001	311
Due to other governments	_	-	-	-	147	147
Current portion of:						
Leases payable	-	1,605	-	-	-	1,605
Bonds payable	-	5,902	1,097	556	-	7,555
Total current liabilities	51	10,125	2,512	824	41,828	55,340
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Lease obligations	_	5,495	-	-	-	5,495
Bonds payable	-	53,214	1,772	3,116	=	58,102
Total other postemployment benefits	215	1,615	2,877	531	-	5,238
Other long-term liabilities	-	1	355	99	-	455
Total noncurrent liabilities	215	60,325	5,004	3,746		69,290
Total liabilities	266	70,450	7,516	4,570	41,828	124,630
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0.474				0.474
Lease related	-	2,471	-	-	-	2,471
Deferred gain on refunding	750	91	-	- 0.047	-	91
Pension related	759	4,858	10,181	2,047	-	17,845
Other postemployment benefits related	405	3,044	5,421	1,000		9,870
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,164	10,464	15,602	3,047		30,277
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	-	26,039	12,516	3,937	-	42,492
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	187	74	20	<u>-</u>	281
Unrestricted (deficit)	222	6,947	(4,410)	2,010	(23,987)	(19,218)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 222	\$ 33,173	\$ 8,180	\$ 5,967	\$ (23,987)	\$ 23,555

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	entral rvices	uilding ccounts	Informati Service		Fleet agement	Ris Manage		 Total
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 280	\$	-	\$ 280
Interdepartmental	1,735	25,129	13,5	531	4,947	98	5,287	140,629
Repayments and refunds Miscellaneous	-	21		-	19		-	40
	 	 4		14	 4			 22
Total operating revenues	 1,735	 25,154	13,5	545	 5,250	95	5,287	 140,971
Operating expenses:								
Personnel services	285	2,188	3,9	973	767		-	7,213
Employee benefits	20	657		30	11		-	718
Contractual	819	11,519	,)50	332	94	1,948	111,668
Depreciation and amortization		8,442		86	517			12,145
Other	 456	 2,780		773	 3,079		538	 7,626
Total operating expenses	 1,580	 25,586	12,0)12	 4,706	95	5,486	 139,370
Operating income (loss)	 155	 (432)	1,5	33	 544		(199)	 1,601
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Federal aid	3	20	2	253	2		-	278
State aid	_	779		-	41		-	820
Use of money and property	-	422		49	-		-	471
Interest and fiscal charges	-	(2,004)		(65)	(93)		-	(2,162)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	-		(72)	-		-	(72)
Other income (expense)	 	 45		-	 (4)		-	 41
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 3	 (738)	1	65	(54)			 (624)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	 158	 (1,170)	1,6	898	 490		(199)	 977
Contributions and transfers:								
Capital contributions	_	_		7	_		_	7
Transfers in	1	897		-	_		_	898
Transfers out	-	(244)		_	_		_	(244)
Total contributions and transfers	1	 653	-	7	 _		_	661
	 <u>-</u>	 	•	÷	 			 001
Change in net position (deficit)	159	(517)	1,7	'05	490		(199)	1,638
Net position (deficit)-beginning of year	63	 33,690	6,4	175	5,477	(23	3,788)	21,917
Net position (deficit)-end of year	\$ 222	\$ 33,173	\$ 8,1	80	\$ 5,967	\$ (23	3,987)	\$ 23,555

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	entral rvices	uilding ccounts	ormation ervices	Fleet nagement	Mar	Risk nagement	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Cash received from providing services	\$ -	\$ (16)	\$ (5)	\$ 200	\$	16	\$ 195
Cash received from other funds for services	1,735	25,129	13,530	4,947		86,130	131,471
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(448)	(3,376)	(5,579)	(1,129)		-	(10,532)
Payments to suppliers	(920)	(12,468)	(3,514)	(3,129)		(1,500)	(21,531)
Payments for interfund services	(351)	(2,408)	(731)	(282)		(538)	(4,310)
Payments lease related	-	(15)	-	-		-	(15)
Claims paid	-	-	-	-		(84,240)	(84,240)
Other receipts (payments)	 (21)	 25	 14	 147		543	708
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (5)	 6,871	 3,715	 754		411	 11,746
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Federal aid	3	20	253	2		-	278
State aid	-	779	-	41		-	820
Transfers in	1	897	-	-		-	898
Transfers out	 -	 (244)	 -	 -		-	 (244)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	 4	 1,452	 253	 43			 1,752
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Interest paid	-	(2,973)	(159)	(158)		-	(3,290)
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds	-	2,979	-	71		-	3,050
Refunding of bonds	-	(10)	-	-		-	(10)
Principal paid on bonds	-	(6,186)	(1,063)	(519)		-	(7,768)
Premium from the issuance of bonds	-	292	-	5		-	297
Principal paid on leases	-	(1,533)	-	-		-	(1,533)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	 -	 (4,937)	 (2,871)	 (5)			 (7,813)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$ 	\$ (12,368)	\$ (4,093)	\$ (606)	\$		\$ (17,067)

(continued)

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

	Central Services	Buildin Accoun	_	rmation rvices	Fleet Management	Risk Managemen	<u>t</u>	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 3	395	\$ 49	\$ -	\$ -	\$	444
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			395	 49				444
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1)	(3,6	350)	(76)	191	411		(3,125)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	584	16,1	115	7,803	2,521	16,121		43,144
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	583	12,4	165	 7,727	2,712	16,532		40,019
CLASSIFICATION								
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	583	10,5	566	788	2,692	16,532		31,161
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		1,8	399	6,939	20	_		8,858
Total cash and cash equivalents	583	12,4	165	7,727	2,712	16,532		40,019
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	155	(4	132)	1,533	544	(199)	1,601
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operations: Depreciation and amortization Change in:	-	8,4	142	3,186	517	-		12,145
Accounts receivable	-		-	(2)	(2)	19		15
Lease receivable	-	(2,4	186)	-	-	-		(2,486)
Due from other governments	-	,	3	(4)	(78)	-		(79)
Inventories	(21)		-	-	124	-		103
Other assets	(3)		(27)	(22)	(3)	543		488
Net pension asset	(209)	(1,3	339)	(2,807)	(564)	-		(4,919)
Deferred outflows - pensions	77	į	541	1,393	295	-		2,306
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefits	51	3	399	756	244	-		1,450
Accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities	(10)	(5	592)	573	(2)	51		20
Net pension liability	(2)		(15)	(32)	(7)	-		(56)
Total other postemployment benefits	(22)	(6	310)	(335)	(171)	-		(1,138)
Compensated absences	(4)		2	105	51	-		154
Deferred inflows - lease related	-	2,4	171	-	-	-		2,471
Deferred inflows - pensions	63	3	337	361	53	-		814
Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefits	(80)	•	177	(990)	(247)	-		(1,140)
Due to other governments				 -		(3)	(3)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (5)	\$ 6,8	371	\$ 3,715	\$ 754	\$ 411	\$	11,746

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK

DEBT SERVICE FUND - GENERAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		Original Budget	mended Budget	 Modified Budget	 Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	1,482 -	\$ 1,482 -	\$ 1,482	\$ 1,482 446	\$ - 446
Total revenues		1,482	 1,482	 1,482	 1,928	 446
EXPENDITURES: Current: Debt Service						
Principal		29,822	29,822	29,822	29,891	69
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	71	71
Interest		10,692	 10,692	 10,692	 10,747	 55
Total Debt Service		40,514	 40,514	 40,514	 40,709	 195
Total expenditures		40,514	 40,514	 40,514	 40,709	 195
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(39,032)	(39,032)	(39,032)	 (38,781)	 (251)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					0.050	0.050
Payments to escrow agent Transfers in		37,523	37,523	37,523	2,350 46,445	2,350 8,922
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	37,523	 37,523	 37,523	 48,795	 11,272
Changes in budgeted fund balances*	\$	(1,509)	\$ (1,509)	\$ (1,509)	10,014	\$ 11,523
Fund balance at beginning of year					 8,980	
Fund balance at end of year					\$ 18,994	

^{*} The change in original fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spendown) of fund balance.

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK

ROAD FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (000's Omitted)

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Modified Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES: Federal aid	\$	604	•	204	\$	604	\$	793	•	189
State aid	Ф	9,053	\$	604 10,288	Ъ	10,288	Ъ	793 10,909	\$	621
Charges for services		4,511		4,511		4,511		4,591		80
Intergovernmental		1,076		1,076		1,576		1,279		(297)
Interdepartmental		100		100		100		-,		(100)
Repayments and refunds		59		59		59		58		` (1)
Miscellaneous		222		222		222		340		118
Total revenues		15,625		16,860		17,360		17,970		610
EXPENDITURES: Current:										
Transportation		25,621		27,185		30,254		25,986		(4,268)
Total expenditures		25,621		27,185		30,254		25,986		(4,268)
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(9,996)		(10,325)		(12,894)		(8,016)		(4,878)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		25,265		25,594		25,595		25,595		-
Transfers out		(15,269)		(15,269)		(15,269)		(16,518)		(1,249)
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,996		10,325		10,326		9,077		(1,249)
Changes in budgeted fund balances	\$		\$		\$	(2,568)		1,061	\$	3,629
Fund balance at beginning of year								4,233		
Fund balance at end of year							\$	5,294		

COUNTY OF MONROE, NEW YORK

LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(000's Omitted)

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Modified Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES: Federal aid State aid Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ - 2,250 1,368 895	\$ 2,250 1,368 895	\$ 2,250 1,368 895	\$ 2 2,394 1,118 849	\$ 2 144 (250) (46)
Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: Culture, recreation and education Culture and Educational Services	4,513	4,513	4,513	4,363	(150)
Total expenditures Excess of expenditures over revenues	11,437	11,367	11,483	(6,780)	(340)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	7,318 (394)	7,318 (464)	7,318 (464)	7,318 (464)	(190)
Total other financing sources (uses) Changes in budgeted fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	6,854 \$ (116)	<u>6,854</u>	\$ 190
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year				1,237 \$ 1,311	

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section contains the following:

- FINANCIAL TRENDS These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
- REVENUE CAPACITY These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources, property and sales taxes.
- DEBT CAPACITY These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.
- DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.
- OPERATING INFORMATION These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

County of Monroe, New York Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting and 000's omitted)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 527,458 25,993 (545,589)	\$ 519,371 24,274 (579,375)	\$ 504,031 23,003 (631,030)	\$ 487,466 29,505 (706,895)	\$ 541,653 41,690 (771,757)	\$ 537,335 40,539 (1,015,396)	\$ 541,942 37,477 (956,120)	\$ 543,944 35,703 (952,579)	\$ 519,769 45,568 (808,984)	\$ 519,081 48,273 (639,636)
Total governmental activities	7,862	(35,730)	(103,996)	(189,924)	(188,414)	(437,522)	(376,701)	(372,932)	(243,647)	(72,282)
Business-type activities:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities	341,366 3,867 (19,724) 325,509	322,138 4,565 (27,821) 298,882	311,737 229 (39,995) 271,971	287,109 510 (46,281) 241,338	266,467 141 (24,482) 242,126	284,627 258 (9,214) 275,671	280,762 2,908 (18,015) 265,655	272,383 1,044 (27,636) 245,791	268,089 2,258 (31,495) 238,852	287,471 117 (39,338) 248,250
Primary government:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	868,824 29,860 (565,313)	841,509 28,839 (607,196)	815,768 23,232 (671,025)	774,575 30,015 (753,176)	808,120 41,831 (796,239)	821,962 40,797 (1,024,610)	822,704 40,385 (974,135)	816,327 36,747 (980,215)	787,858 47,826 (840,479)	806,552 48,390 (678,974)
Total primary government	\$ 333,371	\$ 263,152	\$ 167,975	\$ 51,414	\$ 53,712	\$ (161,851)	\$ (111,046)	\$ (127,141)	\$ (4,795)	\$ 175,968

Note: December 31, 2021 information has not been restated for the impact of implementing GASB 87 - Leases.

County of Monroe, New York Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting and 000's omitted)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 367,927	\$ 363,509	\$ 373,032	\$ 391,191	\$ 337,388	\$ 407,111	\$ 414,772	\$ 484,993	\$ 537,681	\$ 509,147
Public safety	253,090	265,372	280,834	281,135	299,764	246,288	250,820	281,104	248,308	249,576
Health and welfare	579,703	561,707	563,331	561,348	549,436	535,440	510,085	508,065	493,277	508,865
Culture, recreation and education	98,672	100,361	105,367	143,338	108,182	94,038	103,557	95,648	105,732	114,143
Transportation	58,926	57,656	51,599	53,397	55,361	53,985	50,455	45,868	67,281	56,554
Sanitation	74	75	67	75	75	75	37	_	-	_
Economic development	3,381	3,064	2,892	2,536	3,022	2,377	3,412	3,395	3,722	6,968
Interest on bonds and notes payable	22,345	20,608	21,120	22,291	25,342	25,530	26,101	24,654	22,551	22,575
Total government activities	1,384,118	1,372,352	1,398,242	1,455,311	1,378,570	1,364,844	1,359,239	1,443,727	1,478,552	1,467,828
Business-type activities:										
Solid Waste	18,702	18,295	15,839	13,365	12,910	13,761	11,396	11,207	11,222	11,862
Airport	30,884	31,398	31,648	32,507	31,849	30,887	34,772	34,480	33,558	35,470
Hospital	72,316	73,341	75,060	78,169	67,065	68,866	73,868	84,215	74,703	71,103
Pure Waters	81,082	78,505	80,288	82,264	79,912	76,877	76,355	77,658	64,200	61,846
Energy	16,208	16,830	14,778	12,802	13,101	15,193	12,867	11,876	15,056	20,928
Total business-type activities	219,192	218,369	217,613	219,107	204,837	205,584	209,258	219,436	198,739	201,209
Total primary government	1,603,310	1,590,721	1,615,855	1,674,418	1,583,407	1,570,428	1,568,497	1,663,163	1,677,291	1,669,037
retai primary gereniment	1,000,010	1,000,121	1,010,000	1,07 1,110	1,000,107	1,010,120	1,000,101	1,000,100	1,011,201	1,000,007
Program Revenues:										
Flogram Nevenues.										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	30,140	32,961	35,503	35,079	41,201	41,210	42,914	37,112	84,250	27,098
Public safety	11,664	12,480	13,307	13,724	14,183	13,869	14,478	11,764	41,707	45,020
Health and welfare	3,893	3,992	3,816	3,667	3,842	3,766	3,708	3,462	273,524	291,830
Culture, recreation and education	29,241	29,902	30,464	31,109	30,695	32,886	32,605	31,195	29,297	27,211
Transportation	10,930	10,553	11,423	11,458	10,866	10,739	10,808	5,503	6,100	5,928
Operating grants and contributions	370,041	368,133	355,959	361,425	342,579	331,623	332,820	393,921	90,234	98,144
Capital grants and contributions	36,855	17,038	22,142	33,088	19,511	12,983	20,905	12,560	16,890	17,519
Total governmental activities	\$ 492,764	\$ 475,059	\$ 472,614	\$ 489,550	\$ 462,877	\$ 447,076	\$ 458,238	\$ 495,517	\$ 542,002	\$ 512,750

(continued)

County of Monroe, New York Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting and 000's omitted)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Business type activities:	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2022
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:	ф г <i>л</i> гг	A 5,000	¢ 0.005	.	A 7.004	o 7.404	ф 7 005	¢ 7.007	Φ 0.055	c 0.000
Solid Waste	\$ 5,755	\$ 5,888	\$ 6,305	\$ 6,292	\$ 7,984	\$ 7,461	\$ 7,395	\$ 7,927	\$ 8,255	\$ 8,009
Airport	18,852	18,408	18,595	17,895	18,357	19,460	20,433	12,899	13,209	15,735
Hospital	69,289	66,320	69,035	67,512	73,833	62,660	69,022	65,955	59,167	55,375
Pure Waters	58,587	60,923	60,685	59,694	62,131	62,924	60,517	60,498	62,290	64,164
Energy	16,291	16,830	14,776	12,804	13,100	15,202	12,881	11,883	15,021	20,840
Operating grants and contributions	1,122	1,007	752	226	315	374	380	14,483	9,542	13,034
Capital grants and contributions	13,259	9,951	11,986	11,690	21,282	66,256	18,618	14,281	11,689	13,539
Total business-type activities	183,155	179,327	182,134	176,113	197,002	234,337	189,246	187,926	179,173	190,696
Total primary government	675,919	654,386	654,748	665,663	659,879	681,413	647,484	683,443	721,175	703,446
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	(891,354)	(897,293)	(925,628)	(965,761)	(915,693)	(917,768)	(901,001)	(948,210)	(936,550)	(955,078)
Business-type activities	(36,037)	(39,042)	(35,479)	(42,994)	(7,835)	28,753	(20,012)	(31,510)	(19,566)	(10,513)
Total primary government	(927,391)	(936,335)	(961,107)	(1,008,755)	(923,528)	(889,015)	(921,013)	(979,720)	(956,116)	(965,591)
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes	817,430	832,462	844,525	862,667	890,858	912,818	942,158	940,200	1,040,119	1,089,642
Tobacco settlement revenues	10,870	12,857	18,293	12,480	8,792	9,847	9,939	11,371	12,823	12,800
Investment earnings	162	90	66	182	673	2,265	4,062	1,329	268	5.245
Miscellaneous	3,866	6,923	5,200	4,504	5,365	4,797	7,409	2,858	17,206	31,873
Transfers	-	1,369		.,00.	873	735	(1,776)	(3,779)	(4,581)	(12,117)
Total governmental activities	832,328	853,701	868,084	879,833	906,561	930,462	961,792	951,979	1,065,835	1,127,443
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	_	_	_	427	686	913	1,092	322	84	352
Gain on sale of capital assets	_	_	_	2,147	-	-	.,002	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	11,491	13,784	11,553	9,787	8,810	9,424	7,128	7,545	7,962	7,442
Transfers	11,431	(1,369)	11,000	3,707	(873)	(735)	1,776	3,779	4,581	12,117
Total business-type activities	11,491	12,415	11,553	12,361	8,623	9,602	9,996	11,646	12,627	19,911
Total primary government	843,819	866,116	879,637	892,194	915,184	940,064	971,788	963,625	1,078,462	1,147,354
, , , ,										
Change in Net Position before merger of LDC's:										
Governmental activities	(59,026)	(43,592)	(57,544)	(85,928)	(9,132)	12,694	60,791	3,769	129,285	172,365
Business-type activities	(24,546)	(26,627)	(23,926)	(30,633)	788	38,355	(10,016)	(19,864)	(6,939)	9,398
Total primary government	(83,572)	(70,219)	(81,470)	(116,561)	(8,344)	51,049	50,775	(16,095)	122,346	181,763
	, ,	, , ,	,	, ,	,	,	,	, ,	,	,
Merger of LDC's into Monroe County Governmental activities	_	_	_	_	10,642	_	_	_	_	_
Covernmental activities					10,042					<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position after merger of										
LDC's:	(=0.05-:	/ 10 Ec =:	/	(0= 0==:		40.05		. = -		.=0.05=
Governmental activities	(59,026)	(43,592)	(57,544)	(85,928)	1,510	12,694	60,791	3,769	129,285	172,365
Business-type activities	(24,546)	(26,627)	(23,926)	(30,633)	788	38,355	(10,016)	(19,864)	(6,939)	9,398
Total primary government	\$ (83,572)	\$ (70,219)	\$ (81,470)	\$ (116,561)	\$ 2,298	\$ 51,049	\$ 50,775	\$ (16,095)	\$ 122,346	\$ 181,763

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Office of the Controller

County of Monroe, New York Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting and 000's omitted)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund:									•	
Nonspendable	\$ 2,794	\$ 4,100	\$ 1,596	\$ 9,138	\$ 9,251	\$ 30,814	\$ 30,447	\$ 28,378	\$ 23,621	\$ 37,097
Restricted	4,401	1,547	847	934	1,261	1,927	1,999	1,699	3,430	8,720
Committed	3,110	2,926	2,569	2,140	2,563	3,602	2,508	10,124	43,921	51,005
Assigned	917	7,501	11,526	6,204	7,923	8,840	42,838	63,281	94,800	135,059
Unassigned	17	4,212	6,947	8,727	18,141	15,726	18,725	19,229	31,108	77,274
Total general fund	11,239	20,286	23,485	27,143	39,139	60,909	96,517	122,711	196,880	309,155
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable	697	614	581	648	948	999	912	1,133	1,675	1,350
Restricted	38,939	39,624	74,843	43,418	43,492	52,358	57,993	35,791	50,245	61,276
Committed	1,713	1,777	1,871	3,073	3,241	3,152	2,980	2,908	2,864	2,826
Assigned	3,376	2,115	2,243	8,059	17,429	15,807	10,254	10,978	15,585	10,756
Unassigned	(23,292)	(48,326)	(47,433)	(16,254)	(9,342)	(16,725)	(10,382)	(3,636)	-	(3,501)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 21,433	\$ (4,196)	\$ 32,105	\$ 38,944	\$ 55,768	\$ 55,591	\$ 61,757	\$ 47,174	\$ 70,369	\$ 72,707

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Office of the Controller

Note: December 31, 2021 information has not been restated for the impact of implementing GASB 87 - Leases.

County of Monroe, New York Governmental Funds, Changes in Fund Balances Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting and 000's omitted)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 800,599	\$ 804,311	\$ 816,462	\$ 837,848	\$ 870,660	\$ 888,301	\$ 918,836	\$ 919,003	\$ 1,022,252	\$ 1,077,314
Federal aid	168,011	157,225	143,875	139,067	134,217	125,321	127,027	195,791	207,294	156,386
State aid	207,377	196,228	194,054	206,910	194,633	188,778	193,865	182,808	207,278	231,757
Charges for services	29,922	29,356	31,918	30,528	33,293	33,432	34,477	28,076	33,696	33,805
Intergovernmental	45,385	47,265	46,034	46,414	47,241	49,611	49,728	43,003	46,017	48,132
Interdepartmental	2,155	2,174	1,718	1,493	2,143	1,884	2,290	2,365	2,267	2,164
Use of money and property	7,161	7,181	6,081	5,373	6,206	8,194	10,034	7,097	5,861	14,307
Repayments and refunds	14,781	12,753	15,109	17,823	19,164	16,183	13,674	16,788	15,216	14,860
Payments in lieu of taxes	8,099	7,169	7,559	7,156	7,604	7,872	8,196	8,172	7,203	7,685
Tobacco settlement	10,773	12,188	10,430	21,107	9,365	10,290	9,825	10,958	11,742	12,042
Miscellaneous	28,735	28,556	26,591	26,500	25,259	24,075	25,441	9,323	12,939	42,584
Total revenues	1,322,998	1,304,406	1,299,831	1,340,219	1,349,785	1,353,941	1,393,393	1,423,384	1,571,765	1,641,036
Expenditures:										
Health and welfare	569,178	556,814	552,171	544,035	536,163	531,972	514,395	496,225	505,211	527,595
Public safety	223,937	232,576	232,712	239,322	240,498	245,682	246,145	256,768	261,971	269,246
Culture, recreation and education	84,609	83,290	84,568	85,597	87,414	86,094	94,428	88,213	95,977	108,956
General government	345,151	338,669	342,377	353,983	373,722	381,484	396,883	457,154	515,813	493,048
Transportation	21,586	22,395	21,869	22,995	23,394	23,060	23,974	21,265	25,029	29,510
Economic development	3,381	3,064	2,892	2,536	3,022	2,377	3,412	3,395	3,722	6,968
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	29,137	38,685	51,208	37,662	32,412	32,239	33,372	35,531	36,592	32,966
Bond issuance costs	-	-	1,181	950	441	432	471	100	461	71
Interest and fiscal charges	19,889	18,328	17,339	18,691	22,431	22,694	22,395	21,855	19,101	19,524
Capital outlay	47,726	34,831	35,662	73,535	51,962	48,992	57,052	29,519	49,123	55,532
Total expenditures	1,344,594	1,328,652	1,341,979	1,379,306	1,371,459	1,375,026	1,392,527	1,410,025	1,513,000	1,543,416
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Bonds issued	-	-	52,396	115,684	29,616	36,886	35,713	-	34,933	25,168
Refunding bonds issued	-	8,630	24,203	-	-	-	9,529	11,064	10,977	-
Gain(loss) on refunding issue	-	(265)	(280)	-	-	-	(4)	105	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	179	7,553	14,197	3,924	3,628	5,915	1,661	8,722	2,350
Premium on refunding issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,618	-
Redemption/payments to				(== 0.05)			(40.40=)	(40 =00)	(10 =0 1)	
Escrow Agent	-	-	-	(77,965)	-	-	(10,427)	(12,730)	(12,534)	-
Leases (as lessee)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,246
Transfers in	53,762	53,395	52,156	70,315	84,873	61,816	77,636	92,423	92,142	94,959
Transfers out	(55,984)	(54,275)	(54,380)	(72,647)	(79,360)	(59,652)	(77,484)	(94,271)	(97,259)	(107,730)
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	(2,222)	7,664	81,648	49,584	39,053	42,678	40,878	(1,748)	38,599	17,993
Net change in fund balances										
before merger of LDC's	(23,818)	(16,582)	39,500	10,497	17,379	21,593	41,744	11,611	97,364	115,613
Merger of LDC's into Monroe										
County					11,441					
Net change in fund balances	# (00.045)	6 (40 500)	¢ 00.500	o 40.40=	4 00 000	ф 04.500	A 4 74 6	6 44 04 4	ф 67.00 <i>:</i>	0 445.040
after merger of LDC's	\$ (23,818)	\$ (16,582)	\$ 39,500	\$ 10,497	\$ 28,820	\$ 21,593	\$ 41,744	\$ 11,611	\$ 97,364	\$ 115,613
Dalet comics on										
Debt service as a percentage of	0.001	4 401	E 001	4.001	4.007	4.401	4.004	4.007	2.22	0.50/
noncapital expenditures	3.8%	4.4%	5.2%	4.3%	4.2%	4.1%	4.2%	4.2%	3.8%	3.5%

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Office of the Controller

County of Monroe, New York Taxing Power Last Ten Years (000's omitted)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Five-Year Average Full Valuation of Taxable Property ¹	\$ 38,687,746	\$ 39,092,408	\$ 39,444,921	\$ 39,847,874	\$ 40,399,372	\$ 41,051,801	\$ 41,984,648	\$ 43,122,716	\$ 44,691,498	\$ 46,372,538
Constitutional Property Tax Limit	580,316	586,386	591,674	597,718	605,991	615,777	629,770	646,841	670,372	695,588
Total Tax Levy Subject to Constitutional Limit	306,082	307,329	315,982	331,529	325,311	333,699	329,942	348,556	364,513	371,824
Taxing Power Unused	\$ 274,234	\$ 279,057	\$ 275,692	\$ 266,189	\$ 280,680	\$ 282,078	\$ 299,828	\$ 298,285	\$ 305,859	\$ 323,764
Percent of Taxing Power Used	52.7%	52.4%	53.4%	55.5%	53.7%	54.2%	52.4%	53.9%	54.4%	53.5%

Notes:

The Constitutional tax limit is the maximum amount of real property tax that may be levied by the County in any fiscal year. The Constitutional limit for Monroe County purposes, exclusive of debt service, is 1.5% of the preceding five year-average full value of taxable property. Cash capital expenditures can also be excluded from the levy for purposes of calculating compliance with the tax limit, but the County does not engage in this practice. The limit can be increased to a maximum of 2% of the five year average full value.

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Office of the Chief Financial Officer

¹Based on full valuation calculated for the referenced tax year and prior four years.

County of Monroe, New York Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years (000's omitted)

					Total		Full
					Taxable	Full Value	Value
Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Tax Exempt	Value of	of Taxable	Tax
Property	Property	Property	Property ¹	Property	Property	Property	Rate ²
\$ 36,299,449	\$ 7,387,516	\$ 1,028,158	\$ 4,293,268	\$ -	\$ 49,008,391	\$ 50,268,951	8.46
34,707,245	7,126,695	934,963	4,093,518	8,518,816	46,862,421	48,689,416	8.53
32,118,858	6,628,623	934,703	3,570,458	8,090,829	43,252,642	45,953,610	8.79
32,123,122	6,632,887	934,566	3,570,357	8,088,829	43,260,932	44,367,202	8.89
30,523,556	6,458,219	935,021	3,671,386	7,244,442	41,588,182	42,583,510	8.99
30,469,169	6,383,689	939,073	3,490,320	7,775,416	41,282,251	41,863,450	8.99
30,036,645	6,279,399	947,405	3,112,694	7,744,250	40,376,143	40,845,508	8.99
29,763,449	6,202,081	941,177	2,975,028	7,586,508	39,881,735	40,263,270	8.99
29,437,659	6,202,053	932,196	2,852,309	7,512,858	39,424,217	39,702,967	8.99
29,239,952	6,113,631	862,118	2,829,183	7,595,214	39,044,884	39,321,378	8.99
	Property \$ 36,299,449 34,707,245 32,118,858 32,123,122 30,523,556 30,469,169 30,036,645 29,763,449 29,437,659	Property Property \$ 36,299,449 \$ 7,387,516 34,707,245 7,126,695 32,118,858 6,628,623 32,123,122 6,632,887 30,523,556 6,458,219 30,469,169 6,383,689 30,036,645 6,279,399 29,763,449 6,202,081 29,437,659 6,202,053	Property Property Property \$ 36,299,449 \$ 7,387,516 \$ 1,028,158 34,707,245 7,126,695 934,963 32,118,858 6,628,623 934,703 32,123,122 6,632,887 934,566 30,523,556 6,458,219 935,021 30,469,169 6,383,689 939,073 30,036,645 6,279,399 947,405 29,763,449 6,202,081 941,177 29,437,659 6,202,053 932,196	Property Property Property Property¹ \$ 36,299,449 \$ 7,387,516 \$ 1,028,158 \$ 4,293,268 34,707,245 7,126,695 934,963 4,093,518 32,118,858 6,628,623 934,703 3,570,458 32,123,122 6,632,887 934,566 3,570,357 30,523,556 6,458,219 935,021 3,671,386 30,469,169 6,383,689 939,073 3,490,320 30,036,645 6,279,399 947,405 3,112,694 29,763,449 6,202,081 941,177 2,975,028 29,437,659 6,202,053 932,196 2,852,309	Property Property Property Property Property \$ 36,299,449 \$ 7,387,516 \$ 1,028,158 \$ 4,293,268 \$ - 34,707,245 7,126,695 934,963 4,093,518 8,518,816 32,118,858 6,628,623 934,703 3,570,458 8,090,829 32,123,122 6,632,887 934,566 3,570,357 8,088,829 30,523,556 6,458,219 935,021 3,671,386 7,244,442 30,469,169 6,383,689 939,073 3,490,320 7,775,416 30,036,645 6,279,399 947,405 3,112,694 7,744,250 29,763,449 6,202,081 941,177 2,975,028 7,586,508 29,437,659 6,202,053 932,196 2,852,309 7,512,858	Residential PropertyCommercial PropertyIndustrial PropertyOther PropertyTax Exempt PropertyTax Exempt PropertyValue of Property\$ 36,299,449\$ 7,387,516\$ 1,028,158\$ 4,293,268\$ -\$ 49,008,39134,707,2457,126,695934,9634,093,5188,518,81646,862,42132,118,8586,628,623934,7033,570,4588,090,82943,252,64232,123,1226,632,887934,5663,570,3578,088,82943,260,93230,523,5566,458,219935,0213,671,3867,244,44241,588,18230,469,1696,383,689939,0733,490,3207,775,41641,282,25130,036,6456,279,399947,4053,112,6947,744,25040,376,14329,763,4496,202,081941,1772,975,0287,586,50839,881,73529,437,6596,202,053932,1962,852,3097,512,85839,424,217	Residential PropertyCommercial PropertyIndustrial PropertyOther Property¹Tax Exempt PropertyTax Exempt PropertyFull Value of PropertyFull Value of Property\$ 36,299,449\$ 7,387,516\$ 1,028,158\$ 4,293,268\$ -\$ 49,008,391\$ 50,268,95134,707,2457,126,695934,9634,093,5188,518,81646,862,42148,689,41632,118,8586,628,623934,7033,570,4588,090,82943,252,64245,953,61032,123,1226,632,887934,5663,570,3578,088,82943,260,93244,367,20230,523,5566,458,219935,0213,671,3867,244,44241,588,18242,583,51030,469,1696,383,689939,0733,490,3207,775,41641,282,25141,863,45030,036,6456,279,399947,4053,112,6947,744,25040,376,14340,845,50829,763,4496,202,081941,1772,975,0287,586,50839,881,73540,263,27029,437,6596,202,053932,1962,852,3097,512,85839,424,21739,702,967

Notes:

Figures represent values for referenced tax year.

Properties are independently assessed by the City of Rochester and the 20 towns.

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Division of Real Property

¹"Other Property" includes Agricultural, Amusement, Community Service, Forest, Public Service, and Vacant Lands.

²Tax Rate is per \$1,000 of full value.

County of Monroe, New York Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (000's omitted)

Collected Within the Fiscal Year

				Taxes	the Fiscal Year						
			Le	evied for		of the	Levy	Col	ection in	Total Collect	ions to Date
Year ended December 31,	T	otal Tax Levy		County urposes ¹		Amount	Percentage of Total Levy		sequent ⁄ears	 Amount	Percentage of Total Levy
2022	\$	797,803	\$	499,852	\$	784,803	98.4%	\$	-	\$ 784,803	98.4%
2021		779,551		490,760		768,826	98.6%		5,916	774,742	99.4%
2020		756,820		481,554		745,793	98.5%		8,626	754,419	99.7%
2019		733,552		467,567		727,696	99.2%		5,129	732,825	99.9%
2018		714,790		382,826		702,708	98.3%		3,154	705,862	98.8%
2017		700,369		376,355		687,372	98.1%		2,704	690,076	98.5%
2016		682,681		367,201		669,184	98.0%		2,943	672,127	98.5%
2015		674,359		361,967		660,189	97.9%		1,995	662,184	98.2%
2014		658,732		356,930		644,839	97.9%		1,946	646,785	98.2%
2013		648,405		353,499		634,561	97.9%		832	635,393	98.0%

Note:

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Treasury Division

¹Does not include allowance for uncollectible taxes and deferred tax revenue.

County of Monroe, New York Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (000's omitted)

		2022				
_Taxpayer	 Taxable Full Value (Dollars)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Full Value	Taxable Full Value (Dollars)	_ Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Full Value
Rochester Gas & Electric Corporation	\$ 2,875,021	1	5.90%	\$1,411,317	1	3.59%
Morgan Management	359,404	2	0.74%	195,364	4	0.50%
Wegmans	246,077	3	0.51%	214,322	3	0.55%
Frontier Communications Corporation	225,222	4	0.46%	278,461	2	0.71%
Buckingham Properties	142,728	5	0.29%	-	-	0.00%
Mark IV	128,098	6	0.26%	102,105	8	0.26%
National Grid	114,819	7	0.24%	-	-	0.00%
Gallina Development	97,414	8	0.20%	-	-	0.00%
Benderson Development	89,185	9	0.18%	-	-	0.00%
Eastman Kodak	71,094	10	0.15%	96,983	10	0.25%
Farash	-	-	-	164,064	5	0.42%
HUB Properties	-	-	-	105,445	6	0.27%
Hylan Flying Services	-	-	-	103,433	7	0.26%
Corporate Woods	-	-	-	97,981	9	0.25%
Total	\$ 4,349,062		8.93%	\$2,769,475		7.06%

Note: Property is assessed on an annual basis as of July 1 of the preceding year.

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance: Division of Real Property.

County of Monroe, New York Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years (000's omitted)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Five-Year Average Full Valuation of Taxable Property ¹	\$ 39,092,408	\$ 39,444,921	\$ 39,847,874	\$ 40,399,372	\$ 41,051,801	\$ 41,984,648	\$ 43,122,716	\$ 44,691,497	\$ 46,372,538	\$ 49,237,728
Constitutional Debt Limit	2,736,468	2,761,144	2,789,351	2,827,956	2,873,626	2,938,925	3,018,590	3,128,405	3,246,078	3,446,641
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	418,084	426,372	412,411	496,678	488,260	502,505	462,806	393,766	401,109	385,366
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 2,318,384	\$ 2,334,772	\$ 2,376,940	\$ 2,331,278	\$ 2,385,366	\$ 2,436,420	\$ 2,555,784	\$ 2,734,639	\$ 2,844,969	\$ 3,061,275
Percent of Debt Limit Used	15.3%	15.4%	14.8%	17.6%	17.0%	17.1%	15.3%	12.6%	12.4%	11.2%

Notes:

The Constitutional debt limit is the maximum amount of indebtedness that may be incurred by the County, as outlined in the State Constitution. The Constitutional limit for Monroe County purposes is 7% of the preceding five-year average full value of taxable property, subject to certain allowable exclusions and deductions, including current debt service. The Debt Limit of the County is computed in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of the State Constitution and Article 2 of the Local Finance Law.

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Office of the Chief Financial Officer

¹Based on full valuation determined as of December 31 of the referenced fiscal year and prior four years.

County of Monroe, New York Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type and Activity Last Ten Years (000's omitted, except per capita)

	Governmental Activities						Business-ty	ype Activities				
Year ended December 31,	General Obligation Bonds ¹	Non General Obligation Bonds ¹	Bond Anticipation Notes	Revenue Anticipation Notes	Capital Leases ²	General Obligation Bonds ¹	Bond Anticipation Notes	Revenue Anticipation Notes	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Full Value on Property	Per Capita
2022	\$343,953	\$ 298,945	\$ 6,000	\$ -	\$66,125	\$ 152,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 867,228	1.73%	1,153
2021	355,908	292,503	-	-	599	169,770	-	-	1,768	820,548	1.69%	1,080
2020	338,247	286,350	3,042	35,000	932	181,061	-	15,000	2,589	862,221	1.88%	1,164
2019	382,510	280,056	6,000	42,500	1,322	199,576	-	12,500	3,369	927,833	2.09%	1,251
2018	382,651	272,778	6,925	45,000	692	178,599	28,385	15,000	4,113	934,143	2.19%	1,258
2017	362,796	266,311	16,279	50,000	1,063	175,131	29,405	15,000	4,820	920,805	2.20%	1,232
2016	365,713	259,847	17,120	55,000	801	182,496	245	15,000	5,576	901,798	2.21%	1,206
2015	262,465	264,687	19,594	58,000	884	175,468	6,241	17,000	6,361	810,700	2.01%	1,082
2014	223,947	259,295	61,974	58,000	451	168,745	18,471	17,000	7,123	815,006	2.05%	1,087
2013	258,208	255,904	26,344	58,000	789	162,163	20,656	17,000	7,856	806,920	2.05%	1,079

Notes:

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Office of the Controller

¹Amounts shown are net of related premiums, discounts and adjustments.

²December 31, 2021 and prior amounts have not been restated for effect of implementing GASB 87 - Leases.

County of Monroe, New York
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Years
(000's omitted, except per capita)

Year ended December 31,	General Obligation Debt Outstanding ¹		Less: Debt Service Funds		Net General Obligation Debt Outstanding		Percentage of Full Value on Property	Per Capita
2022	\$	343,953	\$	8,465	\$	335,488	0.67%	\$ 446.11
2021		355,908		3,565		352,343	0.72%	463.95
2020		338,247		2,722		335,525	0.73%	452.86
2019		382,510		4,630		377,880	0.85%	509.43
2018		382,310		6,656		375,654	0.88%	505.95
2017		362,114		6,865		355,249	0.85%	475.16
2016		364,536		7,066		357,470	0.88%	478.08
2015		260,748		1,594		259,154	0.64%	345.72
2014		221,695		2,643		219,052	0.55%	292.22
2013		254,870		4,604		250,266	0.64%	334.66

Note:

Source: Monroe County Department of Finance - Office of the Controller

¹Amounts do not include blended component units of the primary government, and the Water Authority and business-type activities which are considered self-supporting debt.

County of Monroe, New York Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year ended December 31,	Population ¹	Total Personal Income ² (Dollars) (000's omitted)	Pe In	r Capita ersonal ncome ² Dollars)	Ho Ir	Median ousehold ncome ¹ Dollars)	Unemployment Rate ³
2022	752,035	\$ 45,344,632	\$	60,046	\$	66,317	2.9%
2021	759,443	43,193,802		58,299		60,075	3.0%
2020	740,900	40,822,554		55,034		60,075	7.1%
2019	741,770	39,314,982		52,951		57,479	4.2%
2018	742,474	38,050,420		50,894		55,272	4.3%
2017	747,642	36,057,927		48,223		53,568	5.0%
2016	747,727	35,970,644		47,986		52,553	4.7%
2015	749,600	34,438,705		45,927		52,501	5.2%
2014	749,606	36,102,780		48,162		52,394	5.8%
2013	747,813	34,478,067		46,105		52,700	7.0%

Sources:

¹U.S. Census Bureau, www.census.gov, as of 7/1/2021 estimate; Retrieved 2/22/2023.

²U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, www.bea.gov/regional/bearfacts, as of 2021; Retrieved 2/22/2023.

³New York State Department of Labor (average annual rate), www.labor.ny.gov/stats; Retrieved 2/22/2023.

County of Monroe, New York Principal Private Sector Employers Current Year and Ten Years Prior

		2022		2013					
	Number of		Percentage of Total	Number of		Percentage of Total			
	Full-Time		Local Area	Full-Time		Local Area			
Employer	Employees ¹	Rank	Employment	Employees ¹	Rank	Employment			
University of Rochester / Strong Health	24,548	1	4.68%	21,881 2	1	4.19%			
Rochester Regional Health	12,759 ³	2	2.43%	8,100 2	2	1.55%			
Wegmans	6,130	3	1.17%	5,880	3	1.13%			
Paychex, Inc	4,666	4	0.89%	3,750	6	0.72%			
L3 Harris Technologies Inc.	3,725	5	0.71%	-	-	-			
Rochester Institute of Tech	3,423	6	0.65%	3,116	10	0.60%			
Lifetime Healthcare Co.	2,209 2	7	0.42%	3,749 ²	7	0.72%			
Angels in Your Home	2,082 2	8	0.40%	-	-	-			
Xerox Corp	1,748	9	0.33%	5,617	4	1.08%			
Finger Lakes Health	1,317	10	0.25%	-	-	-			
Eastman Kodak Company	-	-	-	3,429	8	0.66%			
Bausch & Lomb	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Unity Health System	-	-	-	5,358 ²	5	1.03%			
Sutherland Global Services	-	-	-	3,343	9	0.64%			
Total	62,607		11.93%	64,223		12.32%			

Notes:

Table only includes the top ten firms for the referenced year. If firm was not in the top ten for that year, no comparative figure is presented. Some of the companies presented in the above table may have performed layoffs and/or job increases that are not reflected in the numbers presented herein.

¹Rochester Business Journal, The Book of Lists, 2023. Employment data is for Monroe, Genesee, Livingston, Ontario, Orleans and Wayne Counties.

²Reports total number of employees. Separate numbers for full and part-time employees were not available.

³In July 2014, Rochester General Health System and Unity Health System merged and became Rochester Regional Health.

County of Monroe, New York Budgeted Full-Time County Employees by Department Last Ten Years

-	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aviation	103.0	101.5	101.5	100.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5
Board of Elections	52.0	51.0	51.0	49.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	56.0	55.0
Communications	5.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	8.0
County Executive	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Diversity, Equity and Inclusion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.0	6.0
Environmental Services	333.0	328.5	320.5	314.5	319.0	318.5	318.5	312.0	311.0	331.0
Finance	89.5	84.5	83.0	80.0	65.5	65.0	65.0	65.0	67.0	67.5
Human Resources	31.0	30.5	30.5	32.5	34.5	34.5	34.5	34.5	33.5	34.5
Human Services	975.0	993.5	955.0	956.0	1,021.0	1,048.0	1,080.5	1,081.0	1,089.0	1,128.0
Information Services	43.0	41.0	42.0	42.0	44.0	51.0	51.0	53.0	56.5	63.5
Law	136.0	63.5	63.5	63.5	65.5	64.5	64.5	64.5	65.5	66.5
Monroe Community Hospital	680.0	664.5	664.5	663.3	668.3	662.3	662.8	662.8	662.8	678.3
Office of Public Integrity	-	-	-	-	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Planning and Development	18.5	19.5	18.5	18.5	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0
Public Defender	82.0	85.0	90.5	94.5	97.0	97.0	99.0	99.0	129.5	149.5
Public Health	231.5	213.5	213.5	214.5	224.0	228.0	228.0	233.0	244.0	243.0
Public Safety	273.0	266.0	271.5	270.5	277.0	278.0	278.0	279.5	292.0	313.5
Parks	139.8	138.8	156.8	158.8	159.7	170.3	170.3	168.3	169.3	172.8
Transportation	77.0	74.5	74.5	74.5	75.5	75.5	75.5	75.5	75.5	75.5
Veterans Service	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0	8.0
County Clerk	105.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	106.5	106.5	106.5	106.5	106.5	115.0
County Legislature	56.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	55.5	62.0
District Attorney	142.0	139.0	140.0	140.5	139.5	139.5	139.5	146.0	146.5	152.5
Sheriff	1,086.5	1,082.0	1,083.0	1,083.0	1,087.0	1,086.0	1,086.0	1,084.0	1,084.0	1,082.0

Source: Monroe County Budget for the relevant year.

County of Monroe, New York Operating Indicators Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Est. 2022
Transportation										
Lane Miles Sealed	147	98	127	120	150	69	142	95	143	100
Lane Miles Resurfaced	11	33	62	87	71	54	78	61	84	73
Signs Fabricated	9,271	8,500	10,258	12,000	12,698	11,582	12,000	4,196	6,500	7,500
Traffic Signs Installed - New	8,471	8,662	10,649	10,832	4,981	3,510	4,000	4,350	5,500	6,500
Signal Locations Serviced (all types)	782	783	779	777	779	780	780	786	786	807
County Clerk										
Land Records	94,169	76,295	79,848	90,367	90,162	86,912	90,000	91,183	90,000	100,000
Vehicle Registration	218,234	218,275	229,043	231,597	239,752	235,953	226,000	155,011	200,000	226,000
Passports	4,658	4,325	4,530	4,729	4,388	4,216	5,000	2,660	3,000	3,000
Learner Permits	20,746	21,135	21,903	22,059	21,447	21,471	22,000	14,223	22,000	22,000
Planning and Development										
Jobs Created (over next 3 years)	1,708	676	1,534	769	1,049	1,148	1,430	1,168	1,900	1,600
Housing Rehab Projects	93	80	80	68	59	70	70	46	51	65
First-time Home Buyer Purchase Subsidy	33	25	25	14	19	19	18	21	15	15
Health Department										
Clinics/Visits - Tuberculosis	13,226	22,479	20,042	20,474	19,888	9,819	11,000	8,025	5,000	13,000
Clinics/Visits - STD	11,000	11,428	10,446	10,467	10,311	10,280	10,000	6,339	6,350	9,000
Clinics/Visits - Immunization	4,310	4,180	4,118	5,818	4,735	3,496	4,500	2,410	3,500	6,000
Clinics/Visits - Foster Care	2,143	1,978	1,980	1,886	2,002	2,386	2,400	1,836	2,000	2,000
Sheriff										
Calls for Service	207,497	218,854	206,382	203,266	196,844	231,749	214,447	237,025	200,395	224,526
Safety Education Presentations	872	706	1,070	1,833	516	931	776	256	775	688
DARÉ Classrooms	2,267	2,393	2,393	3,234	3,726	3,726	3,542	3,437	3,500	3,579
SWAT Activations	4	7	2	8	7	18	26	16	26	21
Hostage Recovery Team Activations	1	2	2	2	2	2	8	5	7	5
Hazardous Device Team Activations	29	30	30	19	19	30	35	28	55	35
Public Safety - 911										
Calls Received	1,132,947	1,120,951	1,190,596	1,193,292	1,145,351	1,046,678	1,105,200	1,056,604	1,099,033	1,075,500
Police Events Dispatched	1,027,802	1,026,866	1,015,365	1,001,062	986,368	969,011	1,080,760	971,471	973,689	972,289
Fire Events Dispatched	102,469	95,055	98,162	97,236	103,634	98,525	101,450	91,677	92,460	91,890
EMS Events Dispatched	117,314	119,973	123,272	128,974	130,835	138,376	140,220	134,307	137,525	136,779
District Attorney										
Local Court Arraignments	14,548	15,948	15,247	14,662	15,061	13,243	13,000	9,868	9,500	10,000
STOP-DWI Felony Cases Screened	938	992	1,034	1,042	1,085	1,042	1,014	666	500	500
Aviation										
Passengers Boarded	1,222,055	1,188,713	1,189,502	1,197,742	1,212,654	1,287,721	1,305,000	1,277,846	1,650,000	2,550,000
Takeoffs and Landings	91,847	86,543	83,820	79,821	87,261	82,978	85,100	62,537	63,500	73,000

Source: Monroe County Budget for the relevant year.

County of Monroe, New York Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Streets (Center Line Miles) ¹	662.7	661.5	661.6	661.6	661.3	661.3	661.3	661.9	661.9	664.7
3-Color Traffic Signals ¹	634.0	634.0	634.0	632.0	631.0	633.0	631.0	630.0	630.0	630.0
Sewer Pipe Miles ²	1,271.7	1,273.0	1,275.5	1,275.0	1,274.2	1,291.0	1,291.9	1,292.2	1,296.2	1,297.1
Vehicles ²	692.0	695.0	753.0	735.0	721.0	771.0	762.0	766.0	765.0	767.0

Sources:

¹Monroe County Department of Transportation

²Monroe County Department of Environmental Services, Fleet Services