Monroe County 700/800 MHz P25 Network Performance

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Outline

- Purpose of the Study
- Description of the Network
- How Performance is Measured
 - What is typical performance for Public Safety?
 - How is building loss handled?
- How the Study was Done
- Study Results
 - Bit-error rate
 - County-wide and individual Fire District performance
- How do 3 Additional Sites Improve Performance?
 - Performance improvements from Shoremont, Gates, Mumford



Purpose of the Study

• Goal

- Get an objective third-party measure of the network performance
- Pericle Communications was hired in 2015 to perform the study

Pericle Communications Company

- Consulting engineering firm specializing in public safety radio
- Founded in 1992, 8 employees, primarily electrical engineers & radio technicians

Objectives of the Study

- Measure County-wide and fire district performance of network
- Evaluate up to three new sites and model improvements
- Quantify results as % covered by County and by fire district



Network Description

- 700/800 MHz P25 Trunked Radio Network
- Consists of Three Simulcast Cells Totaling 18 Sites
 - East Cell, 700 MHz, 8 Sites
 - South Cell, 700 MHz, 4 Sites
 - West Cell, 800 MHz, 6 Sites
- Service Area = 1,367 Square Miles
- 36 Fire Districts in Monroe County*

*As supported by the County radio shop



How is Performance Measured?

• Two Performance Parameters:

- Received signal strength (RSSI)
- Bit-error rate (BER)

Poor Performance Can Have Multiple Causes

- Weak signal
- Simulcast time delay interference (TDI)
- External interference

BER is Best Because it Captures TDI/Interference

- Minimum Performance Required for DAQ 3.4:
 - RSSI > -110 dBm
 - BER < 2.4%



What is the Minimum Covg.?

- Coverage is the Percent of the Service Area that Provides a Minimum Signal Quality
- There is no Federal or State Mandate for Minimum Coverage or for Building Loss Assumption
- The County and Fire Service can Specify Whatever they Want, but There are Guidelines and Precedents:
 - Typical specified mobile (vehicle) coverage = 95%
 - Typical specified portable coverage outdoors = 90%
 - Building loss specified at 700/800 MHz is highly variable if it is specified at all. 10 dB is typical, 15 dB is also used.
 - Sometimes a set of loss values is used, e.g., 15 dB urban, 10 dB suburban, 5 dB rural

How Is Building Loss Treated?

- If the Buildings of Interest are Known, One can Measure Signals Inside the Building
- This is Rarely Done for Cost and Schedule Reasons
 - Typically there are too many buildings for this to be practical
- Alternatively, Outdoor Coverage Measurements Can be Scaled using a Building Loss Assumption
 - This is what Pericle did for the Monroe County Study



Coverage Survey Approach

Establish a Grid Over the County

- Roughly 1/4 mile in Rochester, 1/2 mile suburban, 1 mile rural
- Map the route

Drive The Route, Collecting RSSI & BER

- 2,792 miles

Grid the Data to Uniform Tiles

- Results in 14,263 tiles (samples)

Data Processing

- Scale measurements for antenna gain body loss (-8.5 dBd)
- Scale measurements for building loss (5, 10, 15 dB)
- Compute service area reliability (SAR)* by County and by District



Drive Test Route

COMPANY

ONS



Coverage Survey Results

• County-Wide Coverage:

- Mobile coverage = 100%
- Portable outdoor coverage (on hip) = 99.9%
- Portable indoor coverage (15 dB building loss) = 91.8%
- Portable indoor coverage in Rochester (15 dB) = 99.2%
- Fire District Coverage
 - 36 of 36 districts have mobile coverage > 95%
 - 36 of 36 districts have portable outdoor coverage > 95%
 - 23 of 36 districts have portable indoor coverage > 95%
- Note: Fire Service Goal is County-Wide Coverage > 95%



Signal Level Measurements



New Sites

• County Asked Pericle to Consider 3 New Sites:

- Need improved coverage in Shoremont, Gates and Mumford
- Try to improve County-wide coverage to 95%

Approach

- Computer modeling not as accurate as measurements
- For best accuracy, we modeled existing and future and used the difference (in dB) to model an increase in the measured tiles

Results

- County-wide improves from 91.8% to 94.0%
- 26 of 36 districts have portable indoor coverage > 95%
- Mumford indoor coverage (15 dB) increases from 60.4% to 91.7%



21 Site Coverage (3 New Sites)



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Additional Modeling

- Pericle is Modeling Several Combinations of 4, 5 or 6 Sites in Attempt to Achieve 95% County-Wide
- Why is this Hard?
 - Diminishing returns
 - When coverage is already close to 95%, much greater cost and effort is required to get the last 1% of coverage





Conclusions

• Existing Coverage is Excellent by Industry Stds.

- Mobile coverage = 100%
- Portable outdoor coverage (on hip) = 99.9%
- Portable indoor coverage (15 dB building loss) = 91.8%
- Portable indoor coverage in Rochester (15 dB) = 99.2%
- Best Indoor Coverage Exists Where Needed Most
- Three Planned Sites Boost County Covg. To 94.0%
- Study Underway to Find Additional Sites to Improve from 94.0% to 95.0%

